

Lecture Note of Innovative Ship and Offshore Plant Design

# Innovative Ship and Offshore Plant Design

## Part II. Offshore Plant Design

### Ch. 4 Layout Design of Topside Systems

Spring 2016

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Seoul National University

Innovative Ship and Offshore Plant Design, Spring 2016, Myung-II Roh



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- Ch. 1 Introduction to Offshore Plant Design
- Ch. 2 Sizing and Configuration of Topside Systems
- Ch. 3 Weight Estimation of Topside Systems
- Ch. 4 Layout Design of Topside Systems

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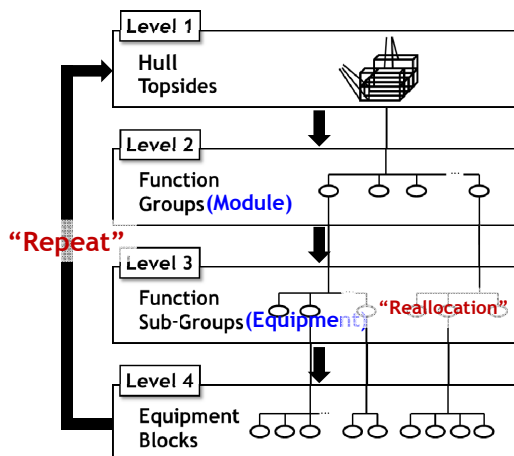
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# Ch. 4 Layout Design of Topside Systems

1. Optimal Module Layout of Topsides of Offshore Plant
2. Optimal Equipment Layout in the Topsides Module of Offshore Plant (for Liquefaction Module)

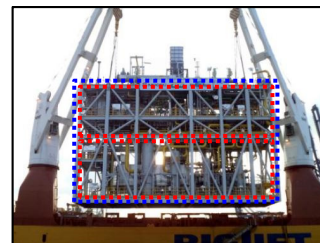
## Existing Method for Topsides Layout (1/2)

Hierarchical Approach (Top-Down Approach)

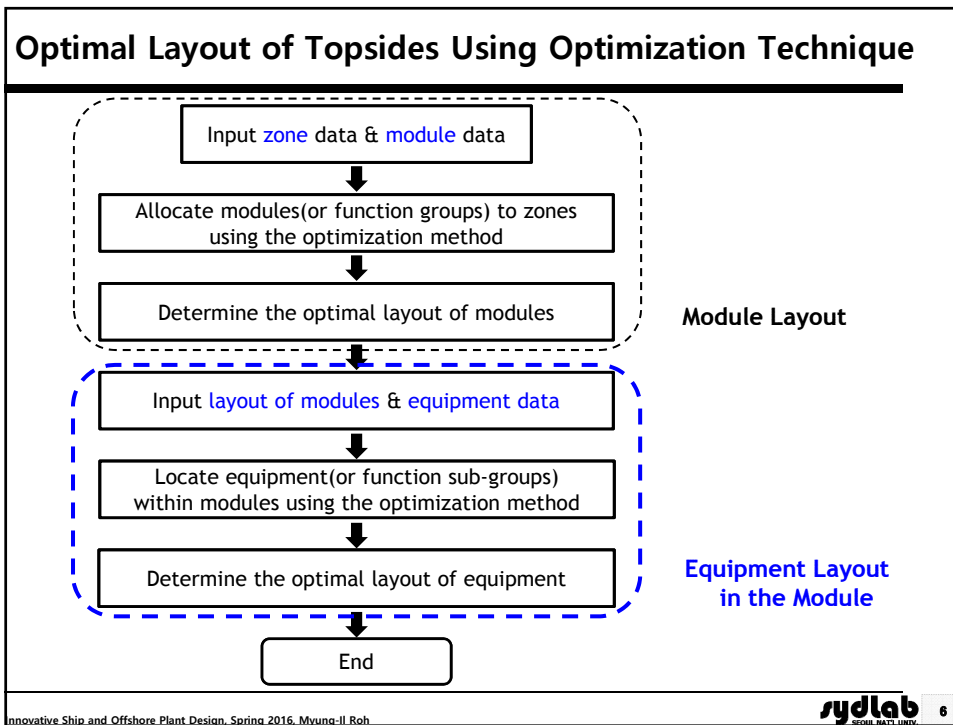
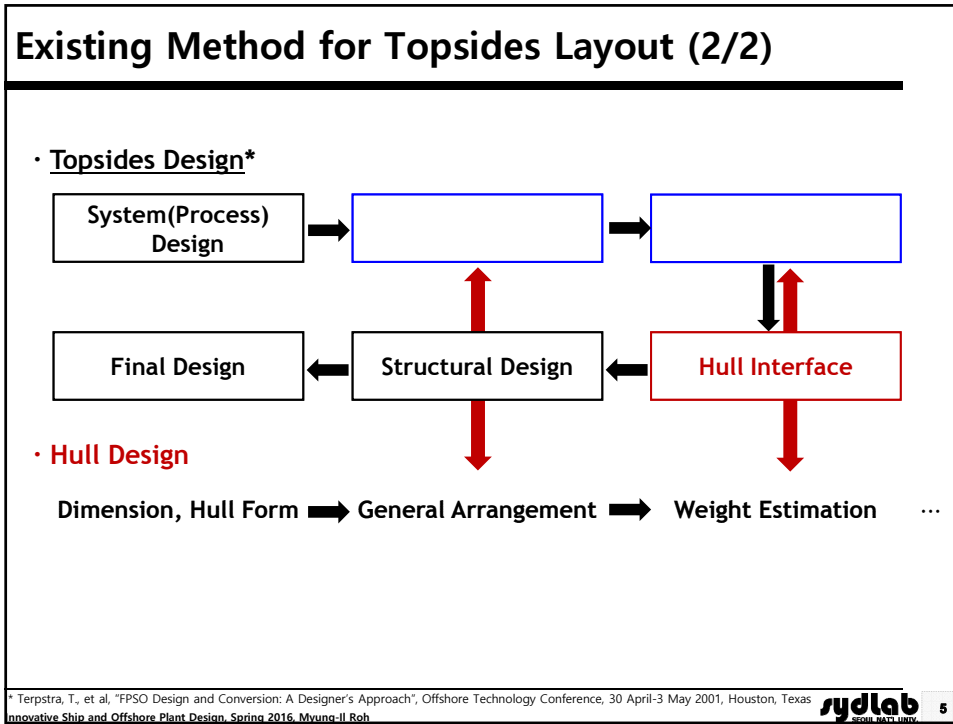


Considerations for layout

- Antagonisms
- Affinities
- Engineering affinities
- Manning affinities



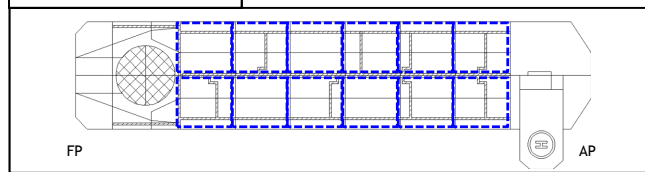
Example of Modules of Guara FPSO (Modex/Toyo's) fabricated by Aibel



# 1. Optimal Module Layout of Toppides of Offshore Plant

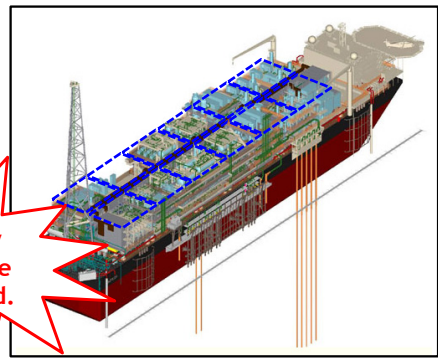
## Necessity of Optimal Module Layout

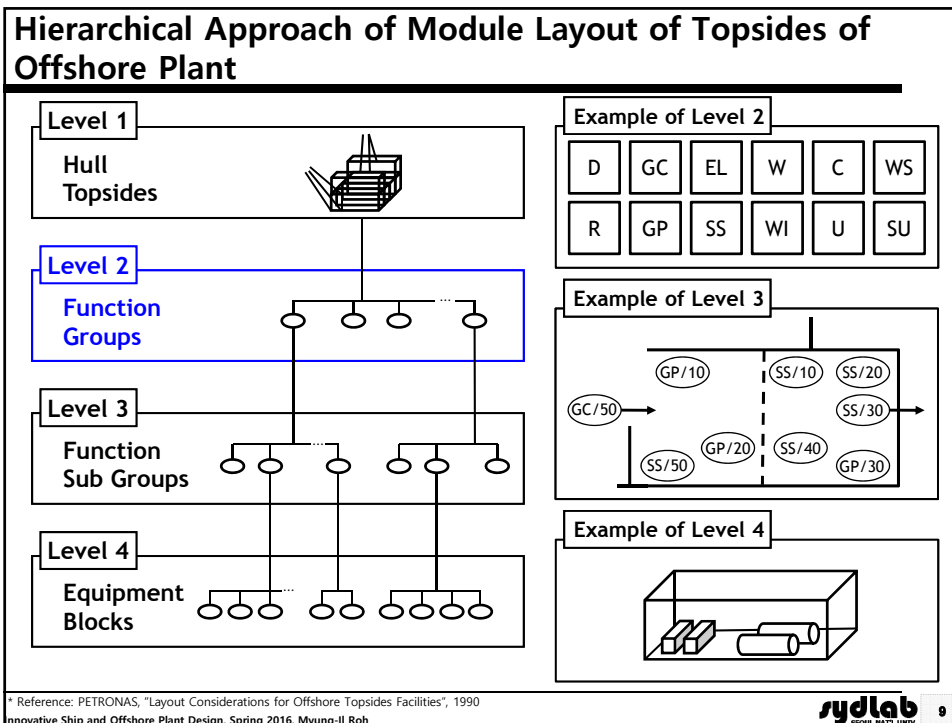
Plan view of the FPSO\*



| No of modules | No of design alternatives |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| 8             | 40,320                    |
| 10            | 3,628,800                 |
| 12            | 479,001,600               |
| 14            | $8.72 \times 10^{10}$     |
| 16            | $2.09 \times 10^{13}$     |
| 18            | $6.40 \times 10^{15}$     |
| ...           | ⋮                         |

Too many cases to be considered.





### Example of Topsides Modules (Function Groups, Function Sub Groups)

| Wellhead                 | W     | Gas Compressing           | GC    | Workshop/Stores                | WS    | Safety Utilities            | SU    |
|--------------------------|-------|---------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------|
| Xmas Trees               | W/10  | Compression Train         | GC/10 | Workshop - Mechanical          | WS/10 | Fire Water Pumps            | SU/10 |
| Manifold                 | W/20  | Scrubber                  | GC/20 | Workshop - Electrical          | WS/20 | Emergency Generator         | SU/20 |
| Well Control             | W/30  | Coolers                   | GC/30 | Stores                         | WS/30 | Emergency Switchgear        | SU/30 |
| Conductors               | W/40  | Lube Oil/Seal Oil         | GC/40 | Laboratory                     | WS/40 | UPS                         | SU/40 |
|                          |       | Gas Metering              | GC/50 | Storage - Standby Fuel         | WS/50 | Survival Craft              | SU/50 |
|                          |       |                           |       | Storage - Jet Fuel             | WS/60 | Bridges                     | SU/60 |
|                          |       |                           |       | Storage - Flamm./Comb. Liquids | WS/70 |                             |       |
|                          |       |                           |       | Storage - Process Consumables  | WS/80 |                             |       |
| Drilling                 | D     | Risers                    | R     | Material Handling              | MH    | Electrical Power Generation | EL    |
| BOP                      | D/10  | Risers/Manifolds          | R/10  | Cranes                         | MH/10 | Driver / Power Generator    | EL/10 |
| Drilling Derrick         | D/20  | ESD Valves                | R/20  | Laydown Areas                  | MH/20 | Switchgear                  | EL/20 |
| Drilling Support         | D/30  | Pigging Facilities        | R/30  |                                |       |                             |       |
| Mud Systems (Active)     | D/40  | Subsea Sat. Facilities    | R/40  |                                |       |                             |       |
| Drilling Control         | D/50  |                           |       |                                |       |                             |       |
| Separation/Stabilization | SS    | Flare System              | F     | Utilities                      | U     | Transmission Systems        | TS    |
| Separation               | SS/10 | Flare Knockout            | F/10  | Seawater System                | U/10  | Relief and Blowdown         | TS/10 |
| Stabilization            | SS/20 | Tower (incl. tip)         | F/20  | Instrument Air System          | U/20  | Drains - Open               | TS/20 |
| Test Separation          | SS/30 |                           |       | Diesel System                  | U/30  | Drains - Closed             | TS/30 |
| Produced Water Treatment | SS/40 |                           |       | HVAC                           | U/40  | Piping - Process            | TS/40 |
| Oil Export Pumping       | SS/50 |                           |       | Potable Water                  | U/50  | Piping - Safety             | TS/50 |
| Oil Metering             | SS/60 |                           |       | Sewage Systems                 | U/60  | Piping - Utilities          | TS/60 |
|                          |       |                           |       | Heating Systems                | U/70  | Cables - Instrumentation    | TS/70 |
|                          |       |                           |       | Cooling Systems                | U/80  | Cables - Electrical         | TS/80 |
|                          |       |                           |       |                                |       | Ducting - HVAC              | TS/90 |
| Gas Processing           | GP    | Living Quarter            | LQ    | Water Injection                | WI    |                             |       |
| Gas Processing           | GP/10 | Living Quarters           | LQ/10 | Injection                      | WI/10 |                             |       |
| Condensate Processing    | GP/20 | Living Quarters Utilities | LQ/20 | Treatment                      | WI/20 |                             |       |
| Dehydration              | GP/30 | Sheltered Area            | LQ/30 |                                |       |                             |       |
| Fuel Gas                 | GP/40 | Helideck                  | LQ/40 |                                |       |                             |       |
|                          |       | Control                   | C     |                                |       |                             |       |
|                          |       | Central Control           | C/10  |                                |       |                             |       |
|                          |       | Local Control             | C/20  |                                |       |                             |       |

\* Reference: PETRONAS, "Layout Considerations for Offshore Topsides Facilities", 1990  
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## Characteristics for the Representation of Relationship between Topsides Modules

**: Characteristics which preclude an module being safely located near another specific module unless mutually protected (e.g., "two modules should be distant from each other.")**

**: Characteristics which make it particularly advantageous to locate one module close to another specific module (e.g., "two modules should be adjacent to each other.")**

## Relationship between Topside Modules - Antagonisms

**Characteristics for defining antagonisms**

- **Active behavior characteristics: Probability of a module initiating major incidents**
- **Reactive behavior characteristics: Propensity for a module to escalate major incidents initiated elsewhere.**

**Antagonisms Matrix**

| FUNCTION GROUP       |    | REACTIVE |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    |
|----------------------|----|----------|---|----|----|----|---|---|----|---|----|----|---|----|----|----|----|
|                      |    | W        | D | SS | GP | GC | R | F | LQ | C | WS | MH | U | SU | EL | TS | WI |
| WELL HEAD            | W  | 3        | - |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    |
| DRILLING             | D  | 3        | - |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    |
| SEP./STABILIZATION   | SS | 2        | 3 | 3  | -  |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    |
| GAS PROCESSING       | GP | 2        | 3 | 3  | 3  | -  |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    |
| GAS COMPRESSION      | GC | 3        | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3  | - |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    |
| RISERS               | R  | 3        | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3 | - |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    |
| FLARE SYSTEM         | F  | 2        | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3 | 3 | -  |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    |
| LIVING QUARTER       | LQ | 0        | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3 | 3 | 3  | - |    |    |   |    |    |    |    |
| CONTROL              | C  | 0        | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3 | 3 | 3  | 3 | -  |    |   |    |    |    |    |
| WORKSHOP/STORES      | WS | 0        | 3 | 3  | 2  | 2  | 3 | 3 | 2  | 1 | 1  | -  |   |    |    |    |    |
| MATERIAL HANDLING    | MH | 1        | 3 | 3  | 2  | 2  | 3 | 3 | 2  | 2 | 2  | 1  | - |    |    |    |    |
| UTILITIES            | U  | 1        | 3 | 3  | 2  | 2  | 3 | 3 | 2  | 2 | 2  | 1  | 1 | -  |    |    |    |
| SAFETY UTILITIES     | SU | 1        | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3 | 3 | 3  | 2 | 2  | 1  | 2 | 2  | -  |    |    |
| ELEC. POWER GEN.     | EL | 3        | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3 | 3 | 3  | 3 | 2  | 2  | 2 | 3  | -  |    |    |
| TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS | TS | 3        | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3 | 3 | 3  | 3 | 2  | 2  | 2 | 3  | 3  | -  |    |
| WATER INJECTION      | WI | 0        | 3 | 3  | 2  | 2  | 3 | 3 | 2  | 1 | 1  | 1  | 1 | 1  | 2  | 2  | -  |

Each number (1~3) represents a quantitative value of the risk when two modules are located in adjacent zones close. The higher number, the more risk layout.

\* References  
 - PETRONAS, "Layout Considerations for Offshore Topsides Facilities", 1990  
 - Quantitative Risk Assessment, SIPM Report EP 55000-18, May 1990  
 - Guidelines for Risk Analysis Data, Doc. Ref F-RADS, SIPM, June 1990

## Relationship between Topside Modules - Affinities

- ☑ Characteristics for defining affinities
  - Engineering affinities: The need to locate certain modules close together, the most fundamental being the requirements of the process logic
  - Manning affinities: Ways to minimize the movement of staff around the platform

Manning Affinities Matrix [ix]

| FUNCTION GROUP       | LUND | W | D | SS | GP | GC | R | F | LQ | C | WS | MH | U | SU | EL | TS | WI |   |
|----------------------|------|---|---|----|----|----|---|---|----|---|----|----|---|----|----|----|----|---|
| WELL HEAD            | W    | 3 | - | 3  | 3  | 3  | 1 | 2 | 0  | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3 | 2  | 1  | 2  | 0  | 3 |
| DRILLING             | D    | 3 | 3 | -  | 3  | 3  |   |   |    | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3 |    |    |    |    | 3 |
| SEP./STABILIZATION   | SS   | 3 |   | 3  | -  | 3  |   |   |    | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3 |    |    |    |    | 3 |
| GAS PROCESSING       | GP   | 3 |   |    | 3  | -  |   |   |    | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3 |    |    |    |    | 3 |
| GAS COMPRESSION      | GC   | 1 |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    |   |
| RISERS               | R    | 2 |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    |   |
| FLARE SYSTEM         | F    | 0 |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    |   |
| LIVING QUARTER       | LQ   | 3 |   |    |    |    |   |   |    | 3 | 3  | 3  |   |    |    |    |    | 3 |
| CONTROL              | C    | 3 |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   | 3  | 3  |   |    |    |    |    | 3 |
| WORKSHOP/STORES      | WS   | 3 |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    | 3  |   |    |    |    |    | 3 |
| MATERIAL HANDLING    | MH   | 3 |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    | 3 |    |    |    |    | 3 |
| UTILITIES            | U    | 2 |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    | 3 |
| SAFETY UTILITIES     | SU   | 1 |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    | 3 |
| ELEC. POWER GEN.     | EL   | 2 |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    | 3 |
| TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS | TS   | 0 |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    | 3 |
| WATER INJECTION      | WI   | 3 |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    | 3 |

Each number (1~3) represents a quantitative value of the advantage when two modules have frequent movement of staff each other in the aspect of manning affinities.

\* Reference: PETRONAS, "Layout Considerations for Offshore Topsides Facilities", 1990  
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## Relationship between Topside Modules - Definition of Adjacency Factor between Modules

Adjacency Factor between Modules  $Q = \begin{bmatrix} q_{11} & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & q_{NN} \end{bmatrix}$   
 (= Affinities - Antagonisms)

Adjacency Factor Matrix [ix]

| FUNCTION GROUP       | W  | D | SS | GP | GC | R | F | LQ | C | WS | MH | U | SU | EL | TS | WI |   |
|----------------------|----|---|----|----|----|---|---|----|---|----|----|---|----|----|----|----|---|
| WELL HEAD            | W  | - | 6  | 6  | 3  | 2 | 0 | 0  | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3 | 0  | 0  | 6  | 6  | 2 |
| DRILLING             | D  |   | -  | 3  | 3  | 2 | 0 | 0  | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3 | 0  | 1  | 1  | 3  | 2 |
| SEP./STABILIZATION   | SS |   |    | -  | 3  | 3 | 0 | 0  | 3 | 3  | 3  | 3 | 0  | 5  | 5  | 6  | 2 |
| GAS PROCESSING       | GP |   |    |    | -  | 3 | 5 | 5  | 5 | 5  | 6  | 6 | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 0 |
| GAS COMPRESSION      | GC |   |    |    |    | - | 1 | 1  | 1 | 1  | 5  | 5 | 4  | 4  | 3  | 3  | 0 |
| RISERS               | R  |   |    |    |    |   | - | 2  | 2 | 2  | 2  | 6 | 6  | 3  | 3  | 0  | 0 |
| FLARE SYSTEM         | F  |   |    |    |    |   |   | -  | 5 | 5  | 4  | 4 | 4  | 4  | 3  | 3  | 3 |
| LIVING QUARTER       | LQ |   |    |    |    |   |   |    | - | 3  | 3  | 0 | 0  | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3 |
| CONTROL              | C  |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   | -  | 5  | 5 | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3 |
| WORKSHOP/STORES      | WS |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    | -  | 3 | 3  | 6  | 6  | 6  | 6 |
| MATERIAL HANDLING    | MH |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    | - | 5  | 5  | 5  | 6  | 6 |
| UTILITIES            | U  |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   | -  | 0  | 0  | 5  | 5 |
| SAFETY UTILITIES     | SU |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    | -  | 5  | 5  | 5 |
| ELEC. POWER GEN.     | EL |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    | -  | 3  | 3 |
| TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS | TS |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    | -  | 3 |
| WATER INJECTION      | WI |   |    |    |    |   |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |    |    |    | - |

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## Proposal of an Algorithm for Optimal Module Layout - Formulation of an Optimization Problem

Definition of a problem

Determination of module layout which minimizes total material flow ( $F_1$ ) considering the magnitude of accident risk and the distance ( $F_2$ ) between total COG of modules in transverse direction and centerline

Formulation of the problem

$$\text{Minimize } F_1 = \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \sum_{j=i+1}^N (q_{i,j} \cdot d_{i,j}) \quad ; \text{ Total material flow}$$

$$\text{and } F_2 = \left| \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (w_i \cdot y_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^N w_i} \right| \quad ; \text{ Weight distribution}$$

$N$ : Number of zones and modules  
 $q_{i,j}$ : Adjacency factor between module  $i$  and module  $j$   
 $d_{i,j}$ : Distance between module  $i$  and module  $j$   
 $w_i$ : Weight of module  $i$   
 $y_i$ : y-coordinate (transverse position) of module  $i$

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## Proposal of an Algorithm for Optimal Module Layout - Algorithm for Optimal Module Layout

Overview  
 ↓  
 Layout Representation  
 ↓  
 Selection  
 ↓  
 Crossover  
 ↓  
 Mutation

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## Example of Optimal Module Layout of FPSO - Input Data

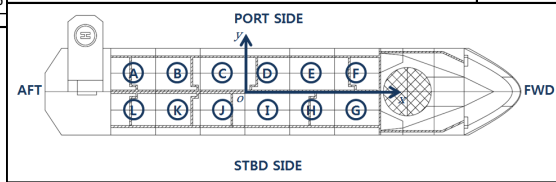
Modules to be optimized

| Module ID | Module name       | Module weight [ton] |
|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1         | Electrical BLD'G  | 910                 |
| 2         | Power generation  | 2,270               |
| 3         | Water injection   | 2,240               |
| 4         | Utilities area    | 1,700               |
| 5         | Separation Train1 | 1,810               |
| 6         | Separation Train2 | 2,050               |
| 7         | Injection comp.   | 2,800               |
| 8         | I/M metering      | 960                 |
| 9         | SDV platform      | 780                 |
| 10        | Recompressor      | 1,590               |
| 11        | M/F dep. tower    | 1,710               |
| 12        | Laydown area      | 105                 |

Adjacency factor between modules

| Module ID | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| 1         | - | 6 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3  | 3  | 0  |
| 2         |   | - | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3  | 3  | 0  |
| 3         |   |   | - | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3  | 3  | 0  |
| 4         |   |   |   | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3  | 3  | 0  |
| 5         |   |   |   |   | - | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2  | 2  | 0  |
| 6         |   |   |   |   |   | - | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1  | 3  | 3  |
| 7         |   |   |   |   |   |   | - | 3 | 1 | 1  | 3  | 2  |
| 8         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | - | 3 | 3  | 6  | 2  |
| 9         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | - | 6  | 3  | 4  |
| 10        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | -  | 3  | 4  |
| 11        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    | -  | 3  |
| 12        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    | -  |

Zone ID of FPSO topsides in this example(plan view)

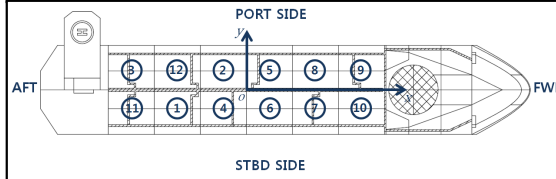


## Example of Optimal Module Layout of FPSO - Optimization Result

Modules to be optimized

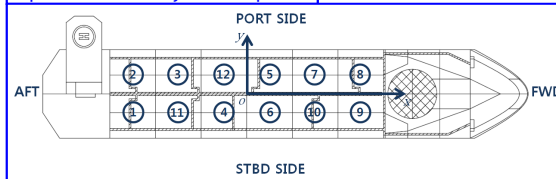
| Module ID | Module name       |
|-----------|-------------------|
| 1         | Electrical BLD'G  |
| 2         | Power generation  |
| 3         | Water injection   |
| 4         | Utilities area    |
| 5         | Separation Train1 |
| 6         | Separation Train2 |
| 7         | Injection comp.   |
| 8         | I/M metering      |
| 9         | SDV platform      |
| 10        | Recompressor      |
| 11        | M/F dep. tower    |
| 12        | Laydown area      |

Existing Module Layout of Topsides



|                                      | Existing | Optimization      |
|--------------------------------------|----------|-------------------|
| Adjacency between Modules [ $F_1$ ]  | 463,010  | 393,050 (-15.1%)  |
| Transverse position of COG [ $F_2$ ] | 2.7814 m | 0.4395 m (-84.2%) |

Optimal Module Layout of Topsides



## 2. Optimal Equipment Layout in the Toppides Module of Offshore Plant (for Liquefaction Module)

### Considerations on Optimal Equipment Layout in the Liquefaction Module for Offshore Plant



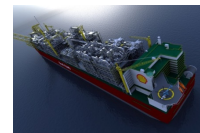
<Liquefaction process system>

+



<Exploration and Production of the Natural Gas>

=



<LNG FPSO>

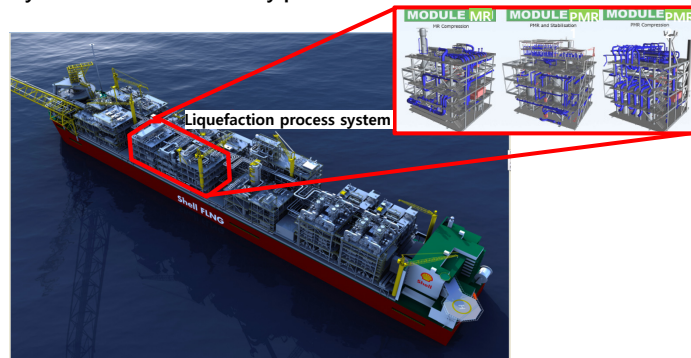
- Safety studies: HAZard and Operability (HAZOP), HAZard Identification (HAZID), Failure Modes and Effects Analysis (FMEA), Fault Tree Analysis (FTA), Event Tree Analysis (ETA)
- Optimal layout: [Maintenance](#), [Working space area](#), [Emergency area](#)
- Available area for the liquefaction cycle of offshore application is smaller than that of onshore plant.
- By determining the optimal operating conditions and doing the optimal synthesis of the liquefaction cycle, the required power for the compressors can be reduced which will result in the reduction of the compressor size and the flow rate of the refrigerant. Thus, the overall sizes of the liquefaction cycle including the pipe diameter, equipment and instrument can be reduced.
- Therefore, the compactness can be achieved by optimization studies such as determination of the optimal operating condition or optimal synthesis of the liquefaction cycle.



For the optimization of the process layout, 'Compactness' & 'Safety' are the most important consideration.

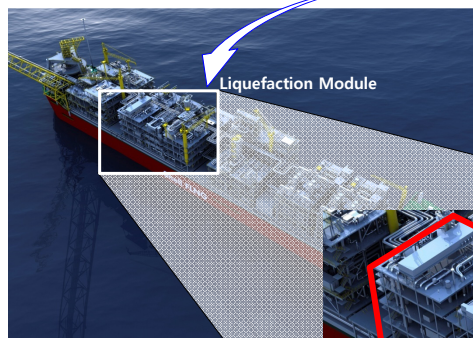
## Characteristics of Equipment Layout in Toppides Modules of Offshore Plant

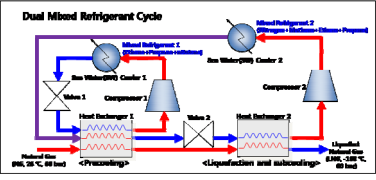
- ☑ **Limited Installation Area**
  - Considering the limited Hull area, equipment shall be placed on the **multi-floors module**.
  - Same functional systems shall be installed in the same module in order to reduce the piping installation space.
- ☑ **Easy Installation and Maintenance**
  - Offshore installation shall be performed on the **module basis** to easily install each modules on the hull area.
  - Every maintenance can be easily performed on each modules basis.



\* MR: Mixed Refrigerant, PMR: Pre-Mixed Refrigerant  
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## Necessity of Multi-Deck Layout in the Liquefaction Module of LNG FPSO





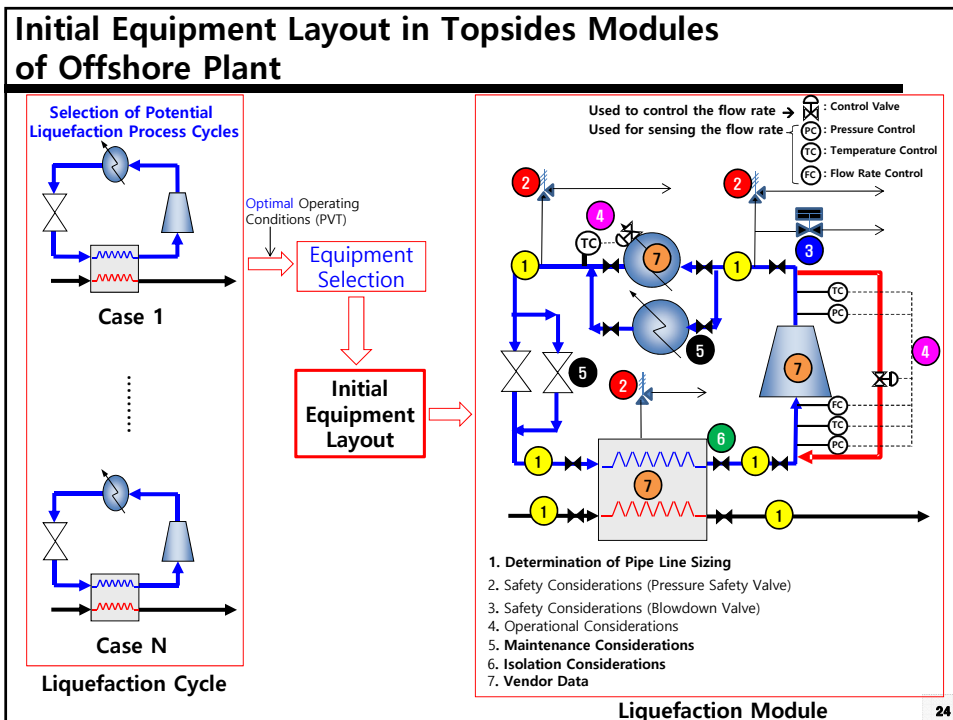
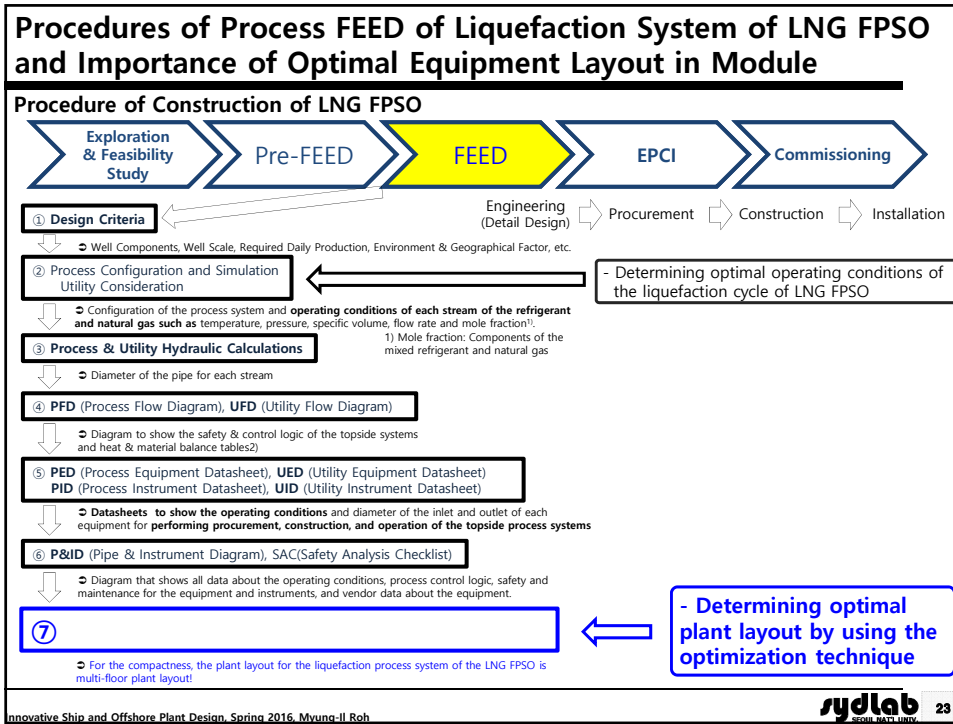
How can we arrange the equipment items?

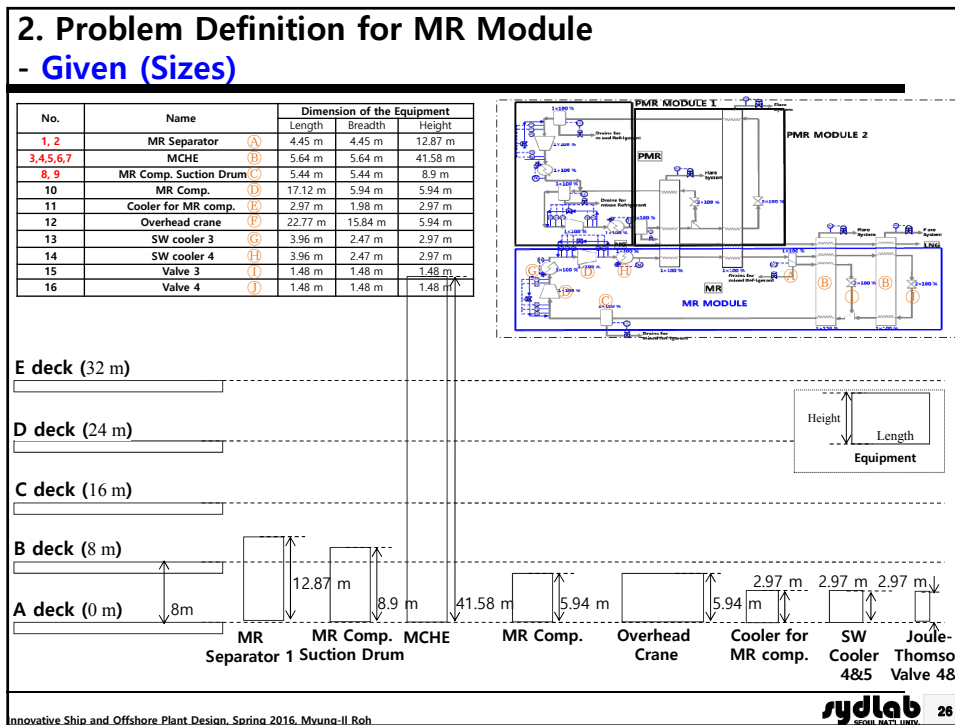
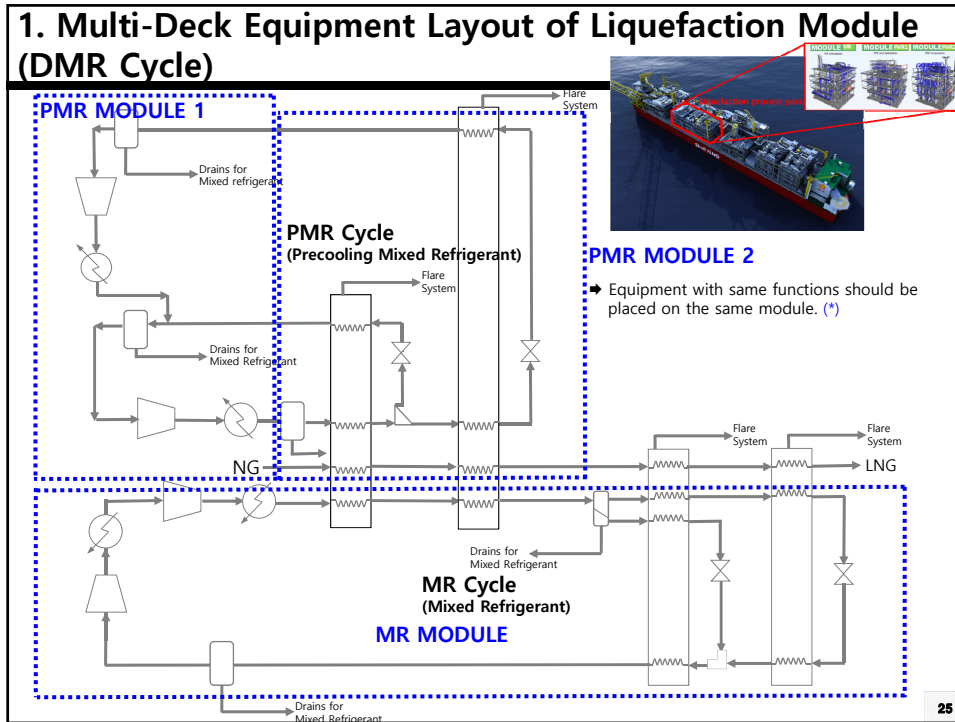
\* Main Dimension of the LNG FPSO

- Length: 488.8 m
- Displacement: 600,000 ton
- Production: LNG 3.6 MTPA\*
- MTPA: Million Ton Per Annual

**For the compactness, the plant layout for the liquefaction process system of the LNG FPSO is**

\* Reference: (Website) [http://www.shell.com/home/content/innovation/feature\\_stories/2010/flng](http://www.shell.com/home/content/innovation/feature_stories/2010/flng)  
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## 2. Problem Definition for MR Module

### - Given (Connection Information)

| No.           | Name                  | Dimension of the Equipment |         |         |
|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------|---------|
|               |                       | Length                     | Breadth | Height  |
| 1, 2          | MR Separator          | 4.45 m                     | 4.45 m  | 12.87 m |
| 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | MCHC                  | 5.64 m                     | 5.64 m  | 41.58 m |
| 8, 9          | MR Comp. Suction Drum | 5.44 m                     | 5.44 m  | 8.9 m   |
| 10            | MR Comp.              | 17.12 m                    | 5.94 m  | 5.94 m  |
| 11            | Cooler for MR comp.   | 2.97 m                     | 1.98 m  | 2.97 m  |
| 12            | Overhead crane        | 22.77 m                    | 15.84 m | 5.94 m  |
| 13            | SW cooler 3           | 3.96 m                     | 2.47 m  | 2.97 m  |
| 14            | SW cooler 4           | 3.96 m                     | 2.47 m  | 2.97 m  |
| 15            | Valve 3               | 1.48 m                     | 1.48 m  | 1.48 m  |
| 16            | Valve 4               | 1.48 m                     | 1.48 m  | 1.48 m  |

The diagrams show the layout of the MR Module across five decks (A to E). Each deck has a 9.0m high maintenance area. Deck A (0m) has a void space for safety area (>50% total area) and equipment 3. Deck B (8m) has equipment 8, 11, 1, and 4. Deck C (16m) has equipment 9, 10, 2, and 5, with a working area for the compressor (>50% total area). Deck D (24m) has an overhead crane (3.5m) and equipment 12 and 6. Deck E (32m) has a void space for emergency area (>60% total area) and equipment 13, 14, and 7. A Precool Exchanger is indicated on decks B and E. A schematic of the MR Module shows the connection between PMR Module 1 and 2.

The equipment E is a cooler for compressor and is actually allocated. However, it is not related with liquefaction cycle and thus not shown in the configuration.

## 2. Problem Definition for PMR Module 1

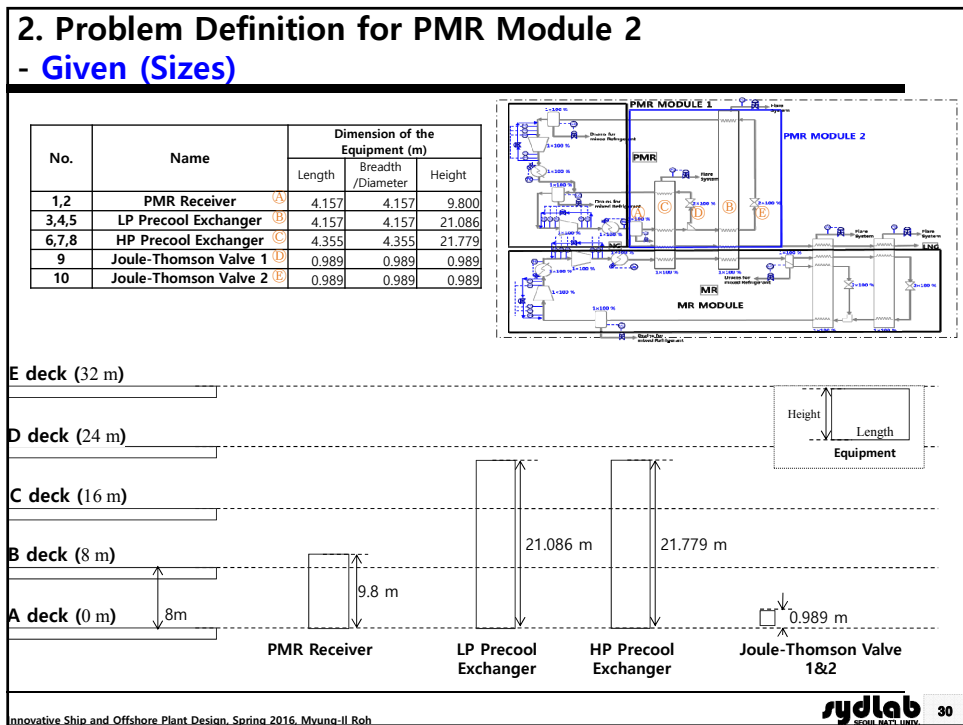
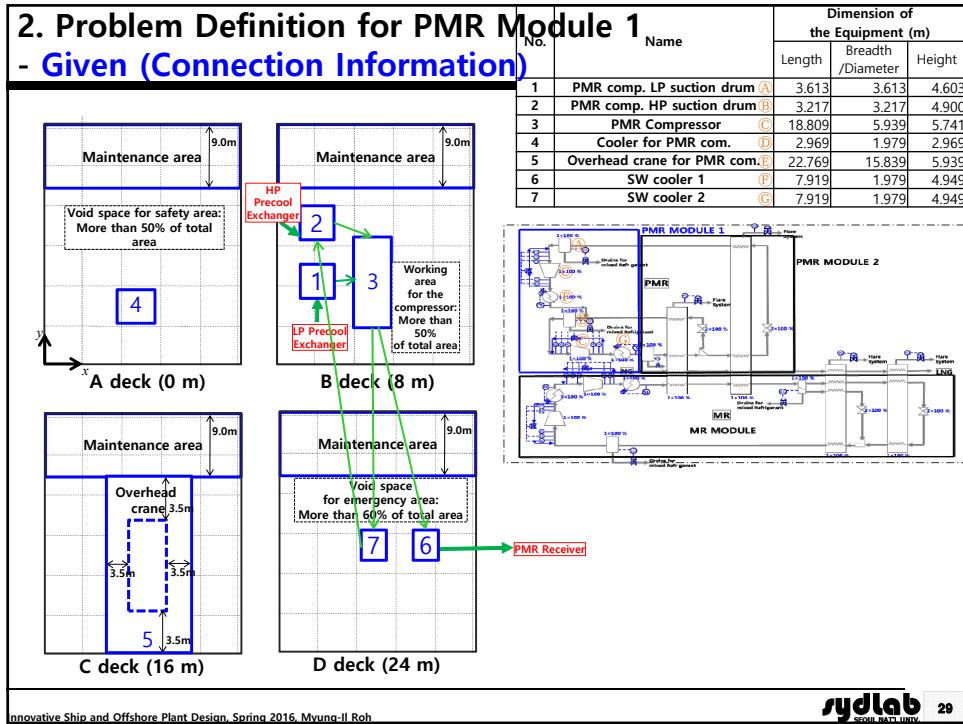
### - Given (Sizes)

| No. | Name                        | Dimension of the Equipment (m) |                    |        |
|-----|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------|
|     |                             | Length                         | Breadth / Diameter | Height |
| 1   | PMR comp. LP suction drum   | 3.613                          | 3.613              | 4.603  |
| 2   | PMR comp. HP suction drum   | 3.217                          | 3.217              | 4.900  |
| 3   | PMR Compressor              | 18.809                         | 5.939              | 5.741  |
| 4   | Cooler for PMR com.         | 2.969                          | 1.979              | 2.969  |
| 5   | Overhead crane for PMR com. | 22.769                         | 15.839             | 5.939  |
| 6   | SW cooler 1                 | 7.919                          | 1.979              | 4.949  |
| 7   | SW cooler 2                 | 7.919                          | 1.979              | 4.949  |

The diagrams show the layout of the PMR Module 1 across four decks (A to D). Deck A (0m) has a deck height of 8m and equipment 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 with heights of 4.9m, 4.6m, 5.7m, 2.97m, 5.94m, and 4.95m respectively. Deck B (8m) has equipment 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7. Deck C (16m) has equipment 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7. Deck D (24m) has equipment 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7. A schematic of the PMR Module 1 shows the connection between PMR Module 1 and 2.

Equipment dimensions are shown as follows:

- PMR Comp. HP Suction Drum: 3.217m x 3.217m x 4.900m
- PMR Comp. LP Suction Drum: 3.613m x 3.613m x 4.603m
- PMR HP Compressor: 18.809m x 5.939m x 5.741m
- Cooler for PMR Com.: 2.969m x 1.979m x 2.969m
- Overhead Crane For PMR Com.: 22.769m x 15.839m x 5.939m
- SW Cooler 1 & 2: 7.919m x 1.979m x 4.949m



### 2. Problem Definition for PMR Module 2 - Given (Connection Information)

| No.   | Name                      | Dimension of the Equipment (m) |                    |        |
|-------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------|
|       |                           | Length                         | Breadth / Diameter | Height |
| 1,2   | PMR Receiver (A)          | 4.157                          | 4.157              | 9.800  |
| 3,4,5 | LP Precool Exchanger (B)  | 4.157                          | 4.157              | 21.086 |
| 6,7,8 | HP Precool Exchanger (C)  | 4.355                          | 4.355              | 21.779 |
| 9     | Joule-Thomson Valve 1 (D) | 0.989                          | 0.989              | 0.989  |
| 10    | Joule-Thomson Valve 2 (E) | 0.989                          | 0.989              | 0.989  |

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### 3. Mathematical Module for Multi-Deck Equipment Layout - Model for Optimal Equipment Layout of MR Module

- **Design Variables [128]**
  - 1) **Coordinate** of the equipment item ( $x, y$ )  
 $x_i, y_i$ : coordinates of geometrical center of the equipment item  $i$  [32 Real values]
  - 2) **Orientation** of the equipment item  
 $O_i$ : 1, if the length of the equipment item  $i$  is parallel to  $x$ -axis; 0, otherwise [16 Binary values]
  - 3) **Deck number** of the equipment item  
 $V_{i,k}$ : 1, if the equipment item  $i$  is assigned to the deck  $k$ ; 0, otherwise [80 Binary values]
- **Constraints [30+98=128]**
  - 1) **Equipment constraints for multi-deck**  
 30 equality constraints
  - 2) **Non-overlapping constraints**  
 32 inequality constraints
  - 3) **Deck area constraints**  
 66 inequality constraints

➡ Number of the design variables is larger than the number of the equality constraints.

➡ **Optimal Solution using Genetic Algorithm (GA)**

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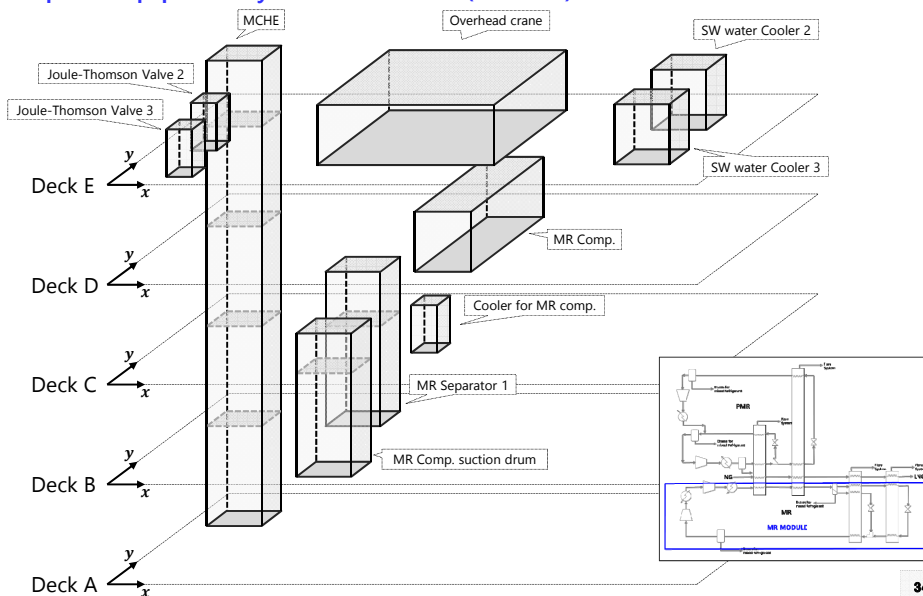
### 4. Result of Optimal Equipment Layout of Each Module - MR Module (1/3)

• Optimal Values of Design Variables for MR Module

| No. | Equipment Name                      | $x_i$<br>[m] | $y_i$<br>[m] | $O_i$ | $V_{ik}$  |           |           |           |           |
|-----|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|     |                                     |              |              |       | $V_{i,1}$ | $V_{i,2}$ | $V_{i,3}$ | $V_{i,4}$ | $V_{i,5}$ |
| 1   | MR Separator 1 on lower deck        | 17           | 13           | 1     | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         | 0         |
| 2   | MR Separator 1 on upper deck        | 17           | 13           | 1     | 0         | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         |
| 3   | MCHE on A deck                      | 16           | 4            | 1     | 1         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         |
| 4   | MCHE on B deck                      | 16           | 4            | 1     | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         | 0         |
| 5   | MCHE on C deck                      | 16           | 4            | 1     | 0         | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         |
| 6   | MCHE on D deck                      | 16           | 4            | 1     | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1         | 0         |
| 7   | MCHE on E deck                      | 16           | 4            | 1     | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1         |
| 8   | MR Comp. suction drum on lower deck | 4            | 20           | 1     | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         | 0         |
| 9   | MR Comp. suction drum on upper deck | 4            | 20           | 1     | 0         | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         |
| 10  | MR Comp.                            | 8            | 10           | 0     | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1         | 0         |
| 11  | Cooler for MR comp.                 | 8            | 10           | 0     | 0         | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         |
| 12  | Overhead crane                      | 8            | 10           | 0     | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1         |
| 13  | SW water Cooler 2                   | 8            | 8            | 1     | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1         |
| 14  | SW water Cooler 3                   | 8            | 14           | 1     | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1         |
| 15  | Joule-Thomson Valve 2               | 17           | 9            | 1     | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1         |
| 16  | Joule-Thomson Valve 3               | 17           | 9            | 1     | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1         |

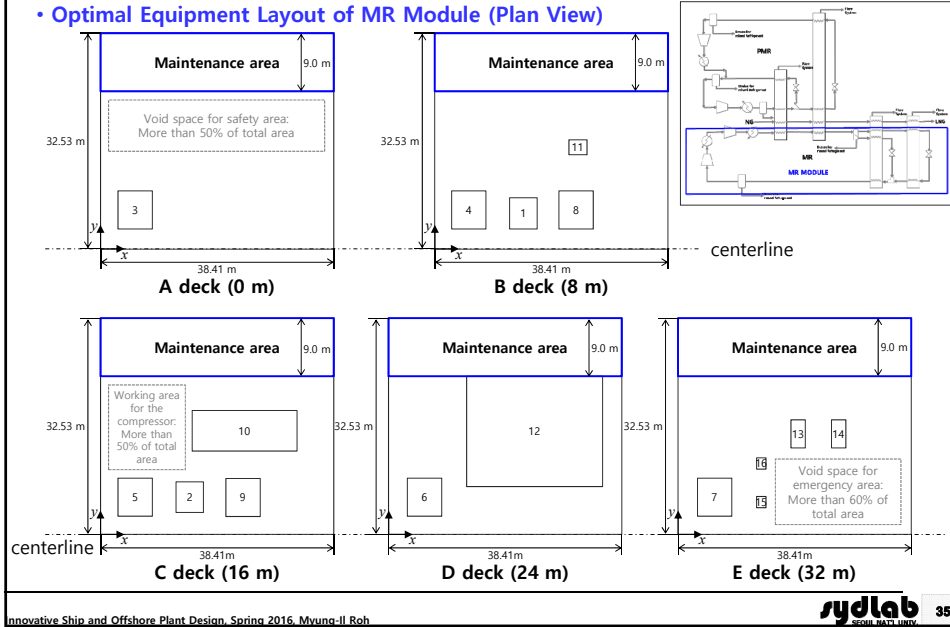
### 4. Result of Optimal Equipment Layout of Each Module - MR Module (2/3)

• Optimal Equipment Layout of MR Module (ISO View)



### 4. Result of Optimal Equipment Layout of Each Module - MR Module (3/3)

• Optimal Equipment Layout of MR Module (Plan View)



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### 4. Result of Optimal Equipment Layout of Each Module - PMR Module 1 (1/3)

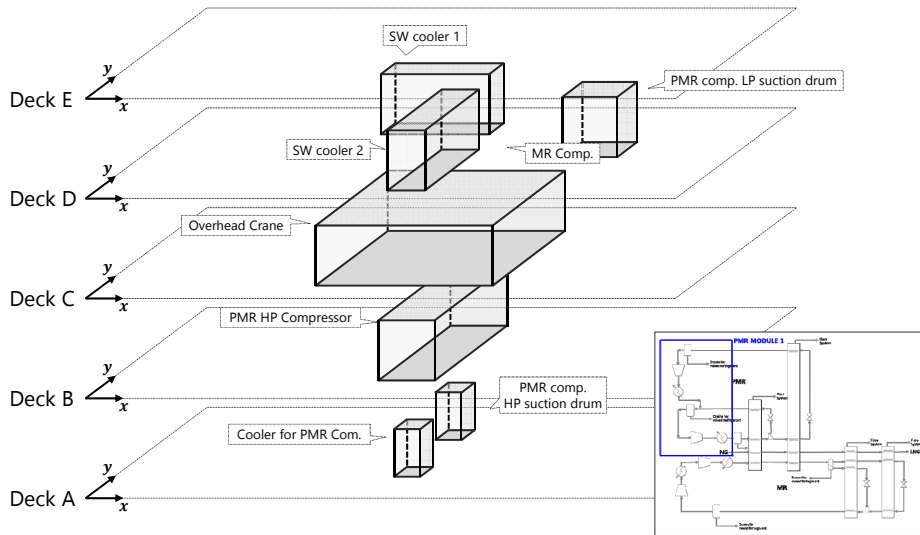
• Optimal Values of Design Variables for PMR Module 1

| No. | Equipment Name            | $x_i$ [m] | $y_i$ [m] | $O_i$ | $V_{ik}$ |          |          |          |
|-----|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|     |                           |           |           |       | $V_{i1}$ | $V_{i2}$ | $V_{i3}$ | $V_{i4}$ |
| 1   | PMR comp. LP suction drum | 10.9      | 7.1       | 0     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 1        |
| 2   | PMR comp. HP suction drum | 10.9      | 14.35     | 0     | 1        | 0        | 0        | 0        |
| 3   | PMR HP Compressor         | 10.9      | 14.35     | 0     | 0        | 1        | 0        | 0        |
| 4   | Cooler for PMR Com.       | 10.9      | 14.35     | 0     | 1        | 0        | 0        | 0        |
| 5   | Overhead Crane            | 10.9      | 14.35     | 0     | 0        | 0        | 1        | 0        |
| 6   | SW cooler 1               | 17.45     | 14.35     | 0     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 1        |
| 7   | SW cooler 2               | 4.35      | 14.35     | 0     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 1        |

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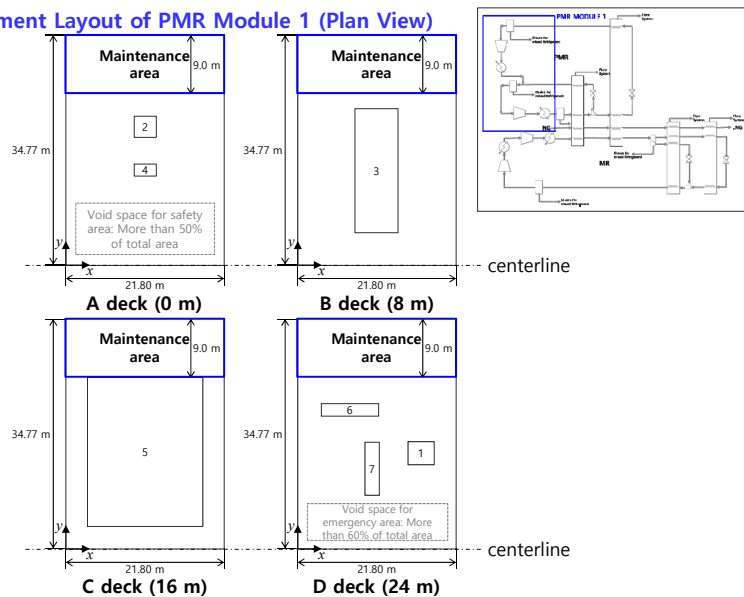
### 4. Result of Optimal Equipment Layout of Each Module - PMR Module 1 (2/3)

• Optimal Equipment Layout of PMR Module 1 (ISO View)



### 4. Result of Optimal Equipment Layout of Each Module - PMR Module 1 (3/3)

• Optimal Equipment Layout of PMR Module 1 (Plan View)



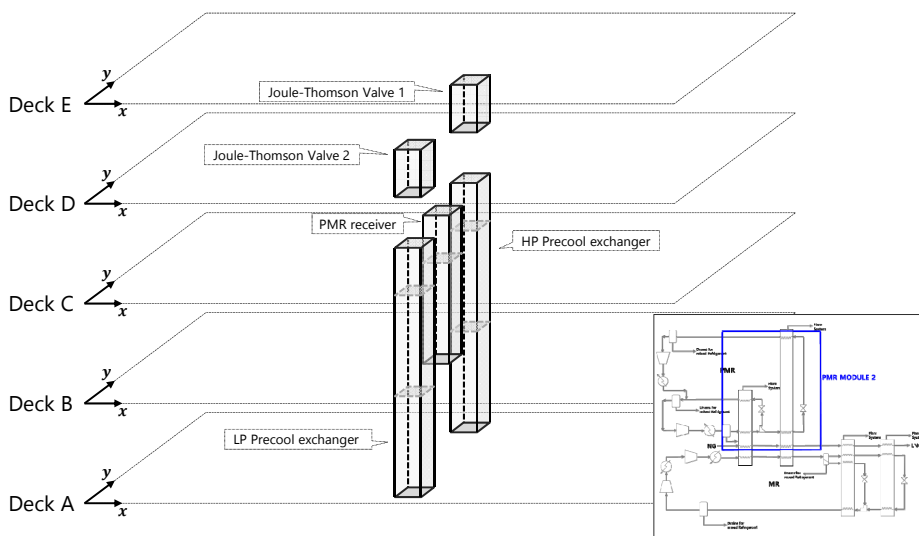
### 4. Result of Optimal Equipment Layout of Each Module - PMR Module 2 (1/3)

• Optimal Values of Design Variables for PMR Module 2

| Equipment |                                | $x_i$<br>[m] | $y_i$<br>[m] | $O_i$ | $V_{i,k}$ |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| No.       | Name                           |              |              |       | $V_{i,1}$ | $V_{i,2}$ | $V_{i,3}$ | $V_{i,4}$ | $V_{i,5}$ |
| 1         | PMR receiver on lower deck     | 7            | 8            | 1     | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         | 0         |
| 2         | PMR receiver on upper deck     | 7            | 8            | 1     | 0         | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         |
| 3         | LP Precool exchanger on B deck | 15           | 17           | 1     | 1         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         |
| 4         | LP Precool exchanger on C deck | 15           | 17           | 1     | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         | 0         |
| 5         | LP Precool exchanger on D deck | 15           | 17           | 1     | 0         | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         |
| 6         | HP Precool exchanger on B deck | 15           | 8            | 1     | 1         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         |
| 7         | HP Precool exchanger on C deck | 15           | 8            | 1     | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         | 0         |
| 8         | HP Precool exchanger on D deck | 15           | 8            | 1     | 0         | 0         | 1         | 0         | 0         |
| 9         | Joule-Thomson Valve 1          | 11           | 11           | 1     | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1         | 0         |
| 10        | Joule-Thomson Valve 2          | 11           | 17           | 1     | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1         | 0         |

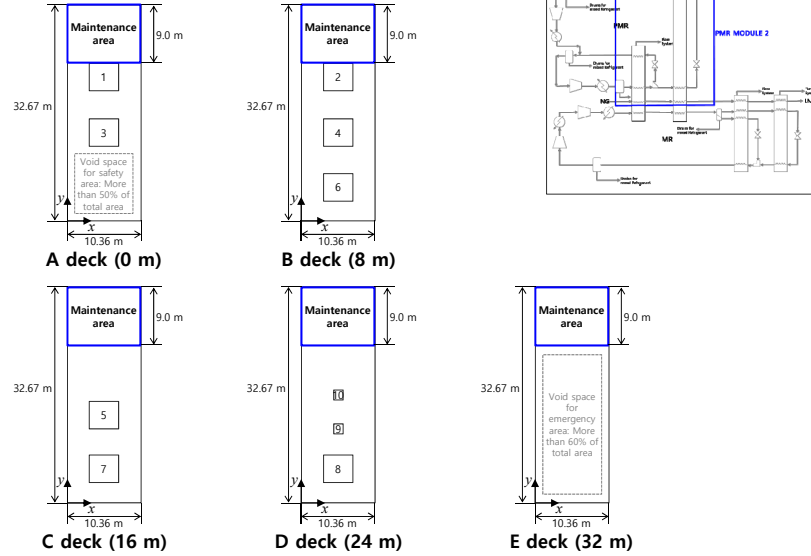
### 4. Result of Optimal Equipment Layout of Each Module - PMR Module 2 (2/3)

• Optimal Equipment Layout of PMR Module 2 (ISO View)



### 4. Result of Optimal Equipment Layout of Each Module - PMR Module 2 (3/3)

• Optimal Equipment Layout of PMR Module 2 (Plan View)



### 5. Installation Area by Optimal Equipment Layout of Liquefaction Module

• Installation Area for Each Module

| Deck Area         | Results           | Area (m <sup>2</sup> ) | Deck Area |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| MR Module         | 38.41 m * 32.53 m | 1,249.48               | A Deck    |
|                   | 38.41 m * 32.53 m | 1,249.48               | B Deck    |
|                   | 38.41 m * 32.53 m | 1,249.48               | C Deck    |
|                   | 38.41 m * 32.53 m | 1,249.48               | D Deck    |
|                   | 38.41 m * 32.53 m | 1,249.48               | E Deck    |
| PMR Module 1      | 21.80 m * 34.77 m | 757.99                 | A Deck    |
|                   | 21.80 m * 34.77 m | 757.99                 | B Deck    |
|                   | 21.80 m * 34.77 m | 757.99                 | C Deck    |
|                   | 21.80 m * 34.77 m | 757.99                 | D Deck    |
| PMR Module 2      | 10.36 m * 32.67 m | 338.46                 | A Deck    |
|                   | 10.36 m * 32.67 m | 338.46                 | B Deck    |
|                   | 10.36 m * 32.67 m | 338.46                 | C Deck    |
|                   | 10.36 m * 32.67 m | 338.46                 | D Deck    |
|                   | 10.36 m * 32.67 m | 338.46                 | D Deck    |
| <b>Total Area</b> |                   | <b>141,800.10</b>      |           |

