

2019 Spring

“Phase Equilibria *in* Materials”

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Chapter 10. Ternary phase Diagrams

Four-Phase Equilibrium

a. THE TERNARY EUTECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l = \alpha + \beta + \gamma$)

b. THE QUASI-PERITECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha = \beta + \gamma$)

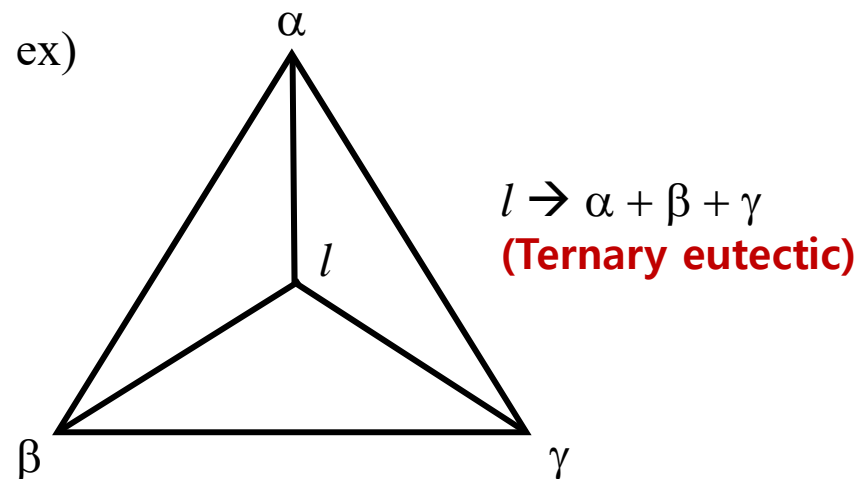
c. THE TERNARY PERIECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha + \beta = \gamma$)

10.1. THE EUTECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l = \alpha + \beta + \gamma$)

Three phase equil. ($f = 1$) - eutectic, peritectic

Now we consider of four-phase equilibrium

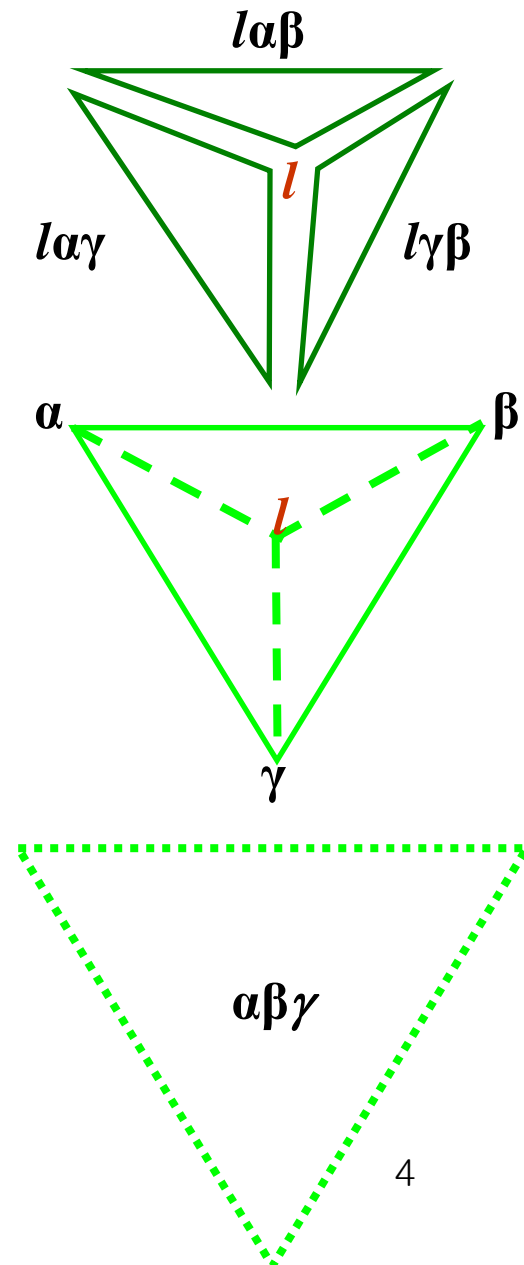
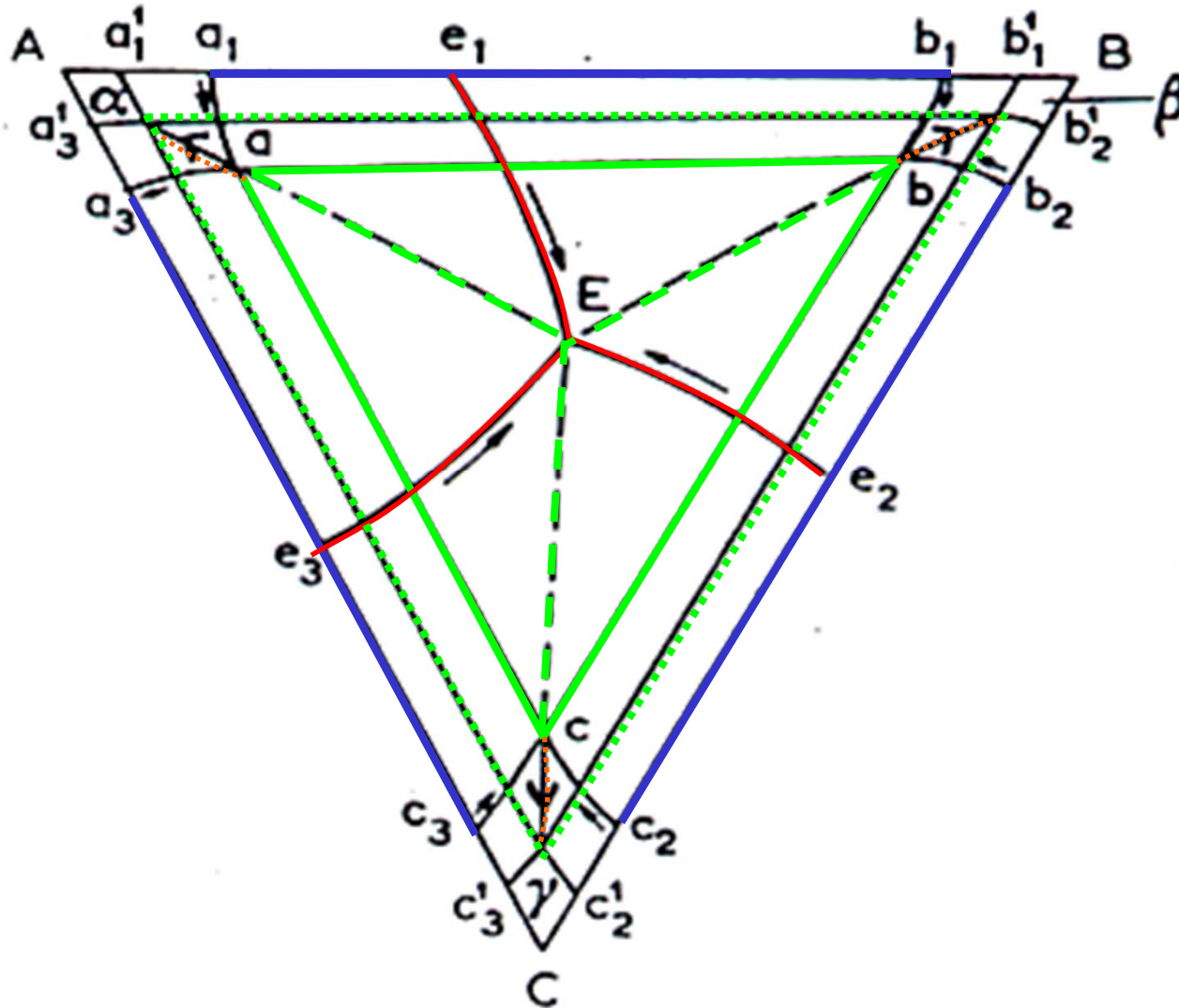
- max N of phase
- $f = 0$: composition of four phases at temp. \rightarrow fixed
- isothermal four phase regions



cf) $l + \alpha \rightarrow \beta + \gamma$: **ternary quasi-peritectic**
 $l + \alpha + \beta \rightarrow \gamma$: **ternary peritectic**

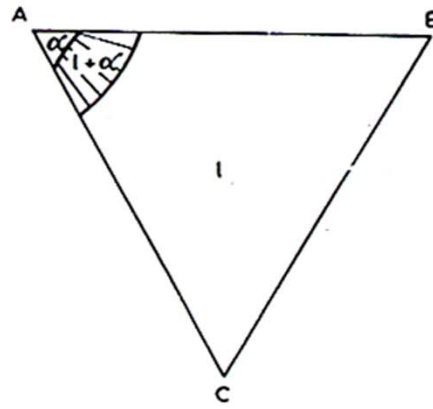
THE TERNARY EUTECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l = \alpha + \beta + \gamma$)

- **Projection** : solid solubility limit surface
: monovariant liquidus curve

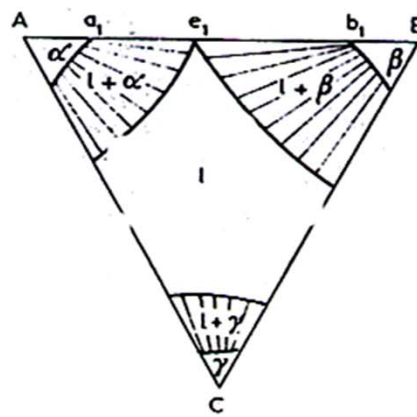


10.1. THE EUTECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l = \alpha + \beta + \gamma$)

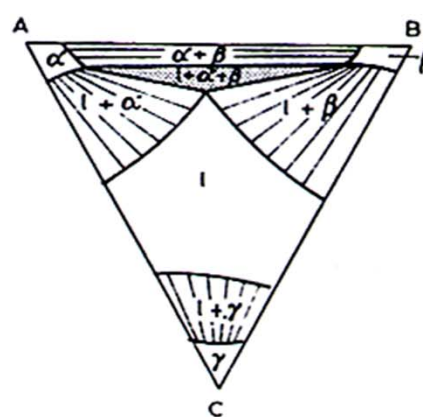
- Isothermal section ($T_A > T > T_B$)



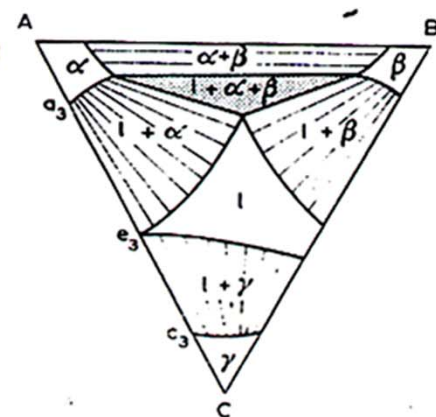
(a) $T_A > T > T_B$



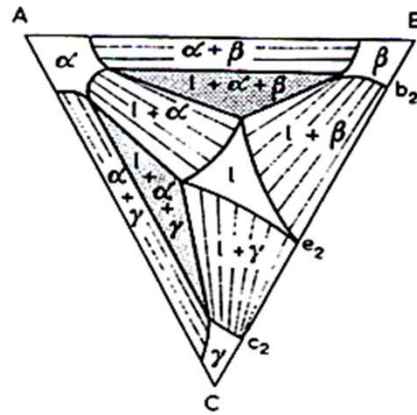
(b) $T = e_1$



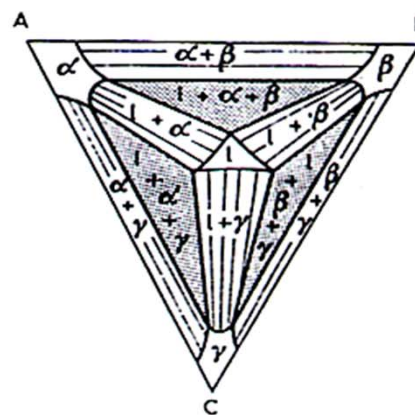
(c) $e_1 > T > e_3$



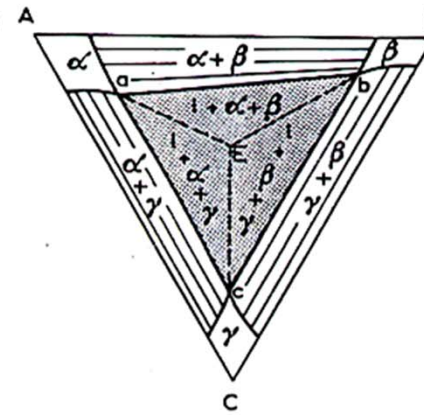
(d) $T = e_3$



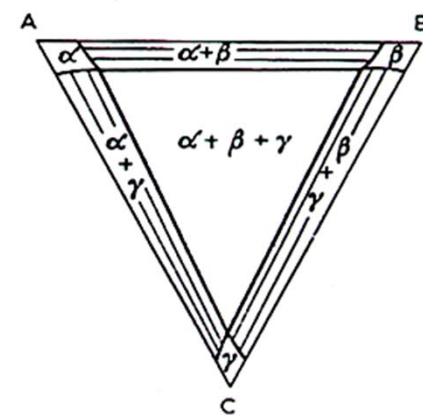
(e) $T = e_2$



(f) $e_2 > T > E$



(g) $T_A = E$



(h) $E = T$

10.1. THE EUTECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l = \alpha + \beta + \gamma$)

Vertical section Location of vertical section

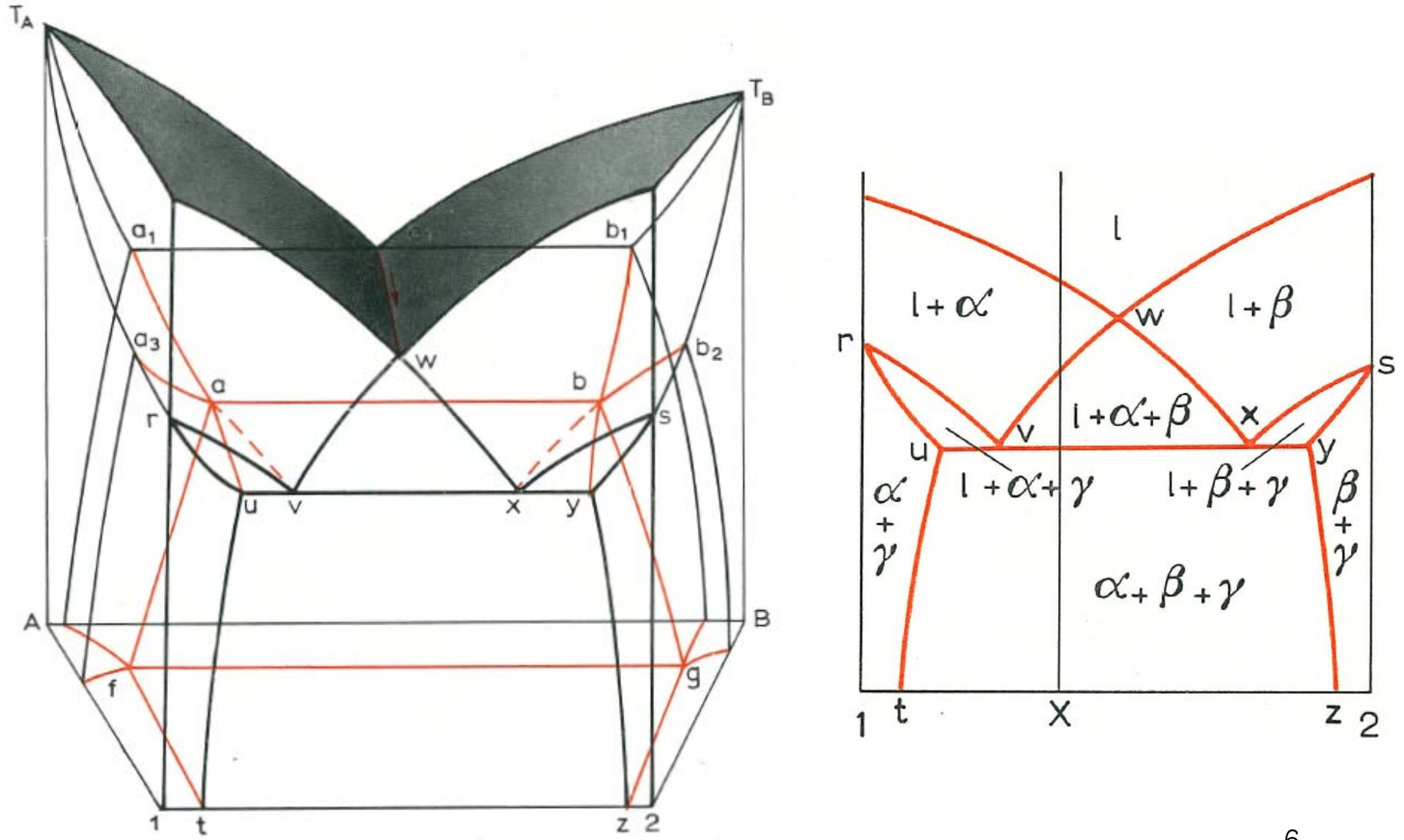


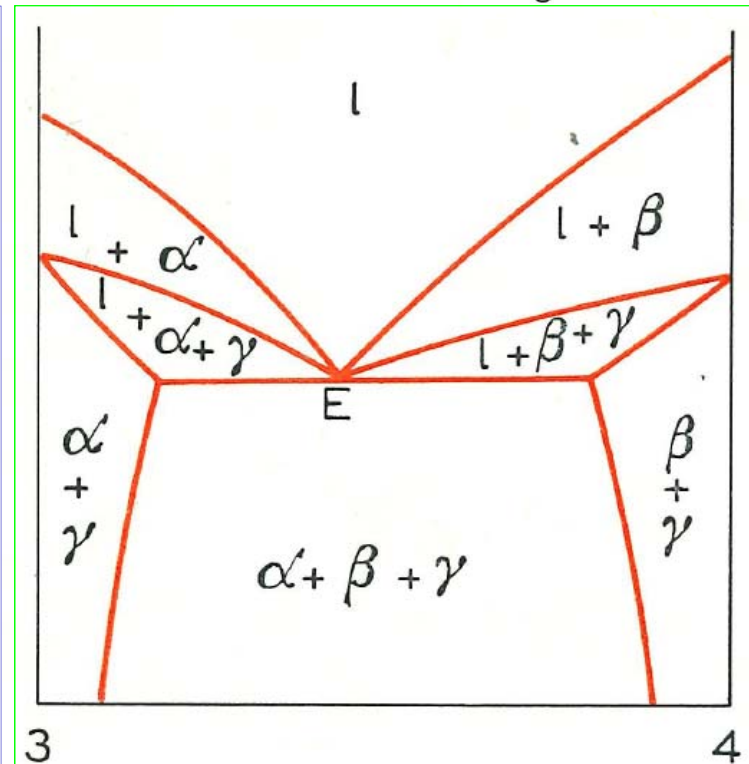
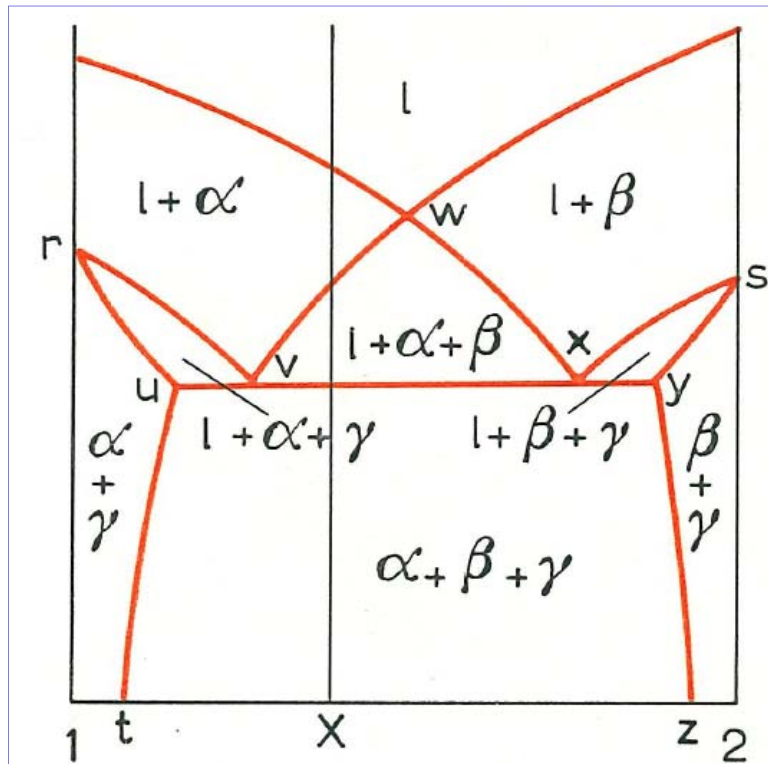
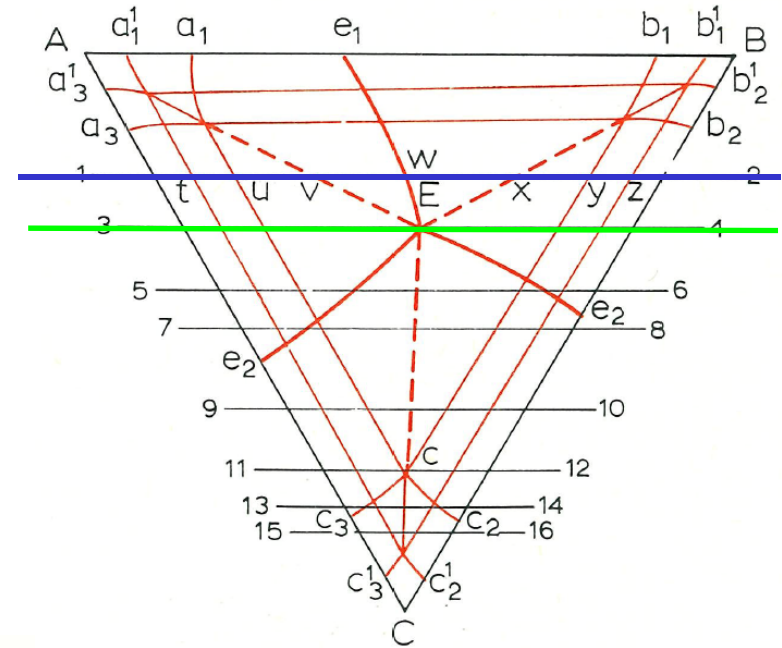
Fig. 179. Construction of vertical section 1-2.

10.1. THE EUTECTIC EQUILIBRIUM

$$(l = \alpha + \beta + \gamma)$$

Vertical section

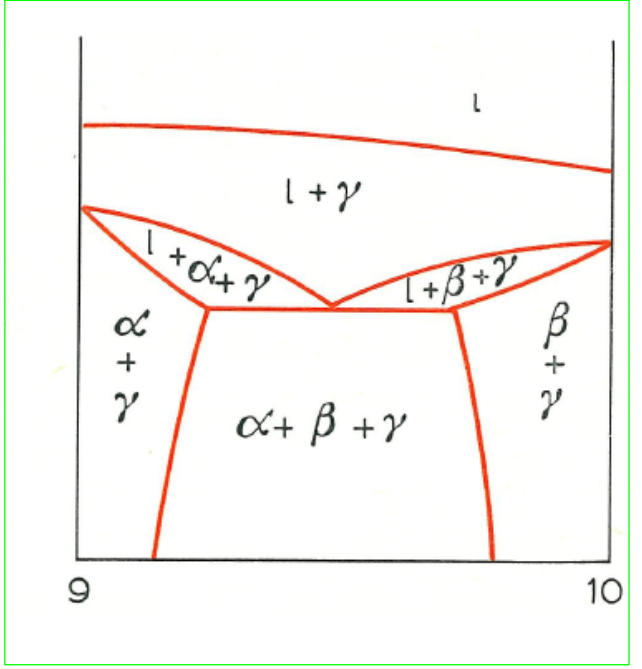
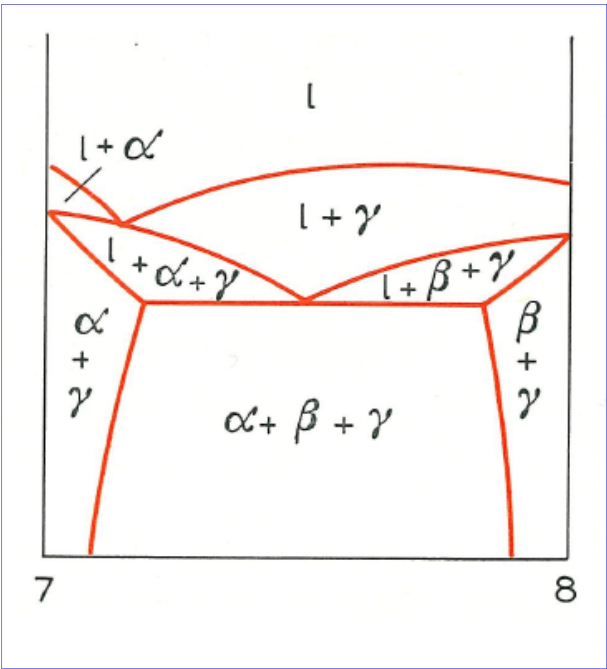
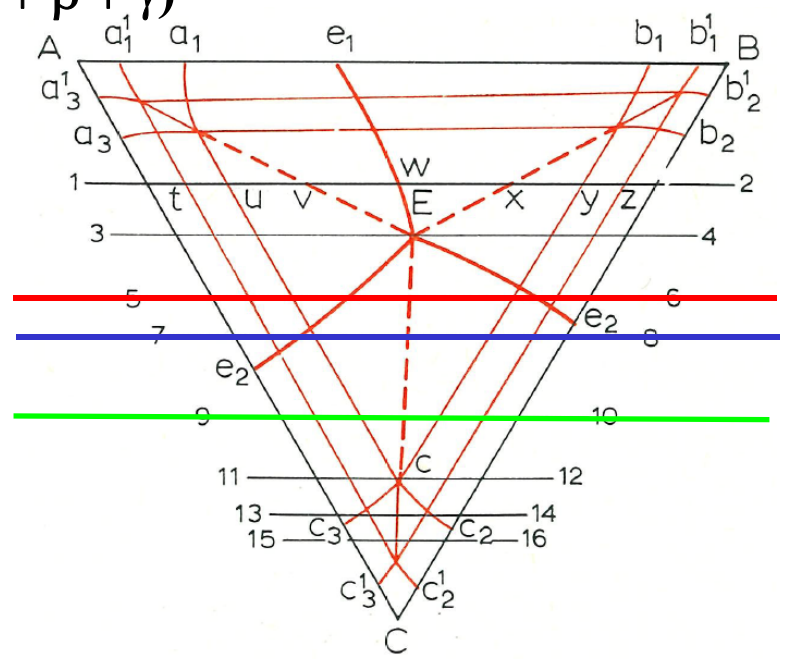
Location of vertical section



10.1. THE EUTECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l = \alpha + \beta + \gamma$)

Vertical section

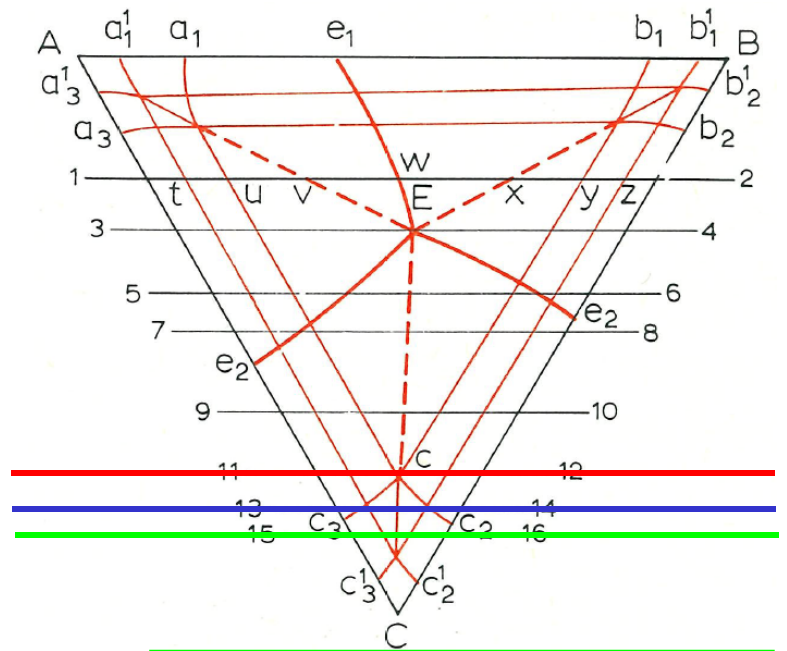
Location of vertical section



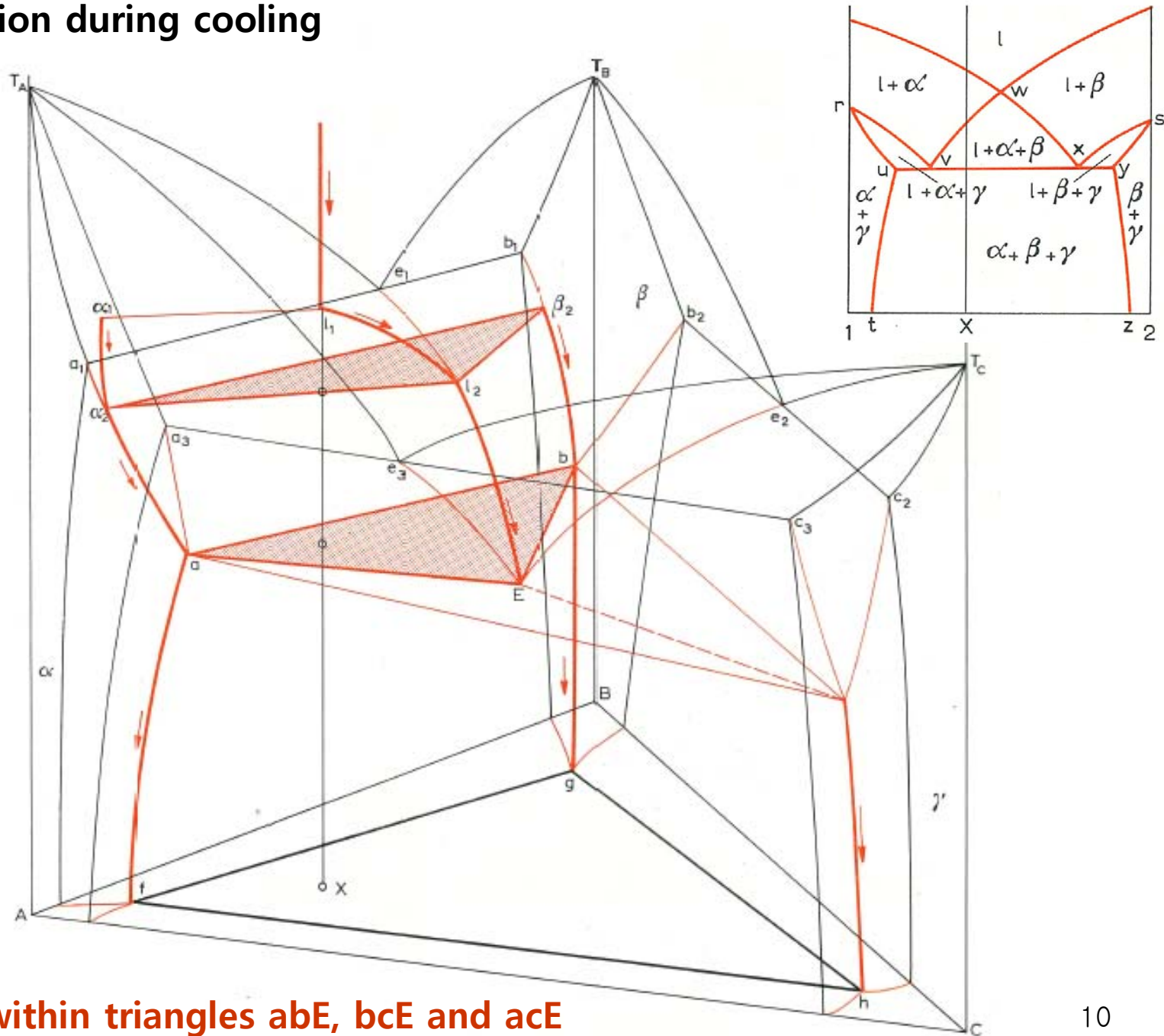
10.1. THE EUTECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l = \alpha + \beta + \gamma$)

Vertical section

Location of vertical section



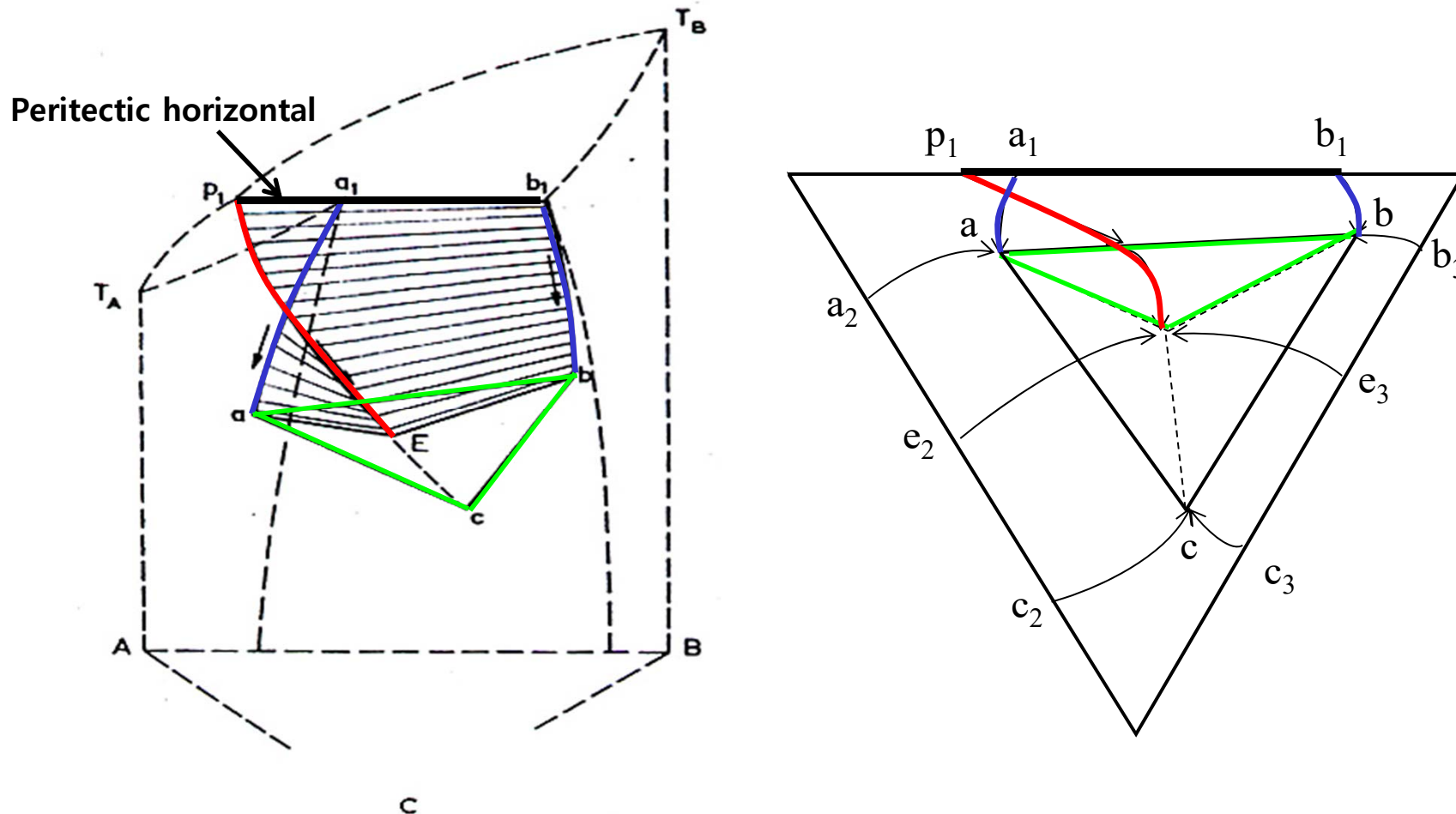
Transformation during cooling



- ④ Alloys within triangles abE , bcE and acE
 ex) abE : $l + \alpha$ (or β) \rightarrow $l + \alpha + \beta \rightarrow (l \rightarrow \alpha + \beta + \gamma$ at T_E)

10.2. VARIANTS OF THE TERNARY EUTECTIC DIAGRAM

(a) Variant of the ternary eutectic system in which one binary is a **peritectic**

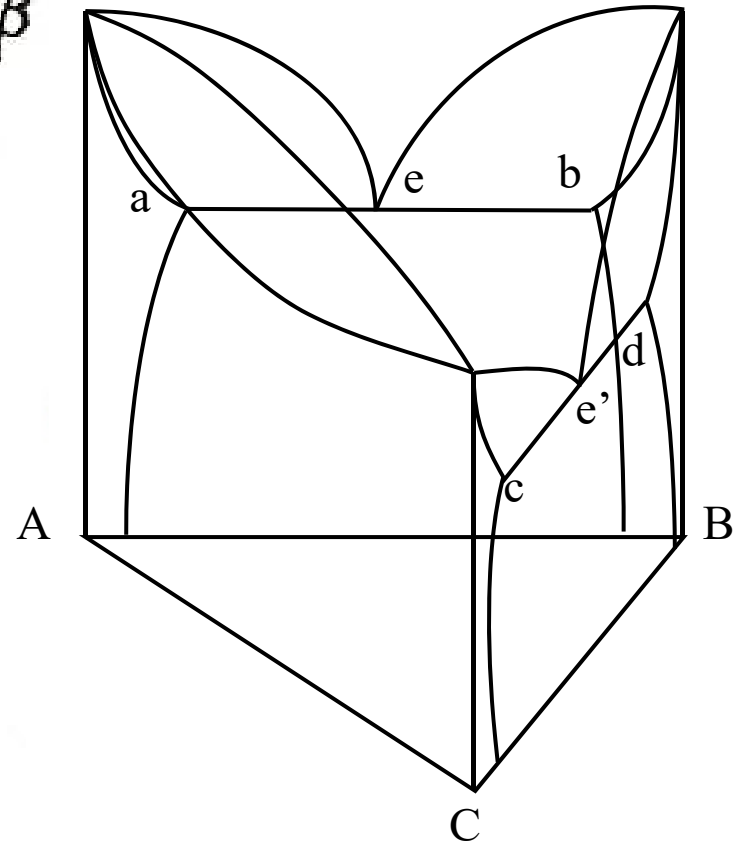
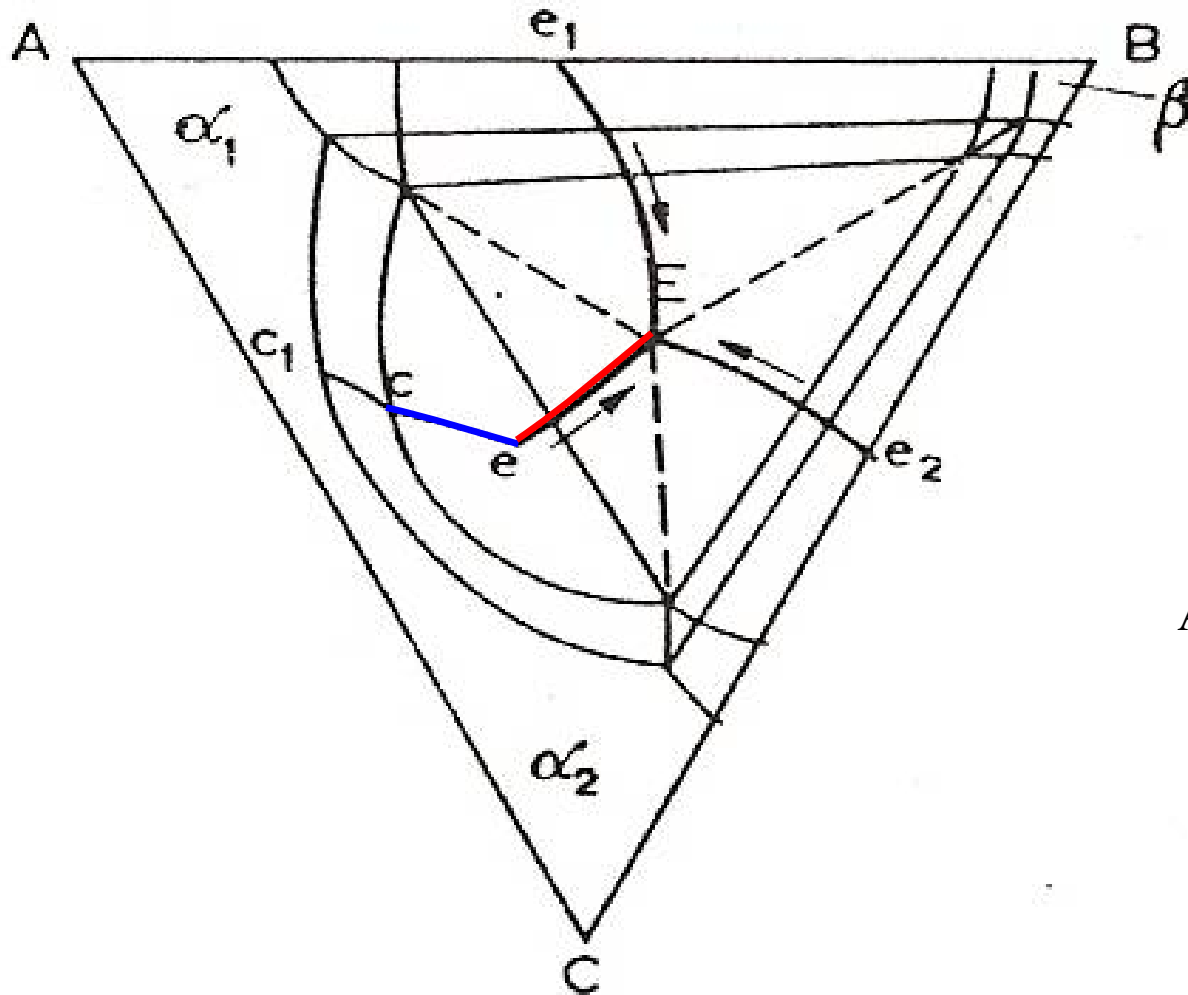


Monovariant liquidus line (P_1E) lies above monovariant solidus line (a_1a).

→ A ternary eutectic can be produced with one, two or three binary peritectic systems.

10.2. VARIANTS OF THE TERNARY EUTECTIC DIAGRAM

(b) Ternary eutectic system
 in which **two of the binary eutectics** and **one of ternary miscibility gap** exist.



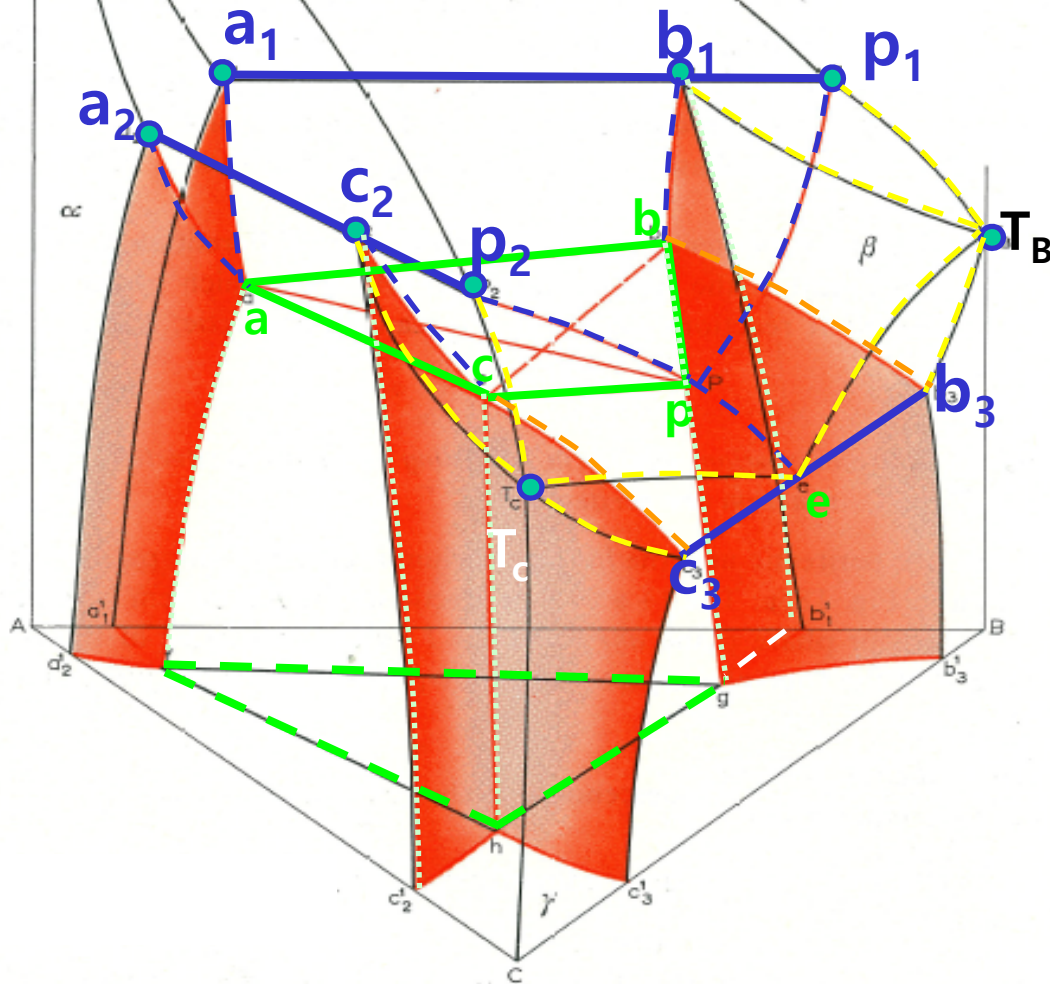
<one complete solid solution + two binary eutectic>

10.3. THE QUASI-PERITECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha = \beta + \gamma$)

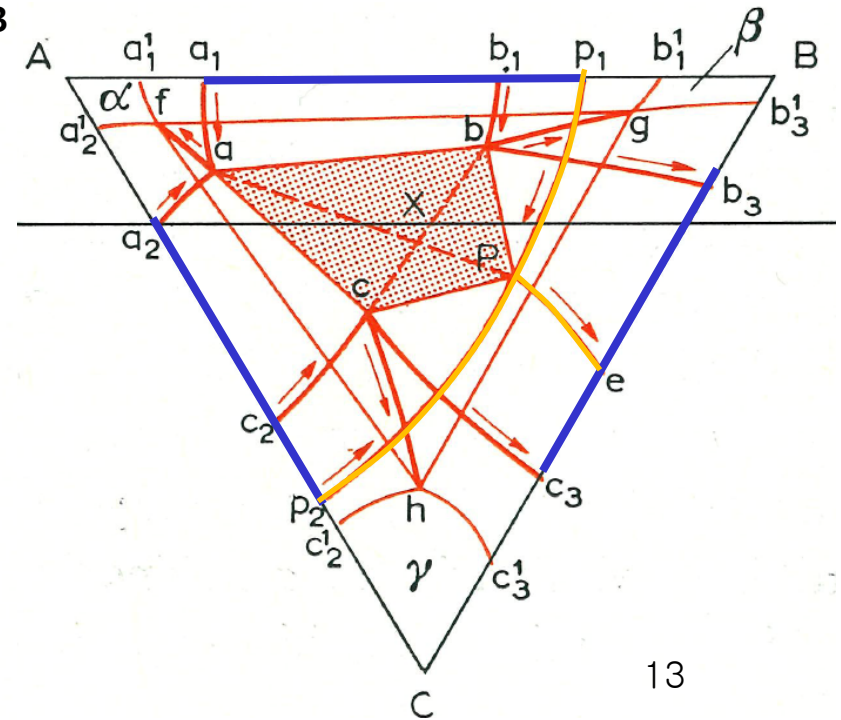
T_A

$$T_A > P_1 > P_2 > T_B > P > T_C > e$$

Space model

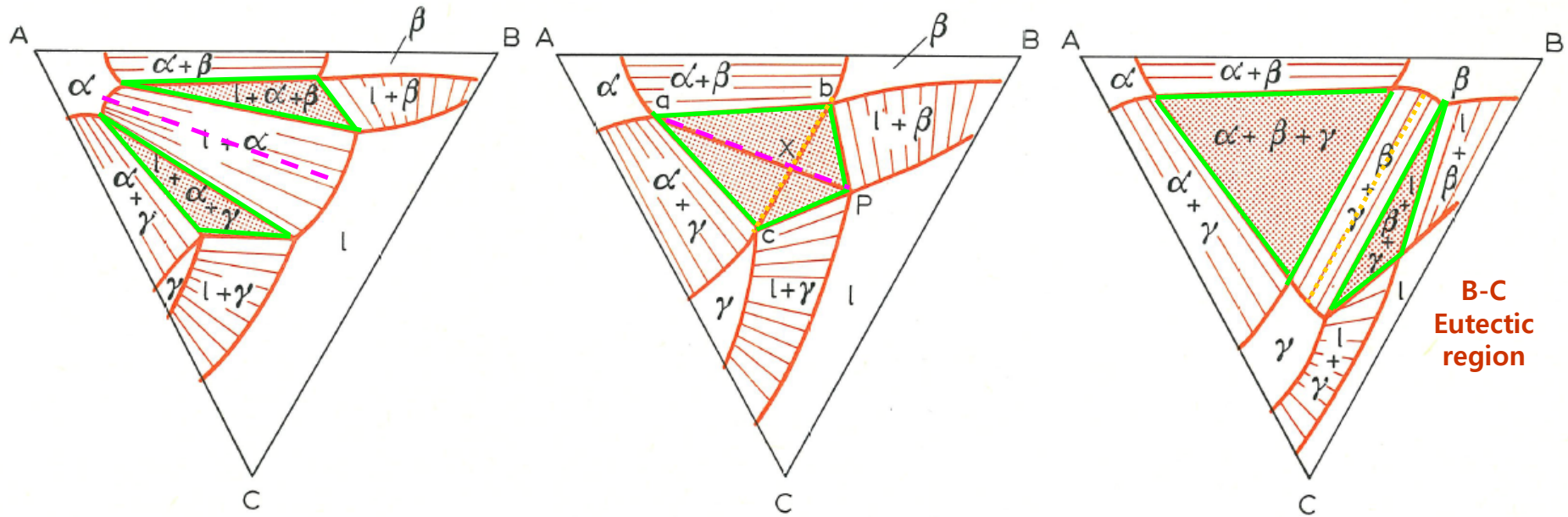


Projection



10.3. THE QUASI-PERITECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha = \beta + \gamma$)

Isothermal section



$T_B > T > P$

$T = P$

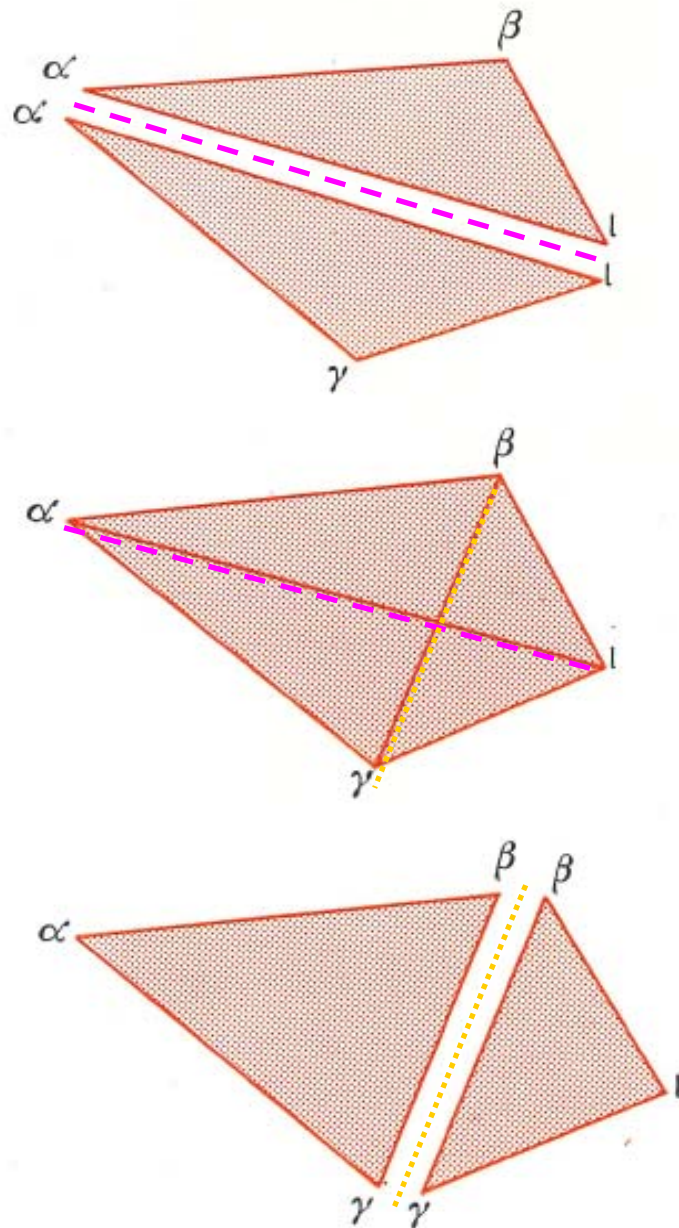
$P > T > T_C$

abP	peritectic $l\alpha\beta$ equilibrium	}
acP	peritectic $l\alpha\gamma$ equilibrium	
<hr/>		
bcP	eutectic $l\beta\gamma$ equilibrium	}
abc	$\alpha\beta\gamma$ equilibrium	

descending to the four-phase plane;

descending from the four-phase plane.

10.3. THE QUASI-PERITECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha = \beta + \gamma$)



Both three phase monovariant equilibria preceding the quasi-peritectic reaction are peritectic

abP peritectic $l\alpha\beta$ equilibrium

acP peritectic $l\alpha\gamma$ equilibrium

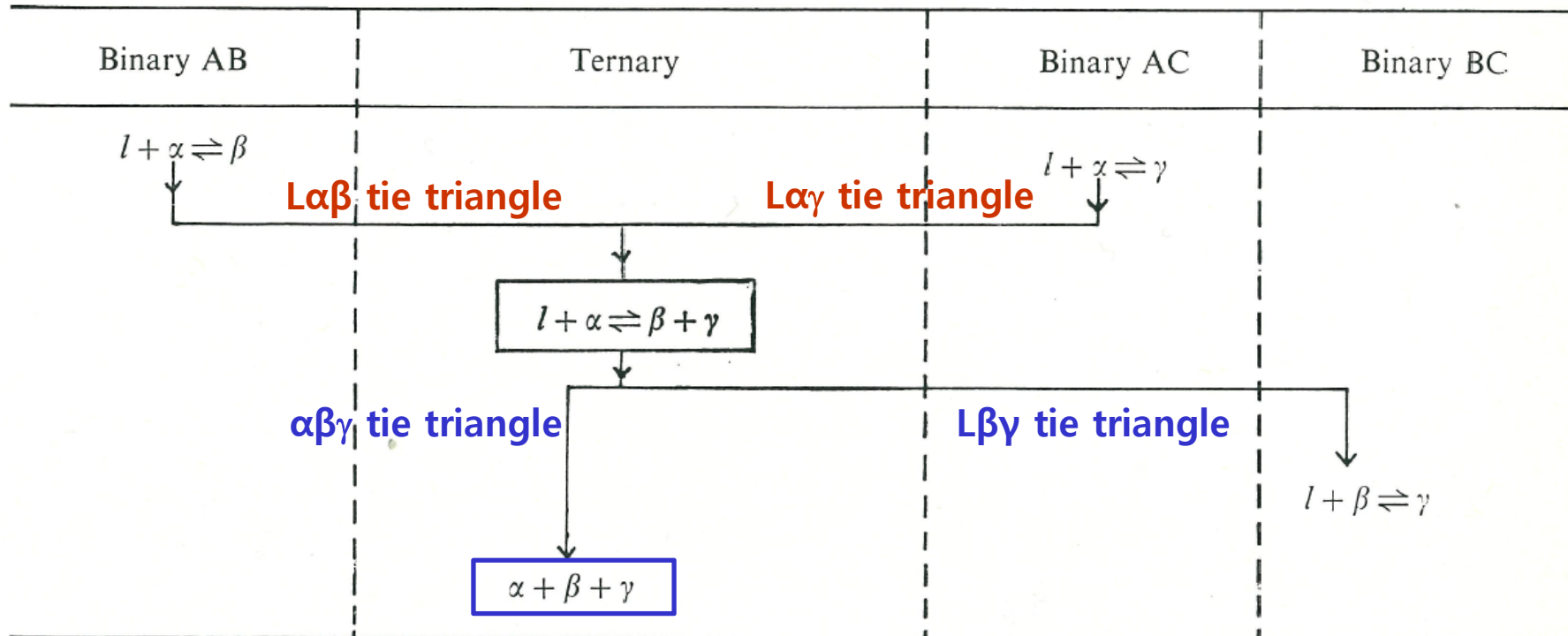
decreasing temperature

bcP eutectic $l\beta\gamma$ equilibrium

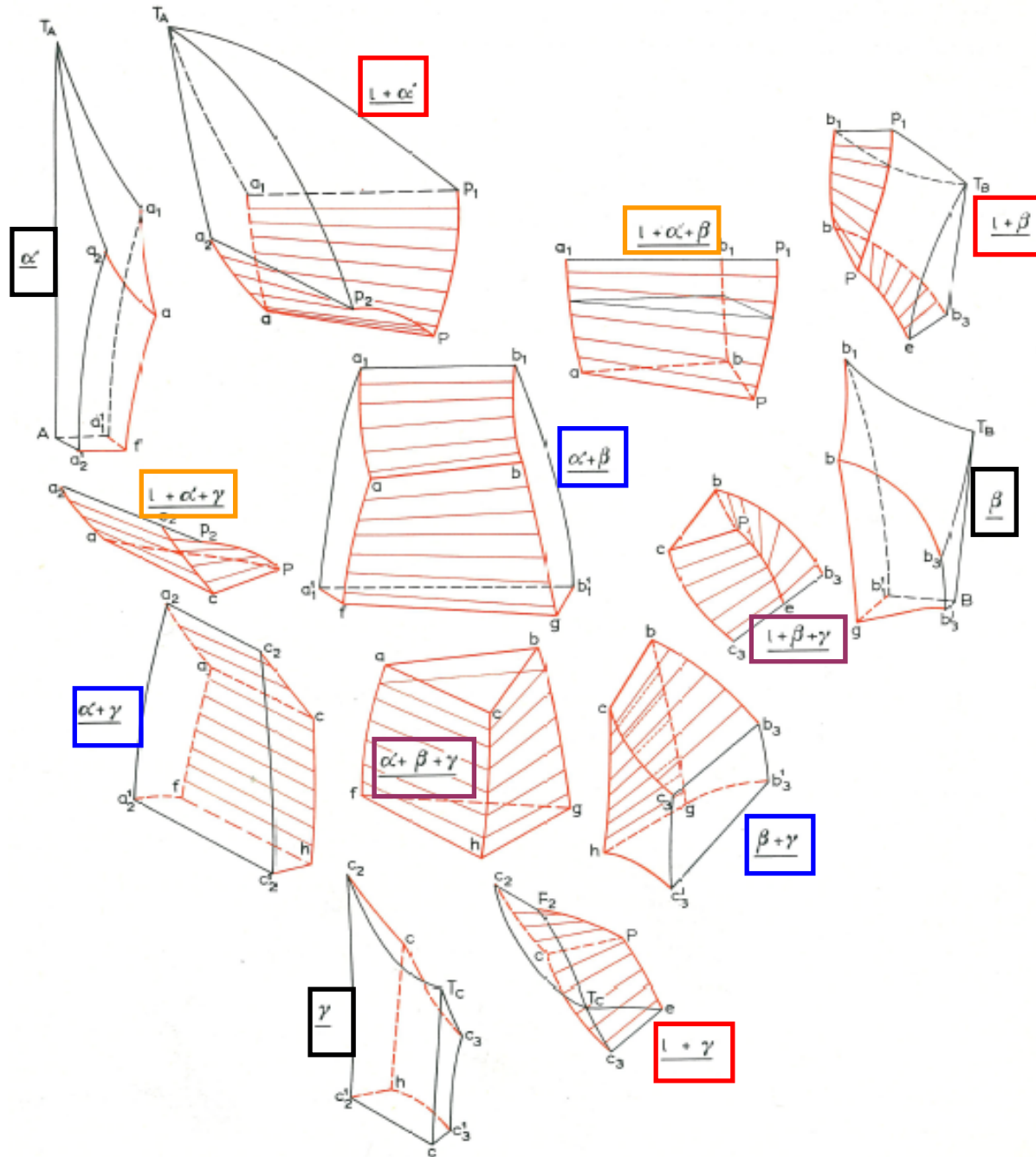
abc peritectic $\alpha\beta\gamma$ equilibrium

Tabular representation of ternary equilibria:
interlinks the binary and ternary reactions in tabular form

QUASI-PERITECTIC EQUILIBRIUM $l + \alpha \rightleftharpoons \beta + \gamma$

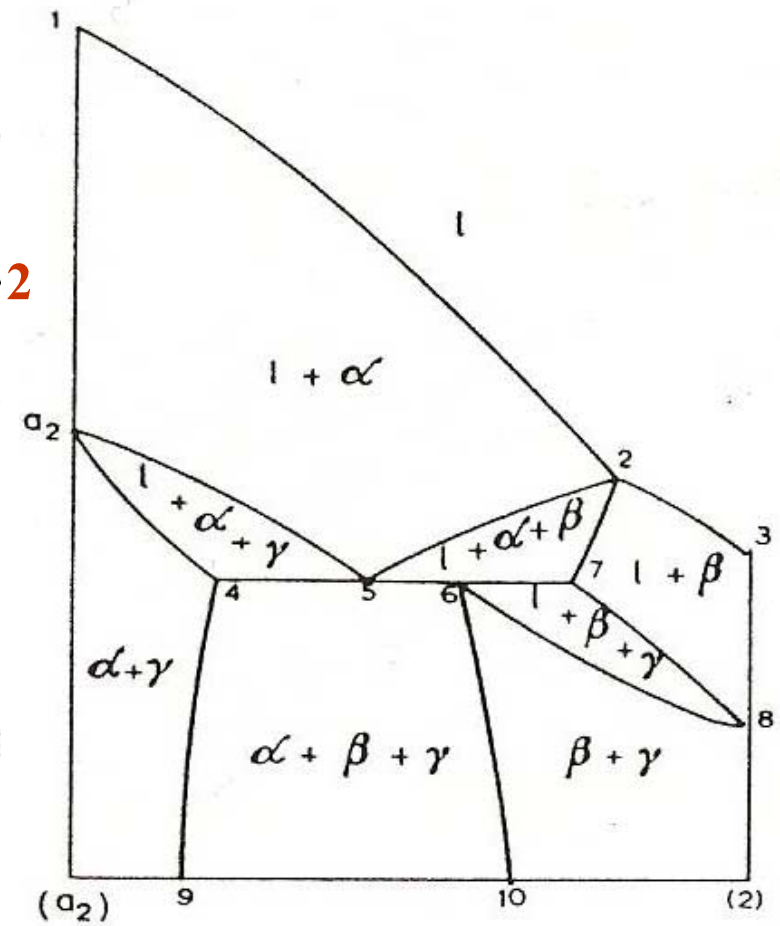
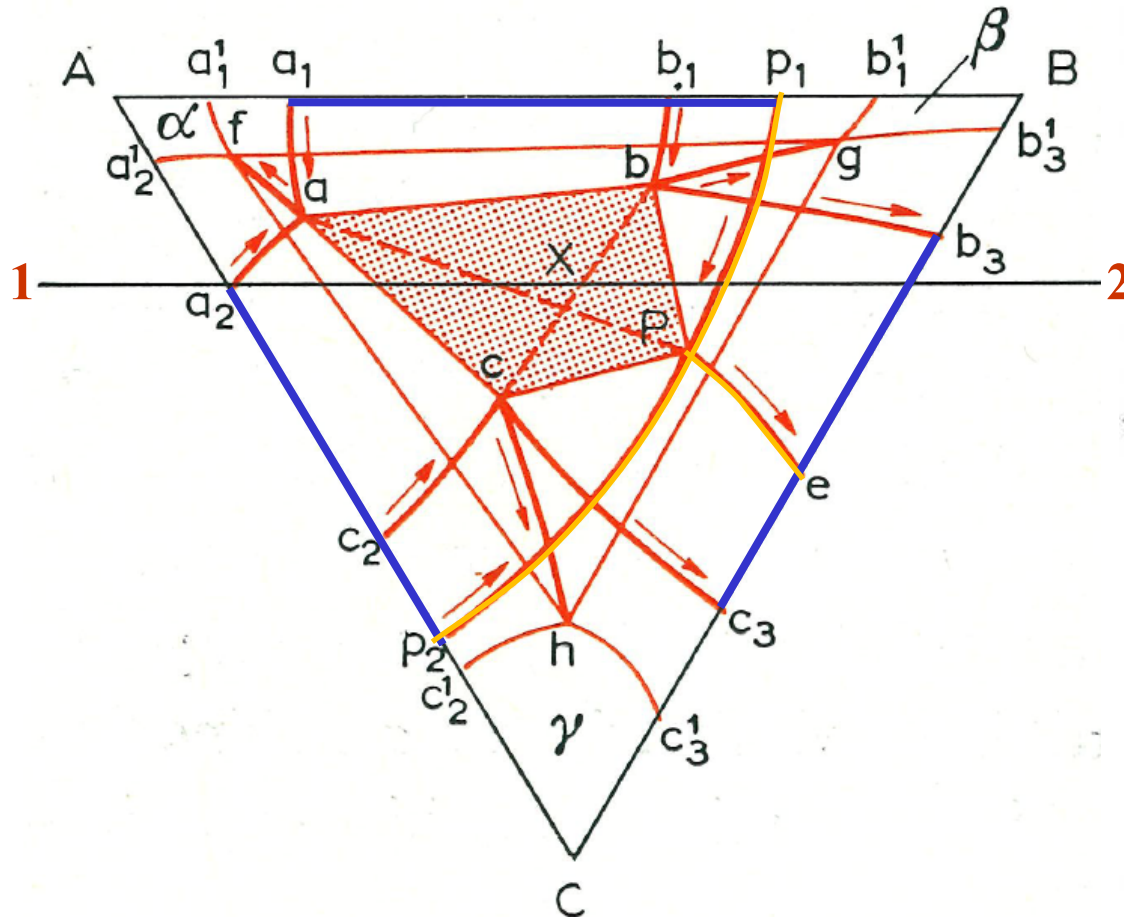


10.3. THE QUASI-PERITECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha = \beta + \gamma$)



10.3. THE QUASI-PERITECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha = \beta + \gamma$)

Vertical section



(a)

10.3. THE QUASI-PERITECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha = \beta + \gamma$)

Vertical section

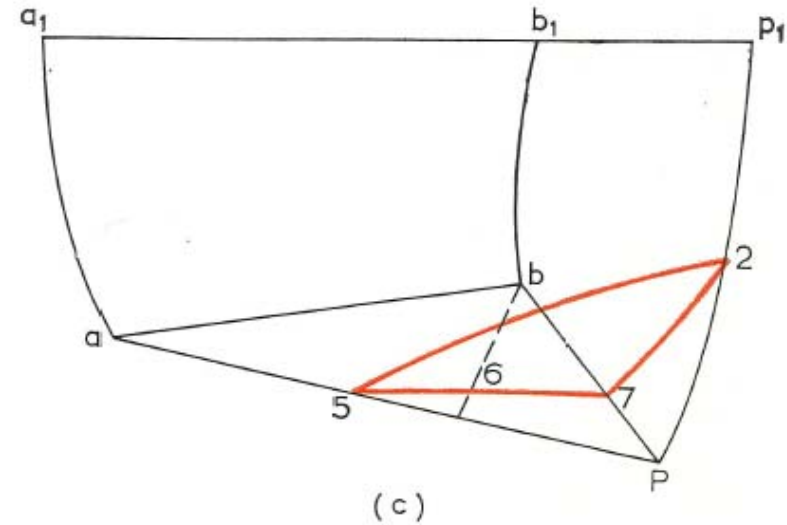
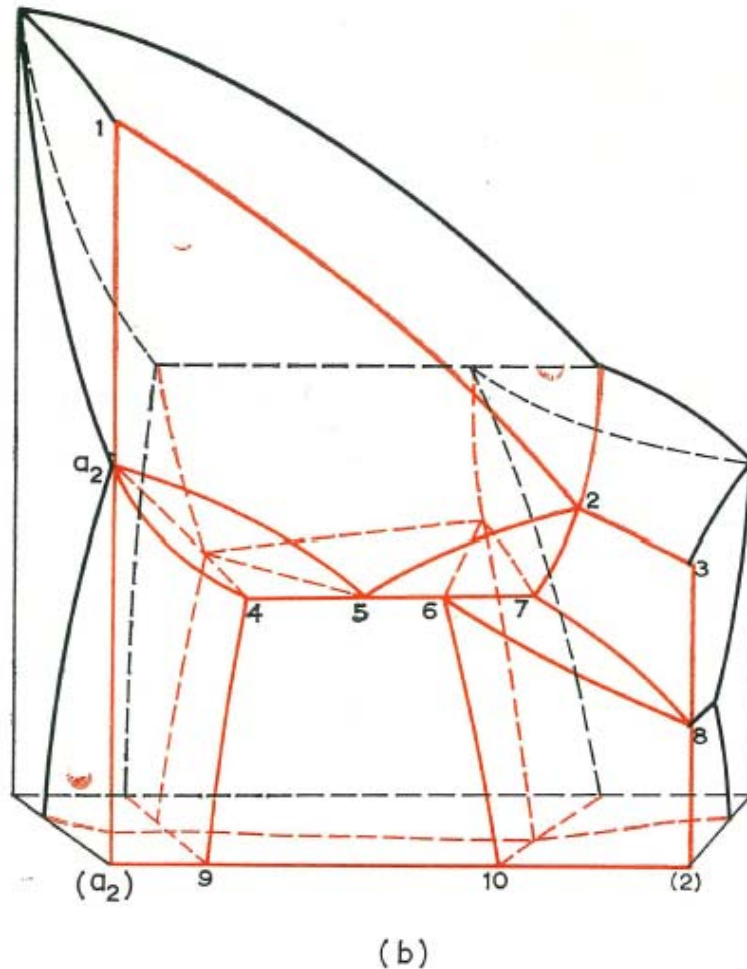


Fig. 188. A vertical section through the space model of Fig. 185a. (a) The vertical section a_2-2 ; (b) construction of the vertical section; (c) intersection of the vertical section with the $l+\alpha+\beta$ phase region.

10.3.2. one of the three phase monovariant equilibria preceding the quasi-peritectic reaction is eutectic and one peritectic.

* Ternary system involving an incongruently-melting binary intermediate phase:

Quasi-peritectic diagram and ternary eutectic diagram

e.g. Au-Ge-Sb ternary in which the δ phase is intermediate phase $AuSb_2$.

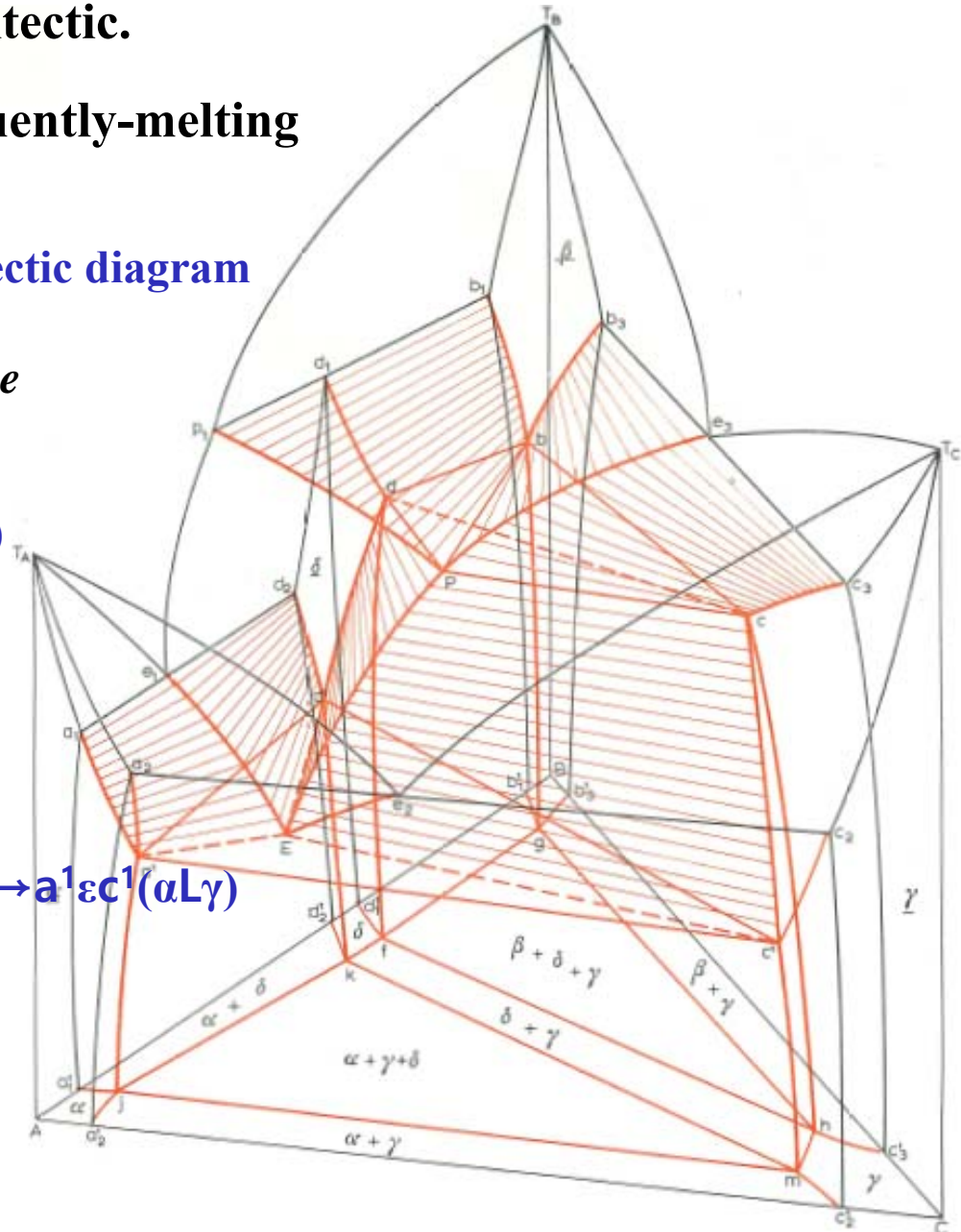
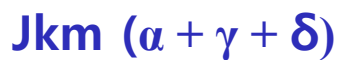
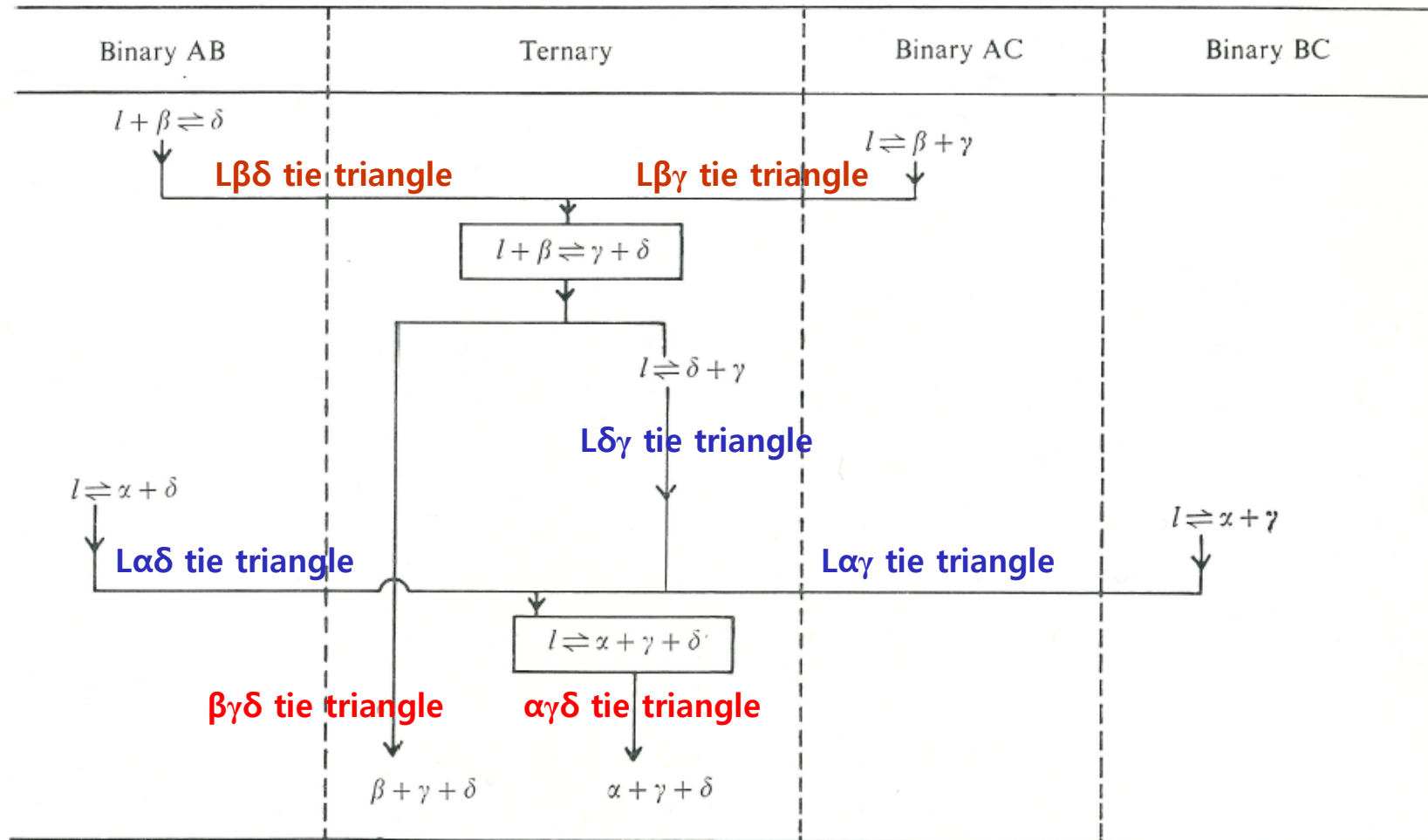


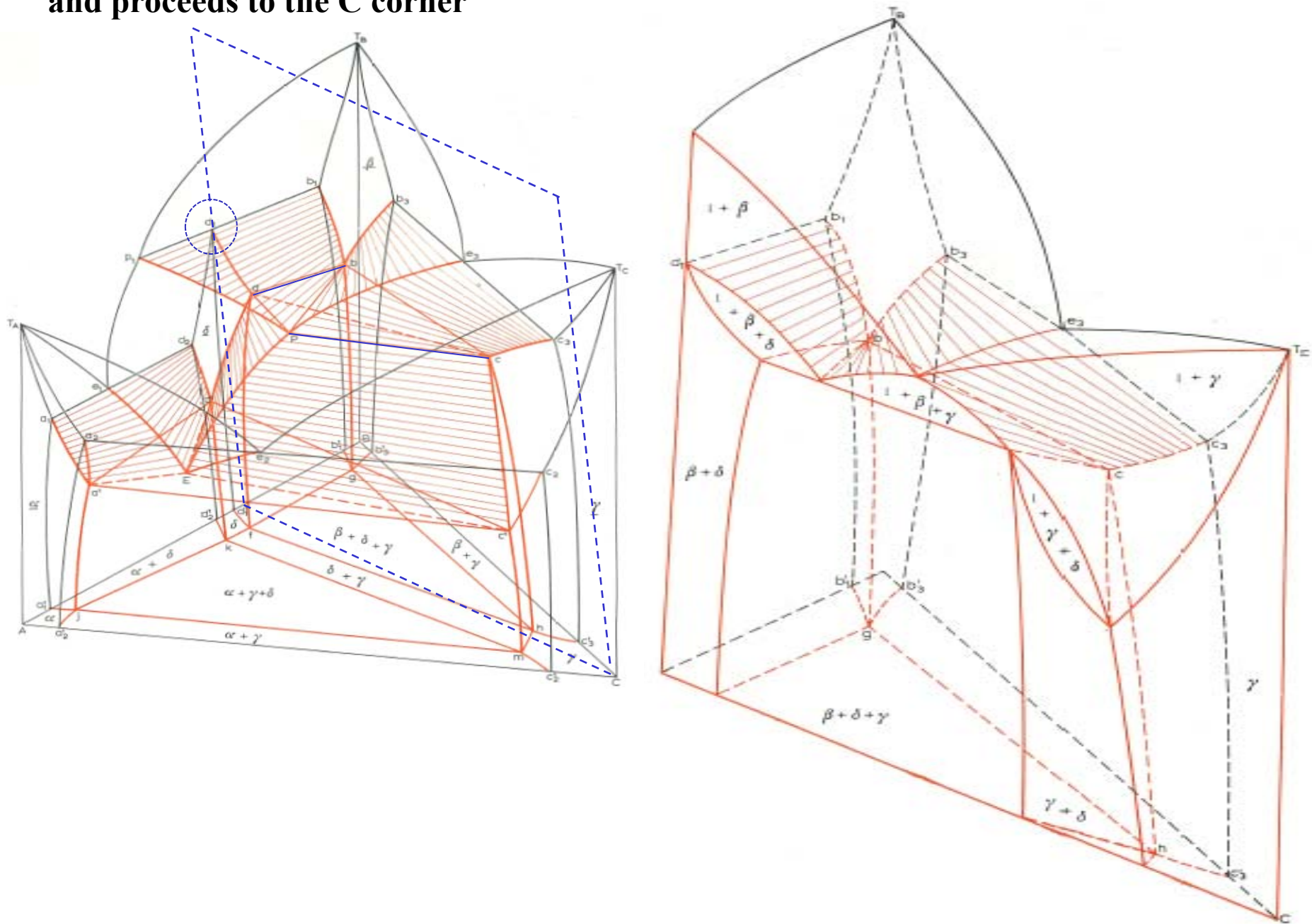
Fig. 189. Ternary system involving an incongruently-melting binary intermediate phase.

Tabular representation of ternary equilibria: interlinks the binary and ternary reactions in tabular form

Quasi-peritectic diagram and ternary eutectic diagram

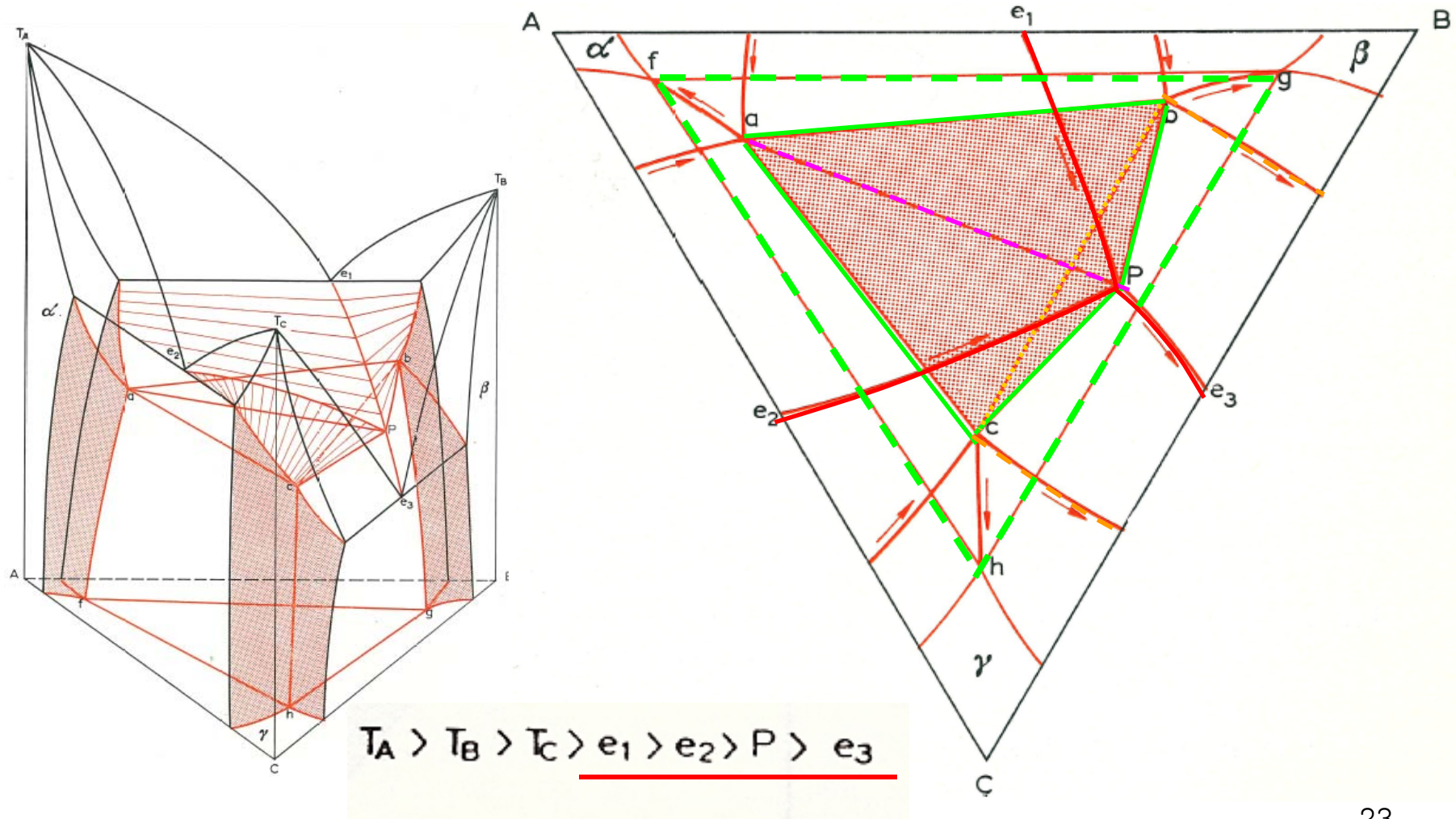


Vertical section which intersects point d_1 on the AB binary, the tie lines db and Pc , and proceeds to the C corner

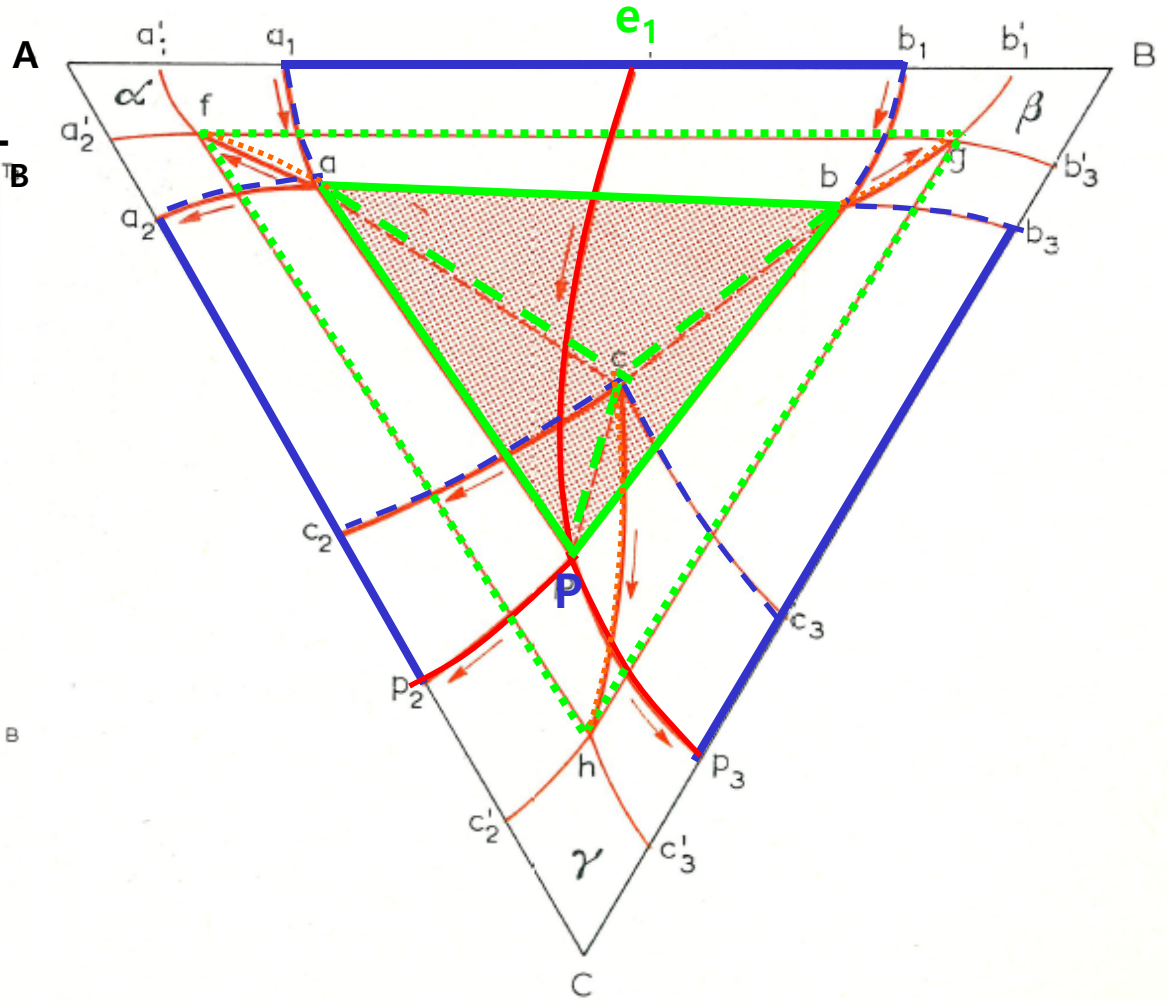
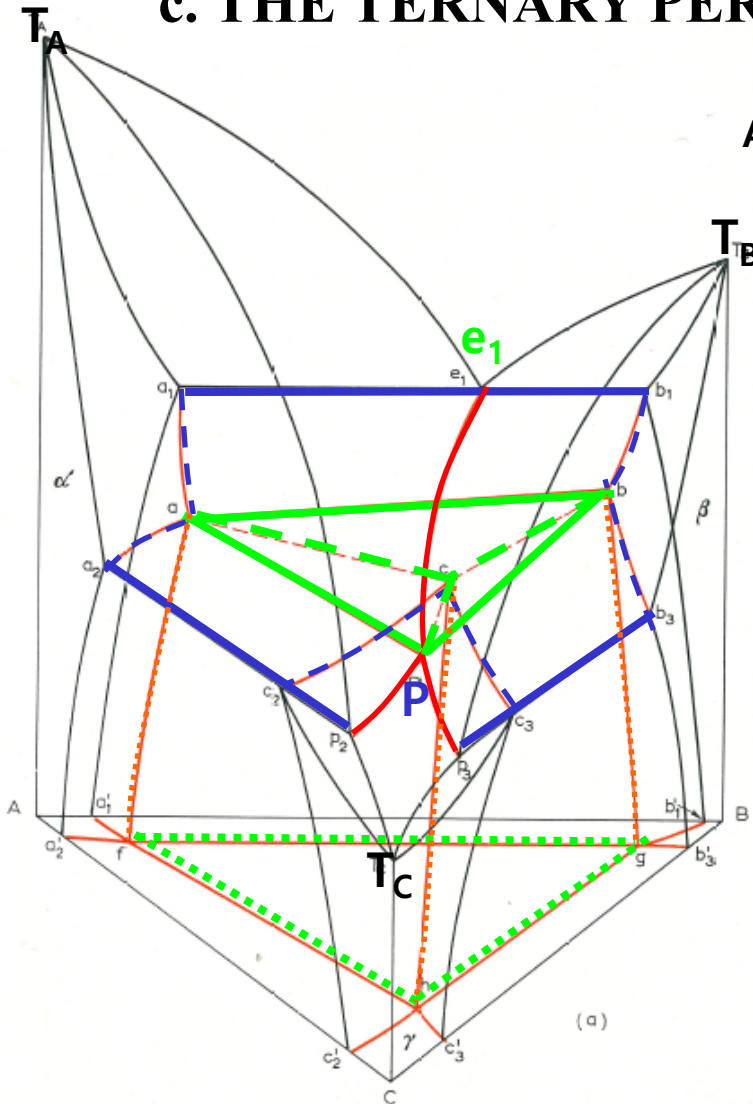


10.3. THE QUASI-PERITECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha = \beta + \gamma$)

Fig. 191. The ternary quasi-peritectic system formed when all three binaries are eutectics.
 (a) Space model; (b) projection on the concentration triangle.



c. THE TERNARY PERIECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha + \beta = \gamma$)



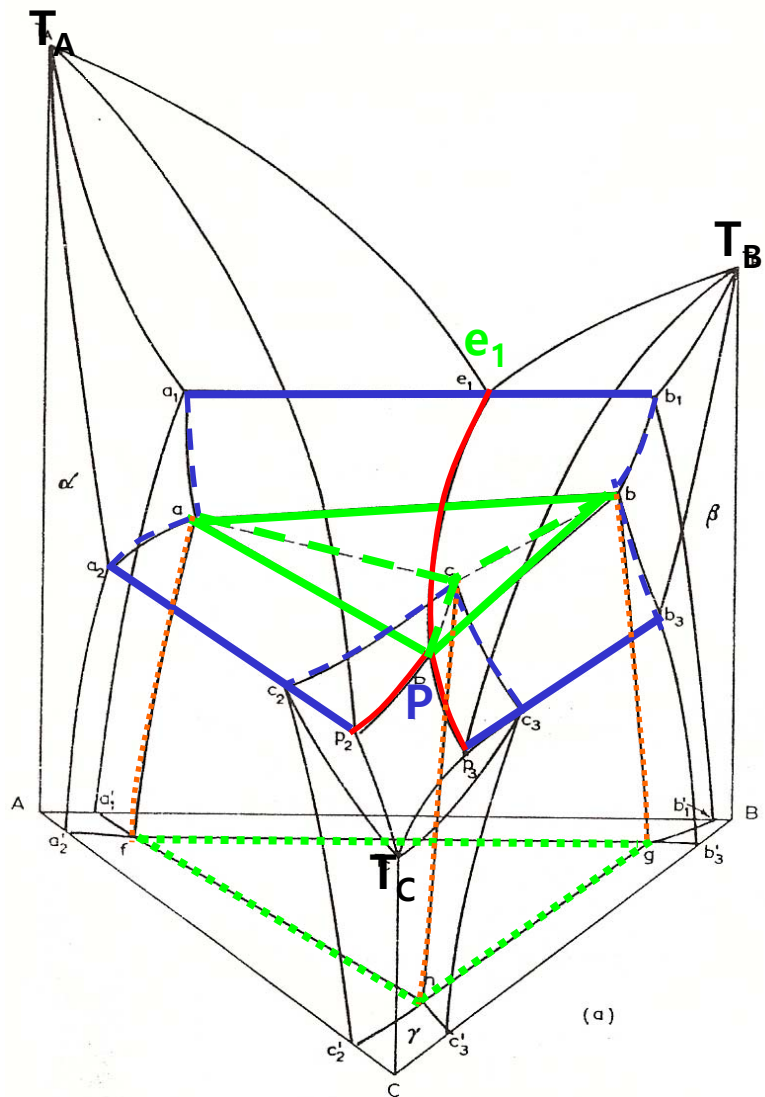
$$T_A > T_B > \underline{e_1} > P > P_2 > P_3 > T_C$$

$$\underline{a_1 e_1 b_1} \rightarrow abP \ (\alpha\beta L)$$

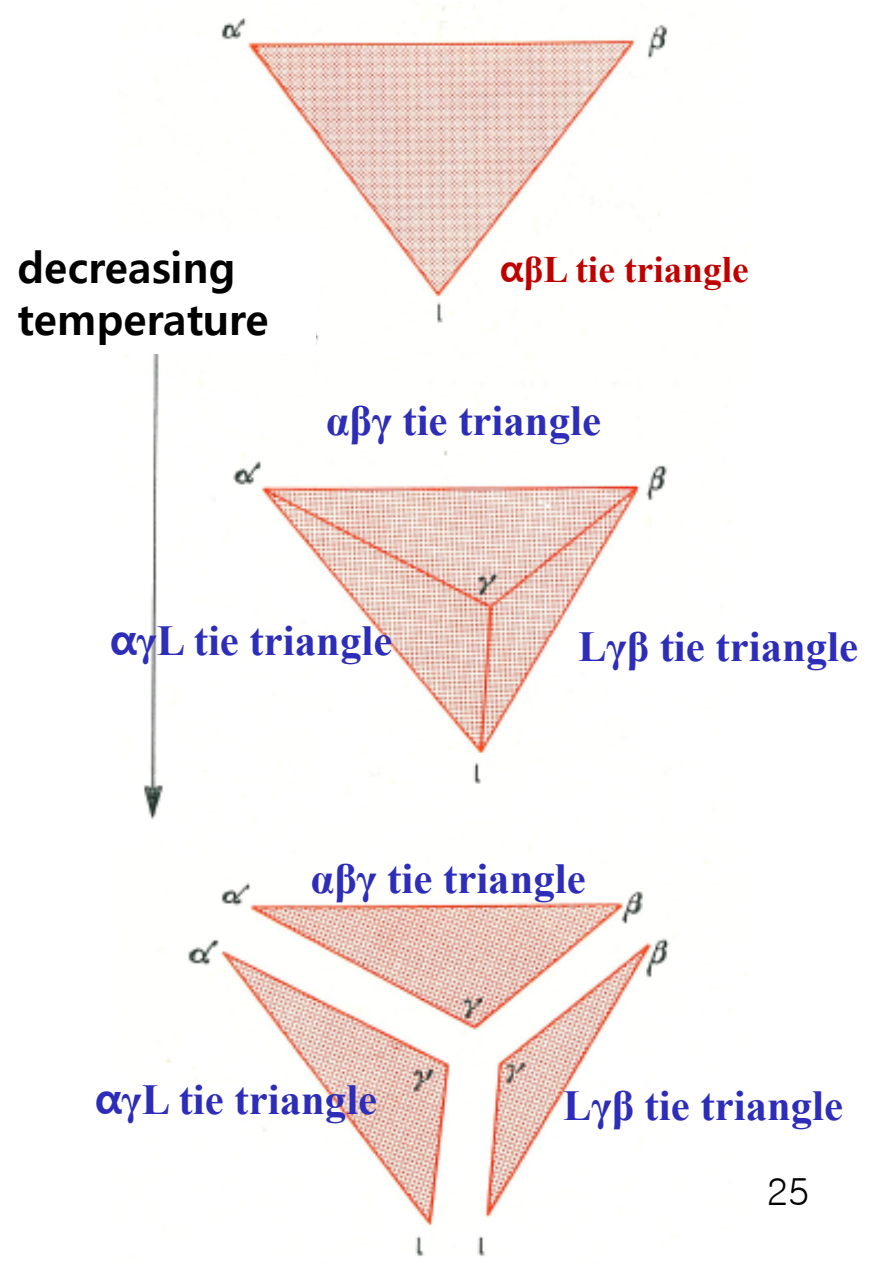


$$aPc(\alpha\gamma L) \rightarrow \underline{a_2 c_2 P_2} / Pcb(L\gamma\beta) \rightarrow \underline{P_3 c_3 b_3} / abc(\alpha\beta\gamma) \rightarrow \underline{fgh} \ (\alpha\beta\gamma)$$

10.4. THE TERNARY PERIECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha + \beta = \gamma$)

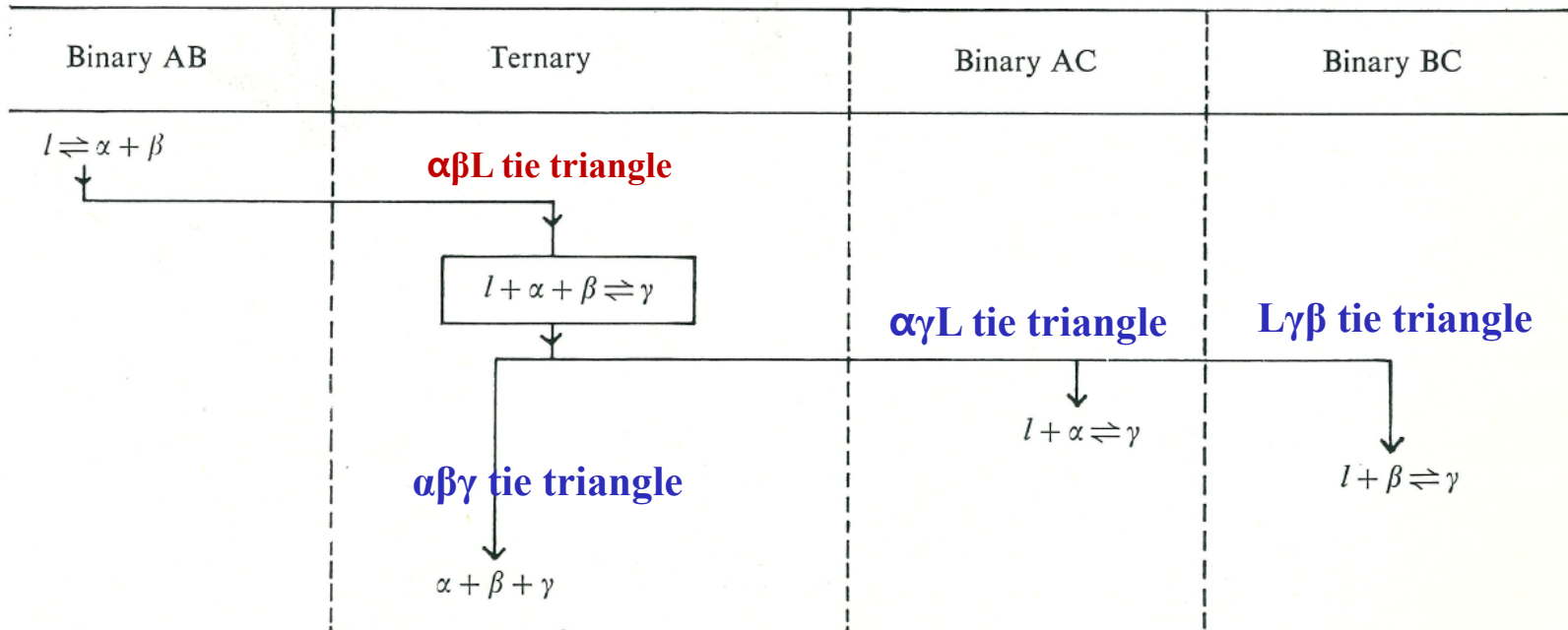


$$T_A > T_B > e_1 > P > P_2 > P_3 > T_C$$

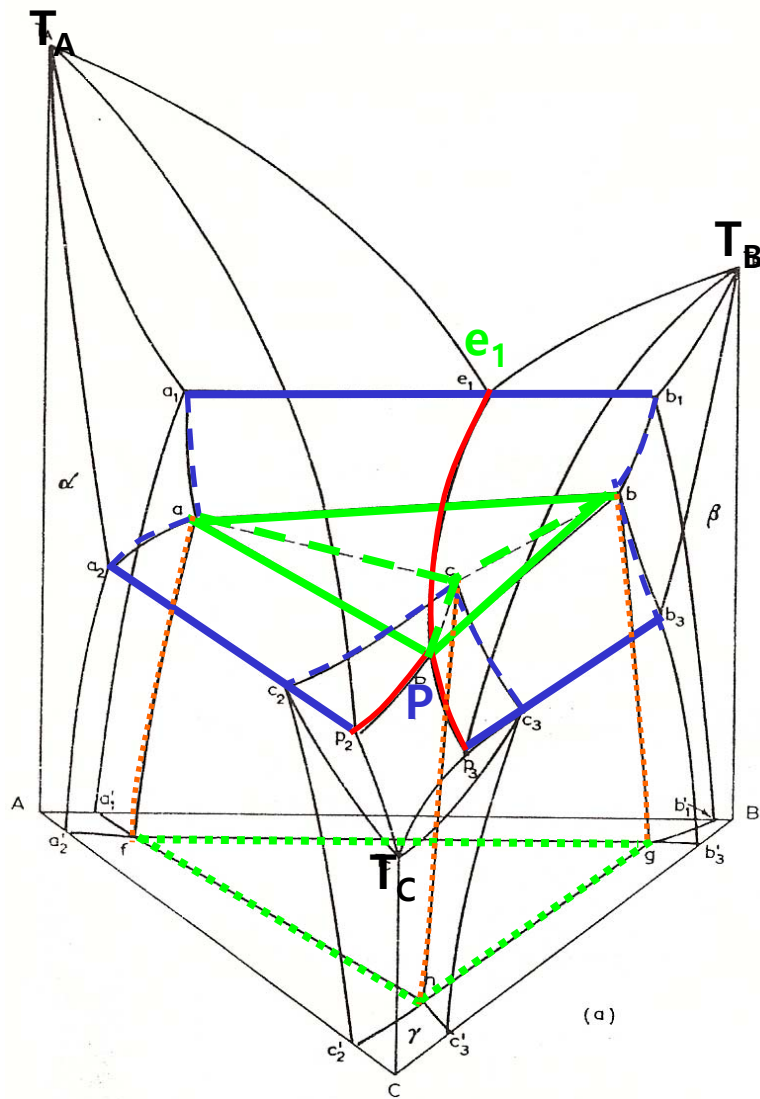


Tabular representation of ternary equilibria:
interlinks the binary and ternary reactions in tabular form

TERNARY PERITECTIC EQUILIBRIUM $l + \alpha + \beta \rightleftharpoons \gamma$

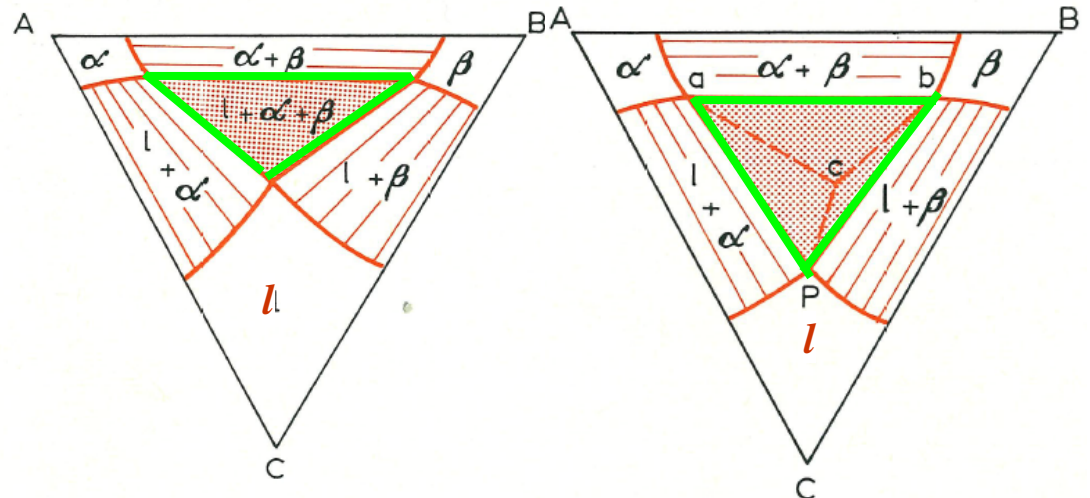


10.4. THE TERNARY PERIECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha + \beta = \gamma$)



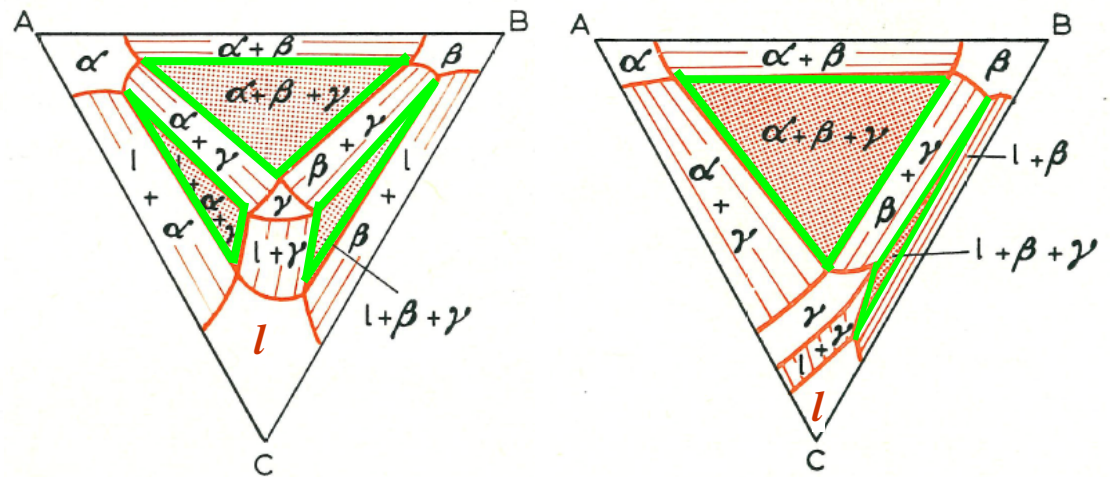
$$T_A > T_B > e_1 > P > P_2 > P_3 > T_C$$

Isothermal section



$$e_1 > T > P$$

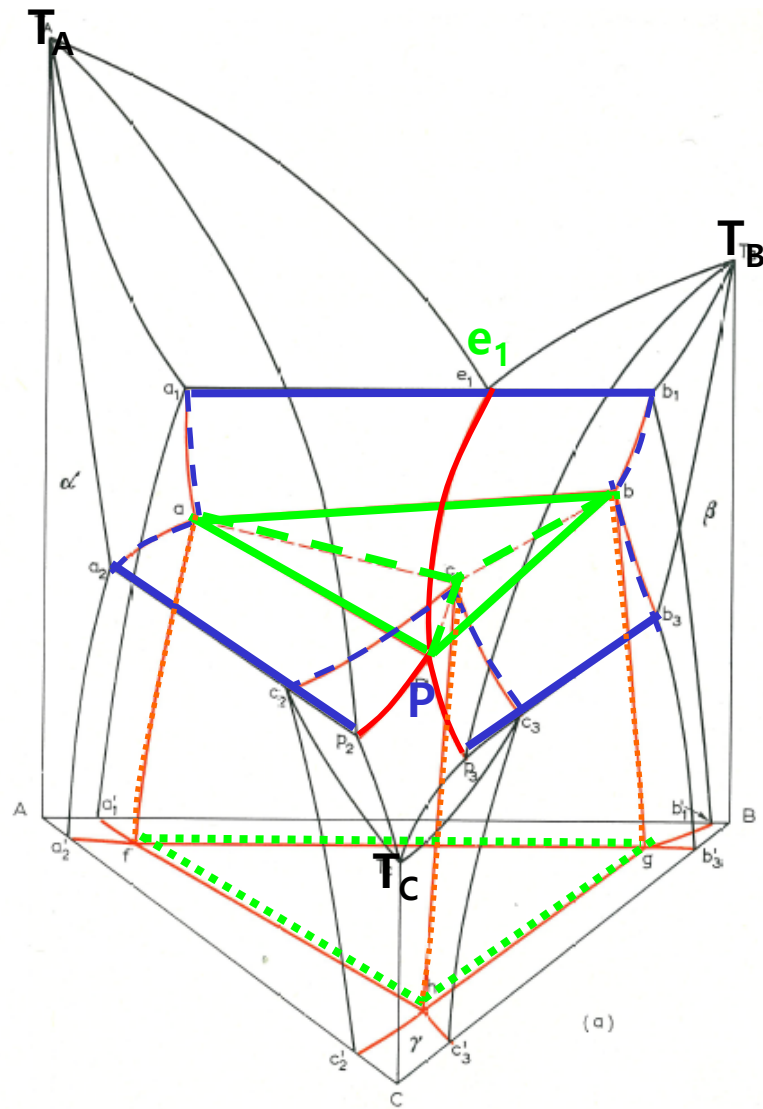
$$T = P$$



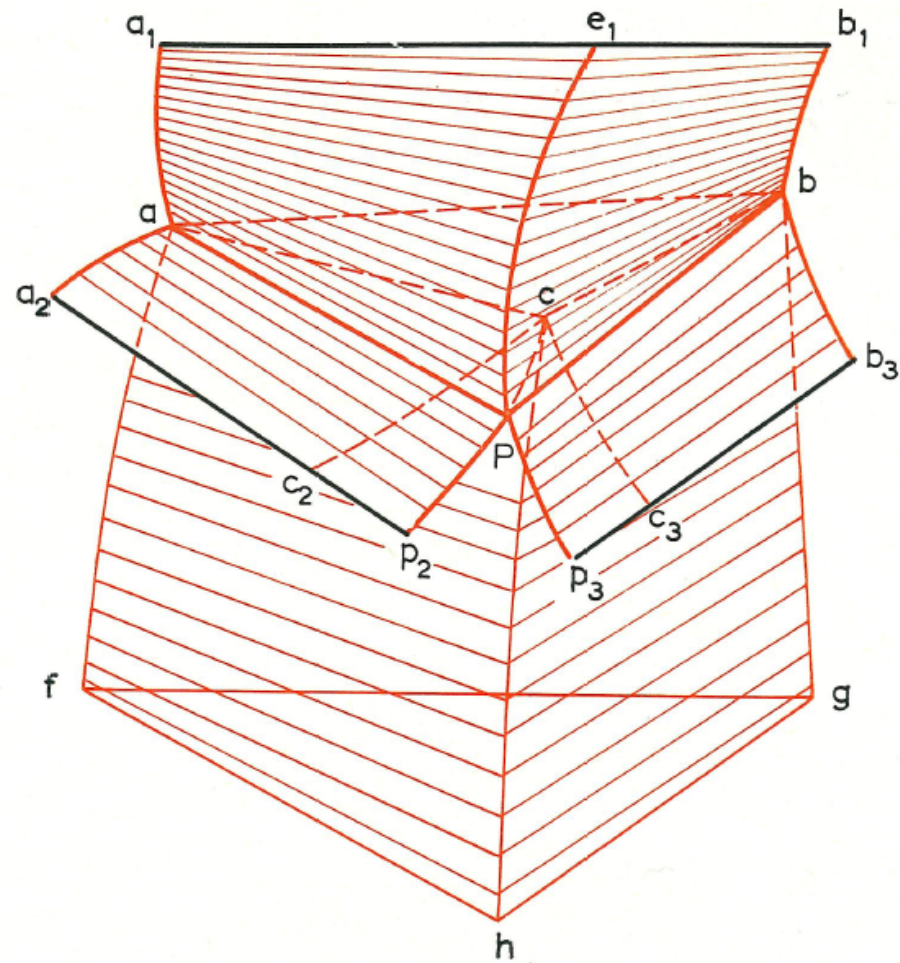
$$P > T > P_2$$

$$P_2 > T > P_3^{27}$$

10.4. THE TERNARY PERIECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha + \beta = \gamma$)



$$T_A > T_B > e_1 > P > P_2 > P_3 > T_C$$



The ternary peritectic four-phase plane as the junction of four tie triangles

10.4. THE TERNARY PERIECTIC EQUILIBRIUM ($l + \alpha + \beta = \gamma$)

