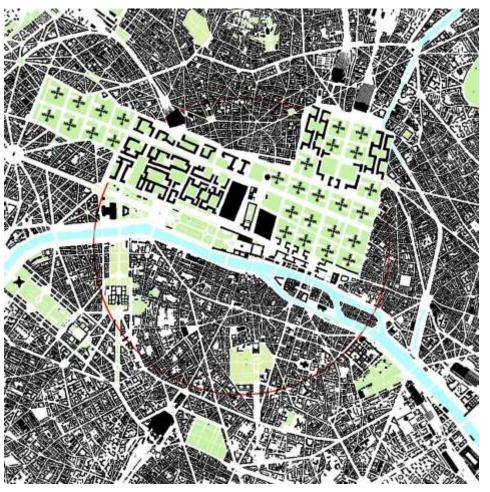






Ludwig Hilberseimer 1927

Jamsil 1980s

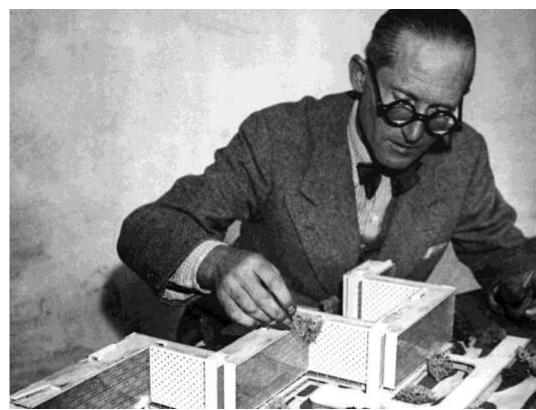




Le Corbusier: Plan Viosin 1925

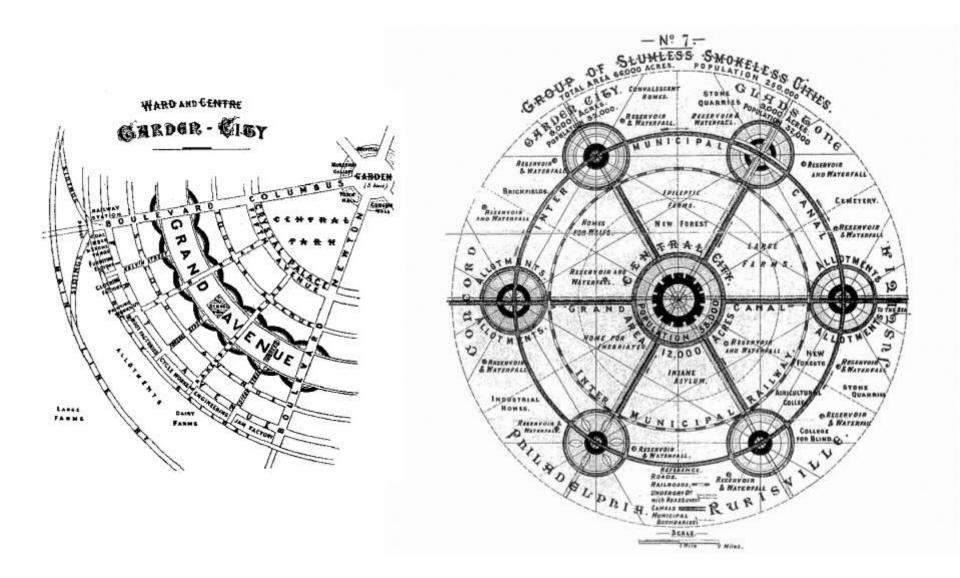
Hwanghak-dong, Seoul 2017







Taylorism, the division of labor, and women entering the workforce

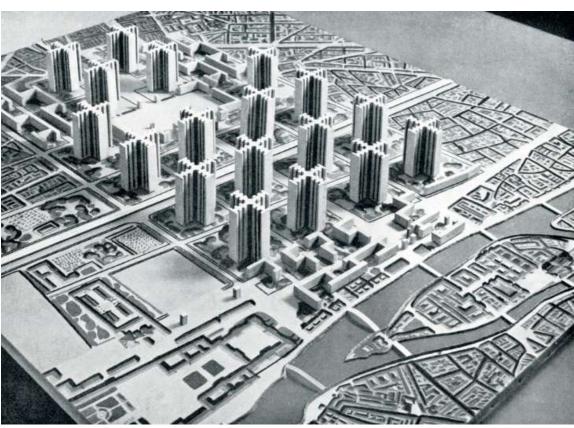






CIAM 2: 1929 Ernst May, City Architect Minimum Dwelling Unit Die Wohnung fur las Existenzminimum (Siedlungen)





CIAM 3: 1930 Rationelle Bebauungsweisen (Rational Site Planning). A rejection of the 'piecemeal' urbanism of CIAM 2

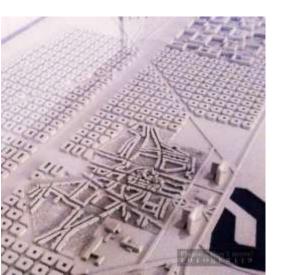




Palace of the Soviets competition 1931 The loss of modernism to reactionary Stalinism.



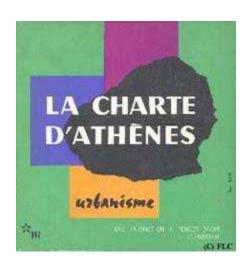
J. L. Sert Le Corbusier

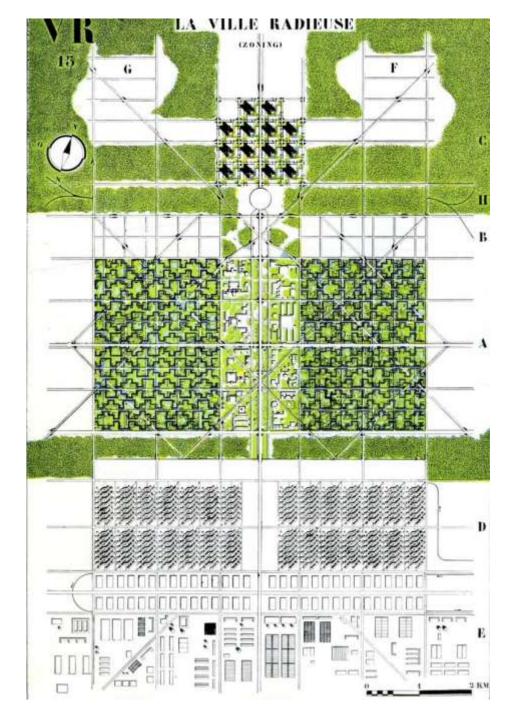




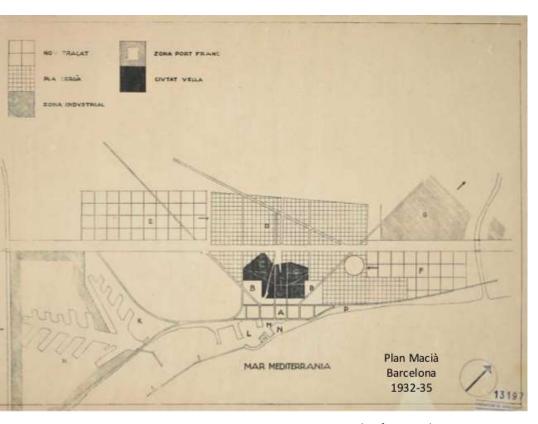
CIAM 4: Functionalist City 1933

On a chartered cruise ship form Marseilles discourse moves from Moscow to Barcelona. A rejection of the garden city, hints at public space through appropriation of existing urban areas.

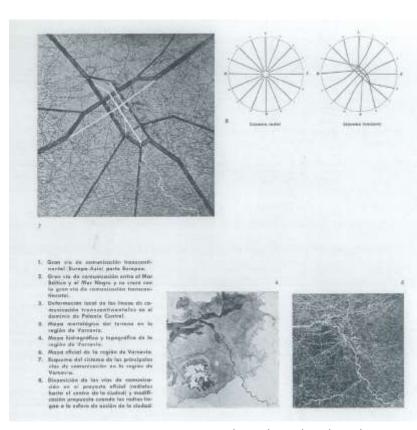




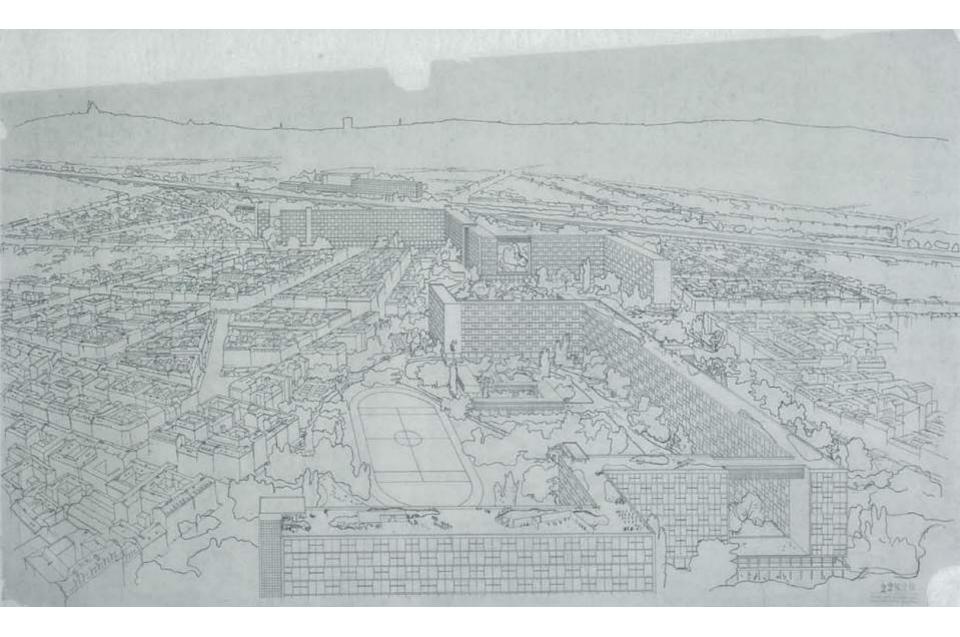
1933 Athens Charter by Le Corbusier single-handedly published after CIAM 4



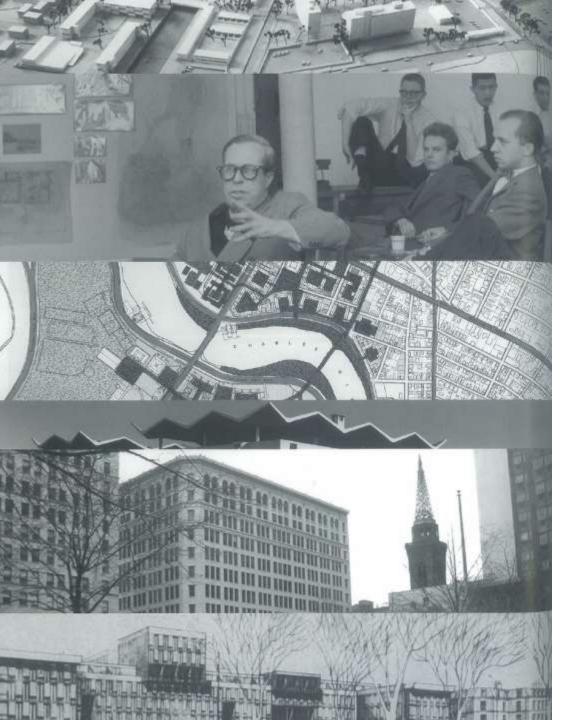
Sert: Macia Plan for Barcelona, 1935 Integrating the city core



Szymon Syrkus a d Jan Chmielnewski, Functional Warsaw, 1934 -37 A city core tied to its region through infrastructure



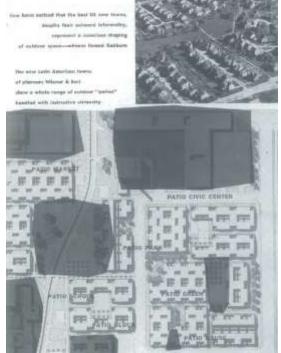
Le Corbusier: Project for Paris, 1936 Neighborhood reorganization

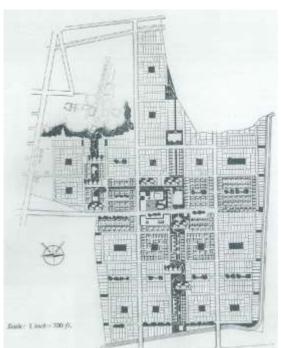


"The dream cities of functionalist architecture conceived in the twenties, where high buildings would be surrounded by vast public parks, would be an anti-civic Utopia. Many architects are now convinced that such cities developed as continuous parks would lack urban quality and visual interest. We need shops, lights, life, near the ground. – JOSEP LLUIS SERT, 1955

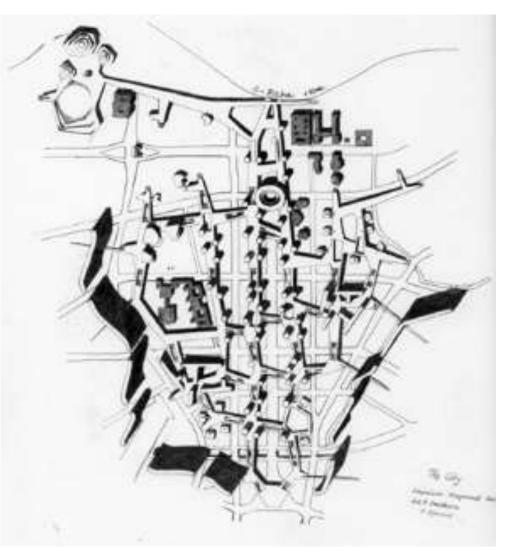


Fumihiko Maki, student; Sert, critic 1954. Reference a 1953 article by Werner and Sert, 'Can Patios Make Cities?'



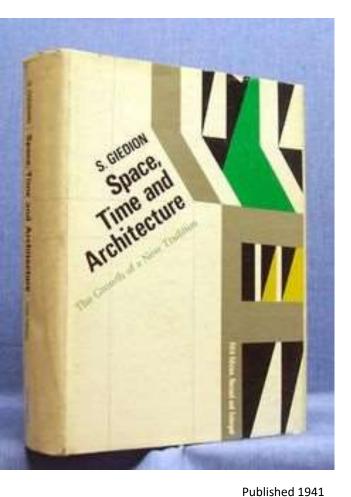


Sert and Werner, Havana 1956





Team X splits from CIAM and tries to promote an alternative vision. "The core is a realization, not a space." In 1954 they reject the four urban functions.



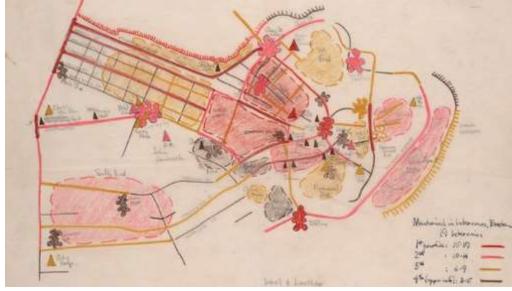


Shepley, Bullfinch, Richardson with Sasaki: Quincy House 1955 and the introduction of interdisciplinary architecture + landscape

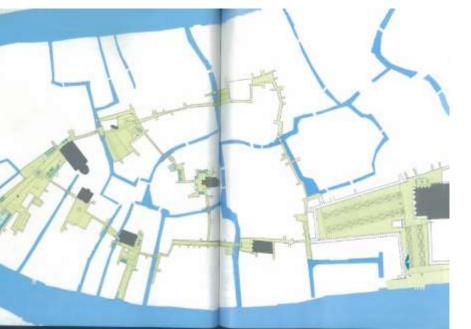
Sert's reaction to team X was to increase intellectual production for the concept of 'Urban Design'



Jane Jacobs, Washington Square Park protest 1953: Importance of street life

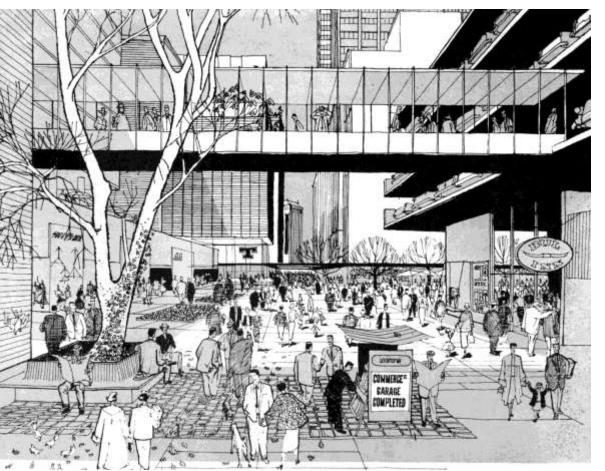


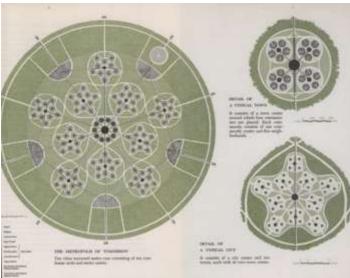
Perceptual Form of the City, Kepes and Kevin Lynch



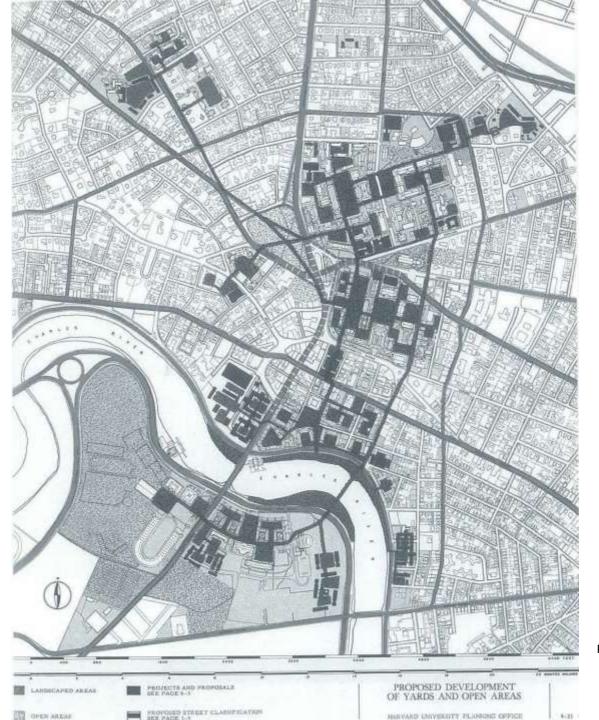
Edmund Bacon, author of Design of Cities, director of Philadelphia Planning: articulation of space for experience by the people

First Harvard Urban Design Conference 1955: Keep and pedestrianize our existing city cores. Network mixed use and community spaces.





Victor Gruen, Fort Worth Masterplan, 1955: little demolition of existing and complete pedestrianization of the core.

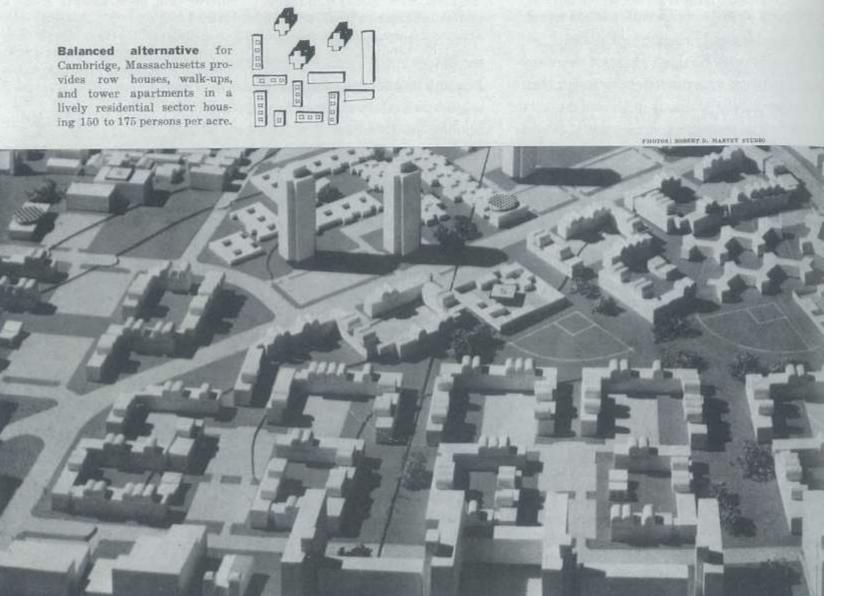


Pedestrian networks, Harvard 1960

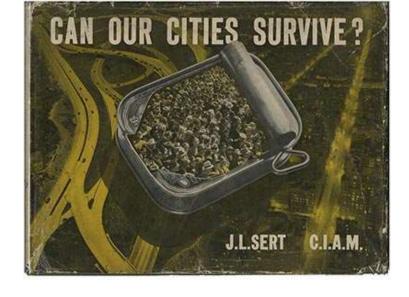




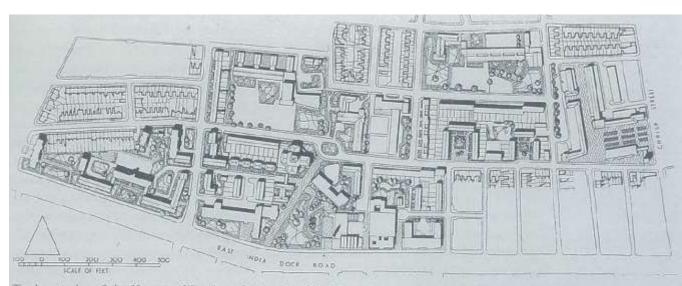
Sert Jackson: Holyoke Center, Harvard 1958-66



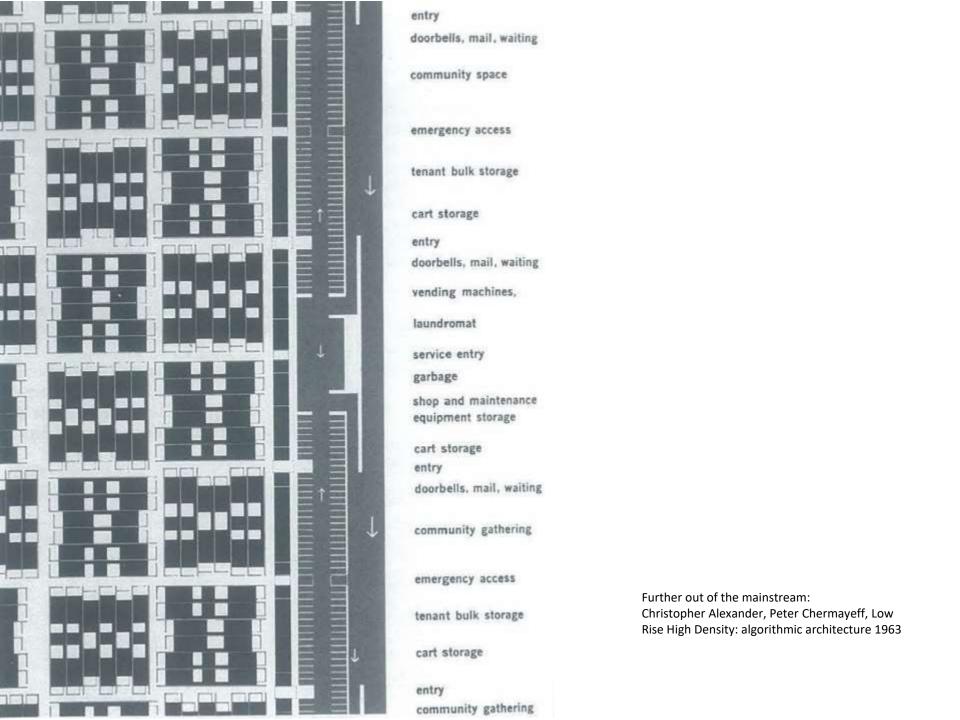
Urban Design Conference 1957 after the dissolution of CIAM. Added tenets included mix of densities, separation of car and pedestrian, and the need to re-urbanize cities instead of suburban development. In a personal meeting with faculty, Sert talks about taking the ideas to developing nations in Asia and Latin America, seeing the lack of support in the U.S.



Urban Design falls out of the mainstream: The Shape of our Cities by Sert and Tyrwhitt is rejected by Harvard University Press and Life Magazine.

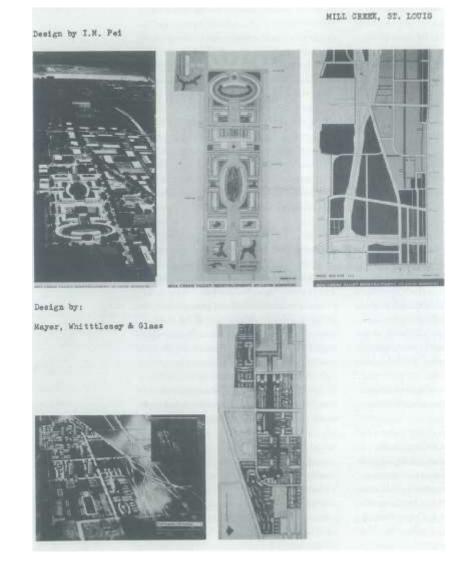


The layout plan of the 40 acres of Lansbury forming the 1951 Live Architecture Exhibition. The complete neighbourhood will cover 124 acres and is one of the principal redevelopment areas prescribed in the County of London Plan. The present development includes a shopping centre, five schools, two churches, four public houses and a wide variety of housing in flats, maisonettes, terrace houses and old people's homes



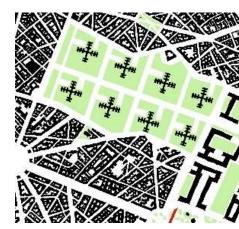


Sert at the Times Square urban design studio, 1955



In 1960, the first Urban Design Degree is offered at Harvard



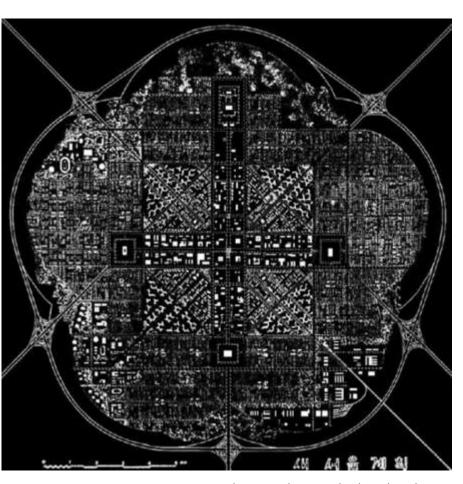


Misunderstood 'symbol' of modernism and CIAM

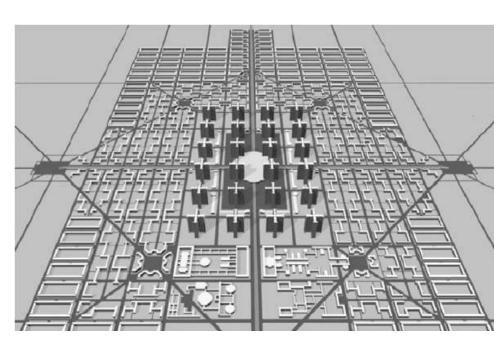
Brownsville Brooklyn



Pruit Igoe demolition 1971 In 1935, Catherine Bauer brings CIAM's ideas to the U.S. After decades, the collision of modern idealism and American bureaucracy ends in disastrous results.



1966 Southern Seoul masterplan based on the shape of the Mugunghwa flower



Corbusier's plan for 3M inhabitants



Park Hunshik's masterplan for southern Seoul 1963



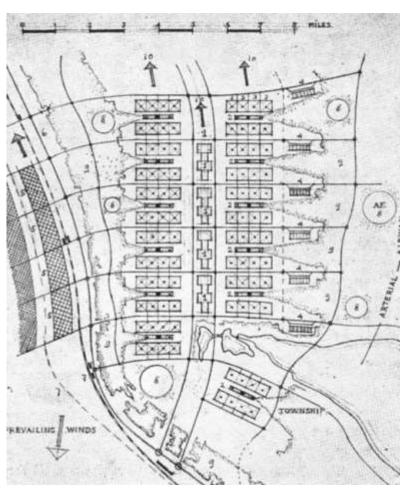
American suburb



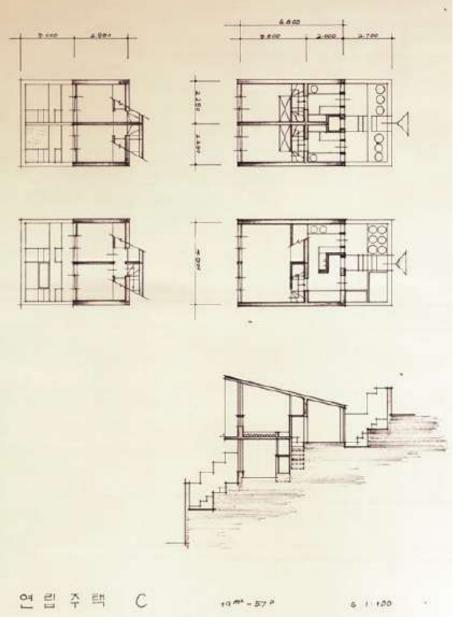
HURPI (Housing and Urban Planning Institute) established in 1965 by the U.S. based Asia Foundation with Oswald Nagler as its head.



HURPI South Seoul masterplan for 1.2M inhabitants 1967



Sert, neighborhood unit plan for 960,000 inhabitants, 1944





Minimum dwelling unit HURPI, ca 1965

Minimum dwelling unit 1929

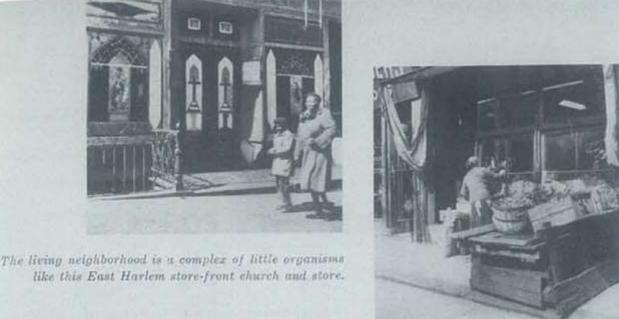


HURPI South Seoul masterplan blocks 1967

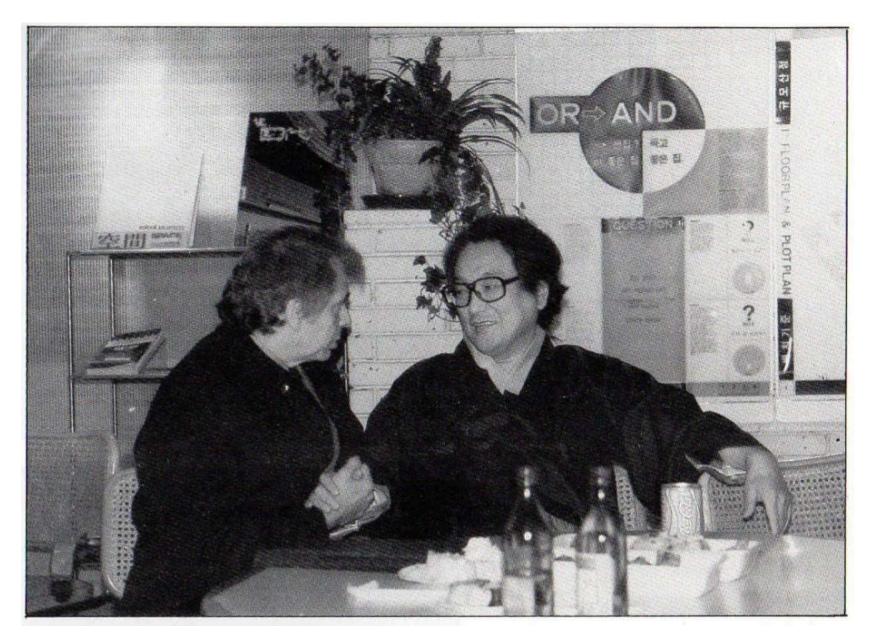
Sert and Town Planning Associates, Botota block, 1950-53



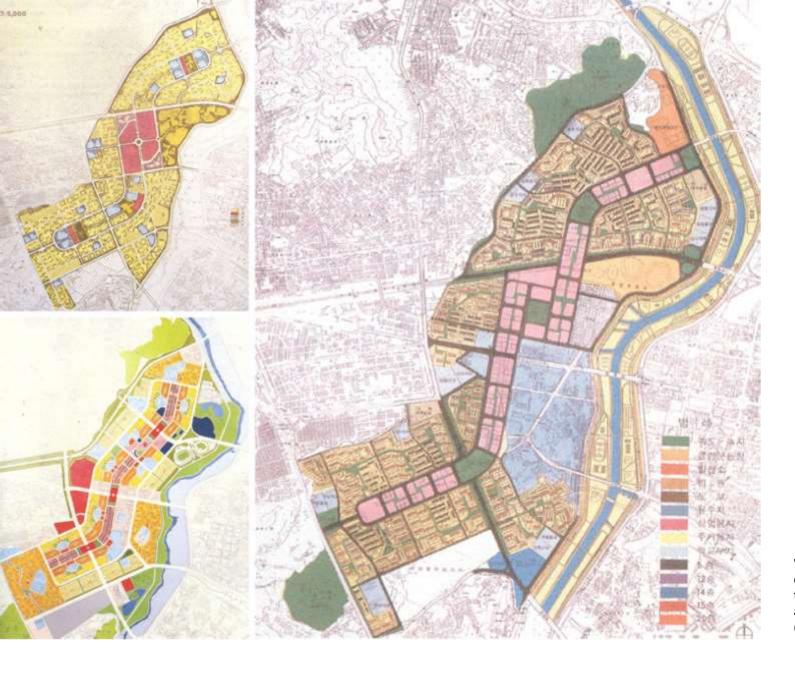
Market as center of Neighborhood unit, Suwon 1967



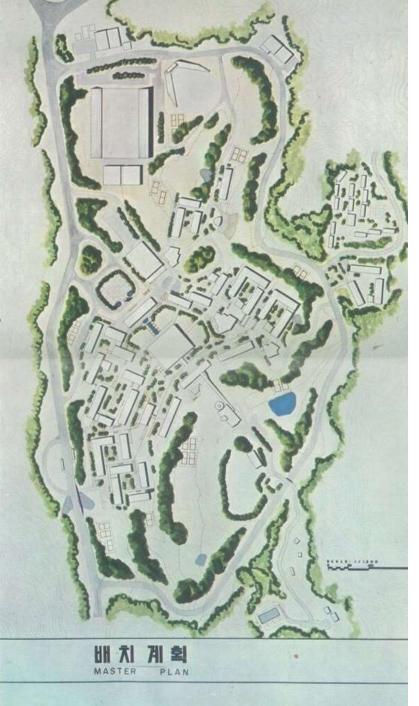
First Harvard Urban Design Conference 1955: Keep and pedestrianize our existing city cores. Network mixed use and community spaces.



Oswald Nagher and Kim Sweoo Geun , 1985



Winners of the Mokdong competition and the built project advised by Nagler (right) 1983



SNU Masterplan, Dober Paddock Upton, 1971



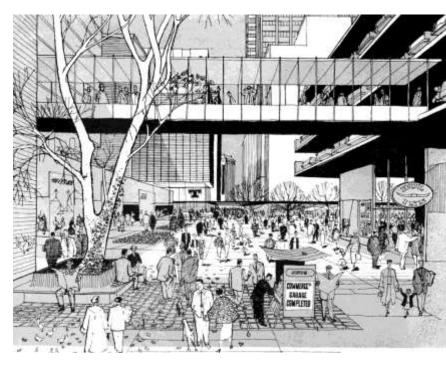


Quincy House 1955





Insadong, Seoul pedestrianized in 1996 under Kang Hong-bin, HURPI graduate and vice-mayor of Seoul



Victor Gruen, Fort Worth Masterplan, 1955



Seoullo 7017, 2017



Cheonggyecheon 2012







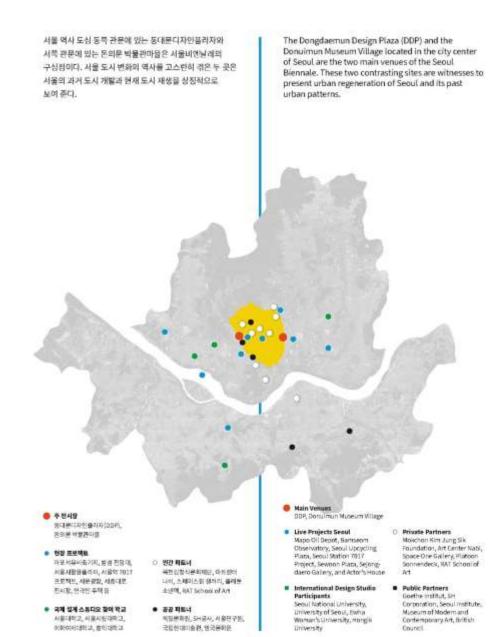
John Hong: Clover at Holyoke Center, Harvard 2014

Seoul Biennale International Studio Sites

전시장과 프로젝트 현장 Venues and Sites 서울시기자도 수선천도(百百全層)。 A map of the Sistorical city center of Seoul, 1846-49; redidots are 1946-49년, 표시된 고픈 본익분

[원학]과 현재 동대윤디자연율하지가 위치한 중인지문 차면.

Donulmun (left) and Heungin jimun, where the Dongdaemun Design Plaza (DDP) is located.

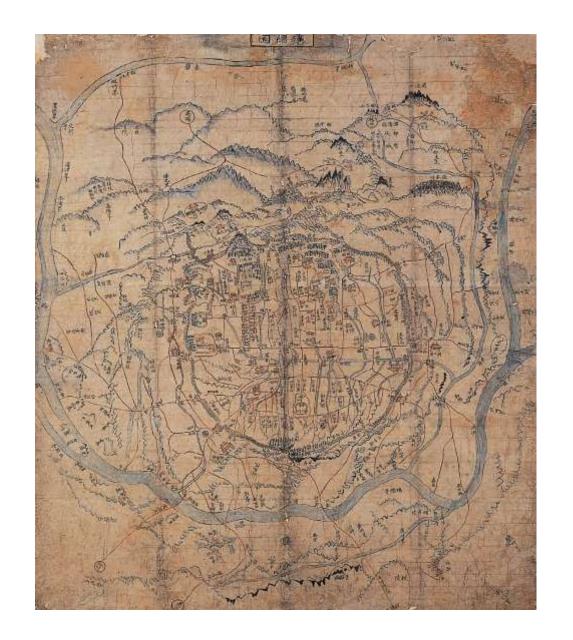


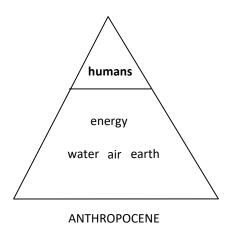


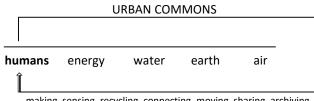


City Architects: Ernst May 1927 in Frankfurt, Seung H-Sang 2014 in Seoul

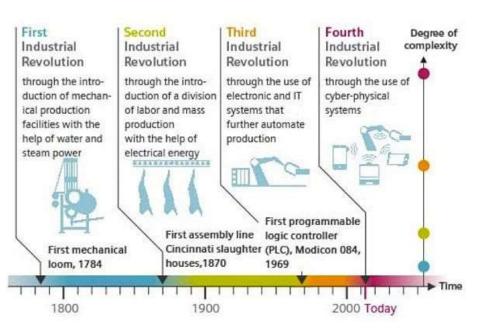






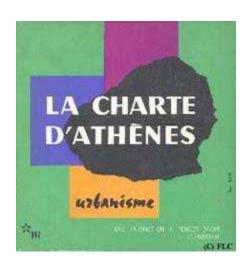


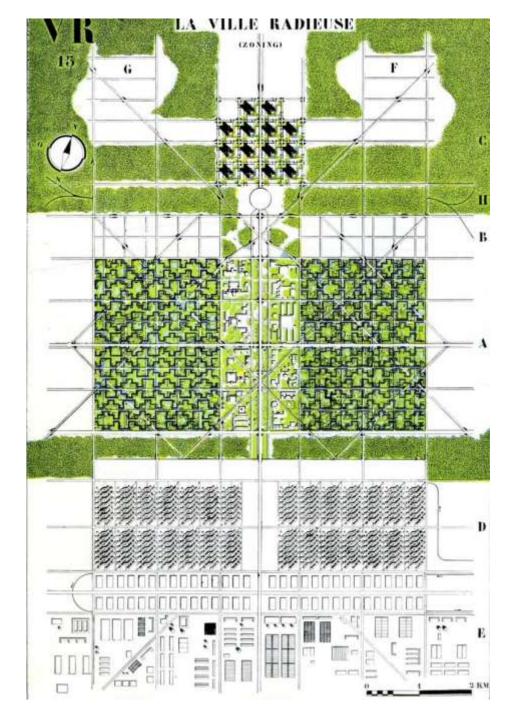
making, sensing, recycling, connecting, moving, sharing, archiving



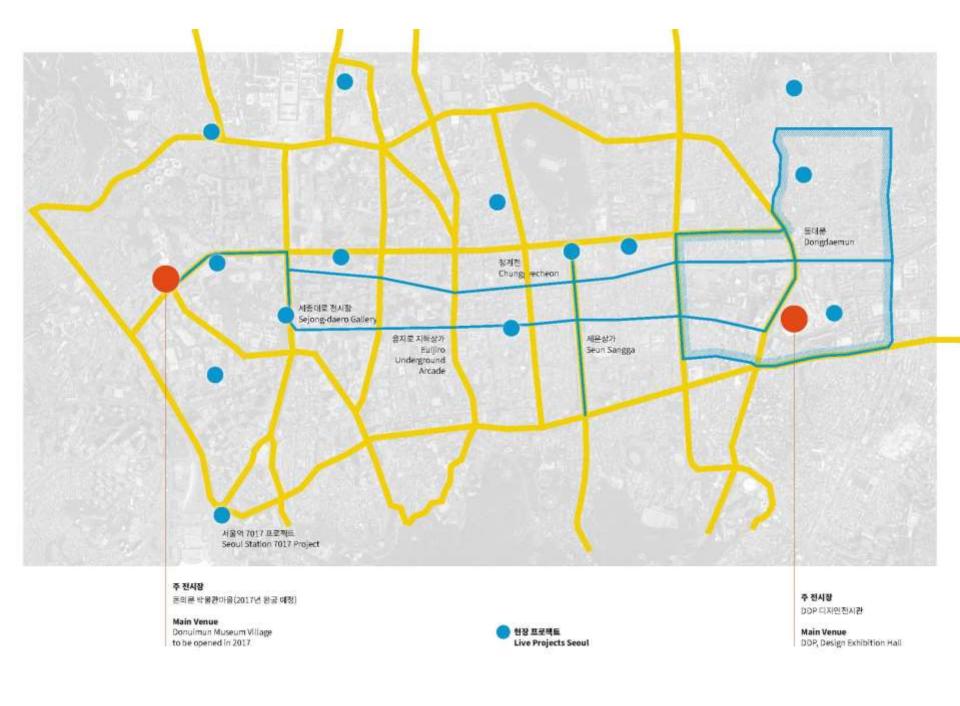


The 4th Industrial Revolution





1933 Athens Charter by Le Corbusier single-handedly published after CIAM 4

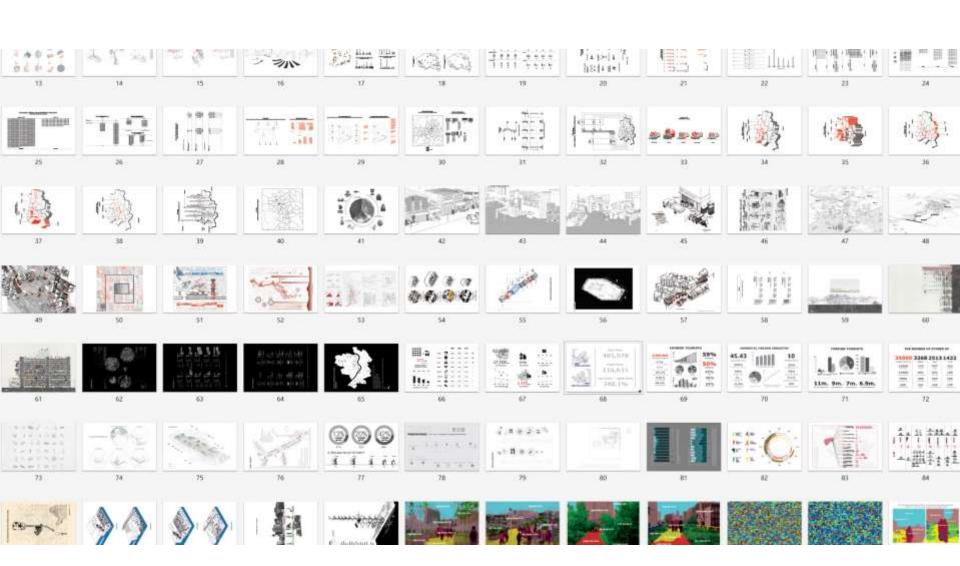


"도시재생활성화지역" 지정 등 집중적으로 재생





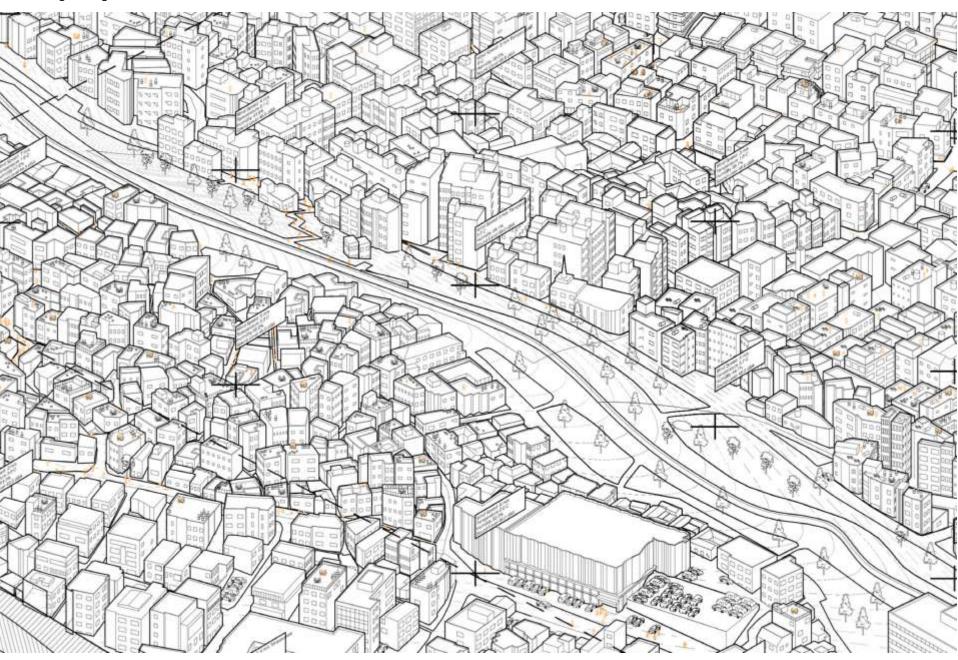
Data Room







HKU: Eunice Seng x Koon Wee Studio

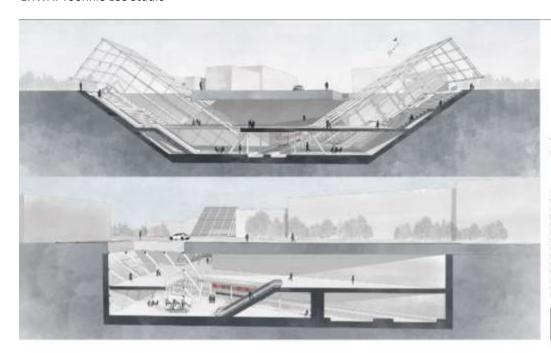






Seun Sangga circa 1967





THE CROSSING BOXES

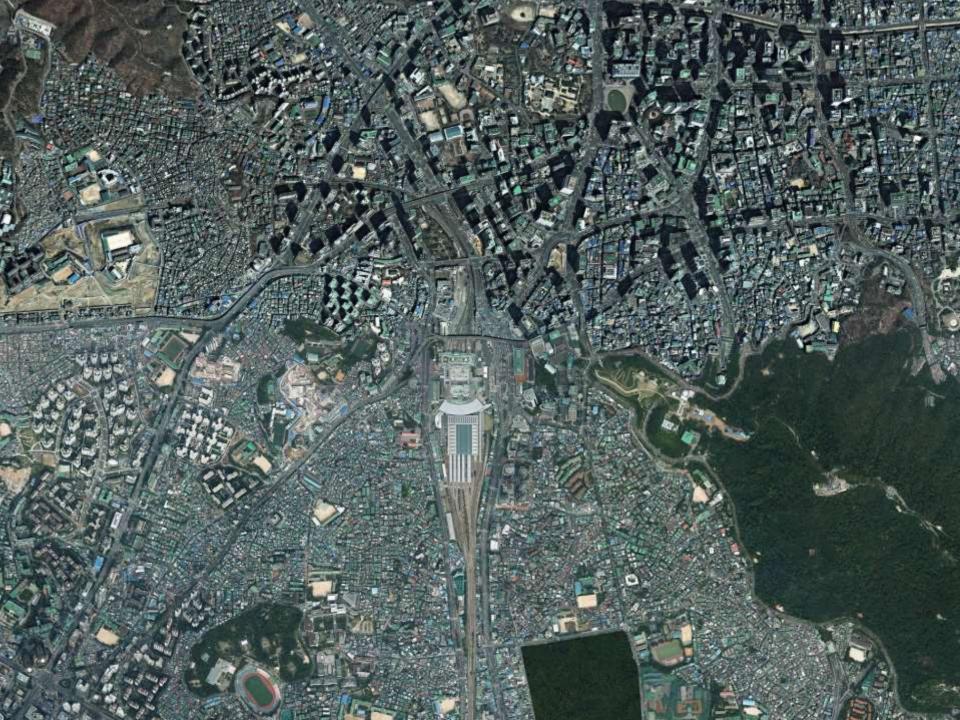
Section 12. Flee Market

by Jyungryun Shim Yaontile Lee Studio

The design intention starts to connect two main alloys by The Creating Roses. Along both sides of the streets determee Sulphod-ga and 4-pay, many manufacturing industries and vhops are located and form complox nationals are representing the unique band-heritage of Euleb-alga. The Crossing Boses' vanishing a state of the start of the continuation of the safe of the start of the safe with the faultre underground gallery and the metro subvay track level. The started glass too-es carries down people into the gallery level where the nametra are located. The Crossing Boses aboperform to bring restural light into the dark and narrow space below. It connects the world with natural light and also.









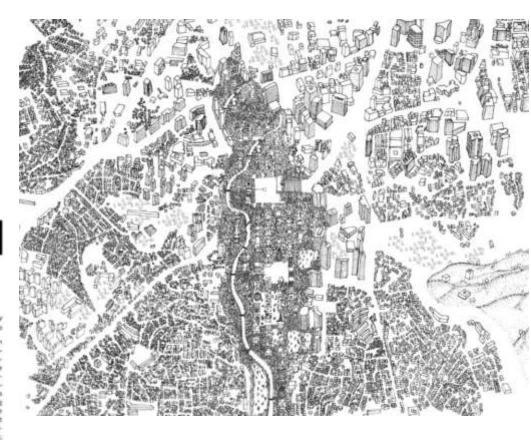


IMMINENT SEOUL STATION MASTERPLAN

Layering Density, Ecology, Morphology, and History

by SungityunKwan University Thorsten Schuetze Studio

For the masterplanning of the areas above the opentracks at Seoul Station, a lay element is the reconstruction of the histonical Manchis stream and greening of its water carichment area in order to improve urban sustainability and residence. These are integrated with the creation of a walkable car-free distract, the design of a new underground train and but transfer station, and air urban grid for designating property areas, buildings and infrastructures. The overall aim was the design of a sustainable district thus stresspheres local economy, including food production shat has a zero facotarints for energy, water,





FROM SITES TO SIGHTS: Opening Hidden Seoul

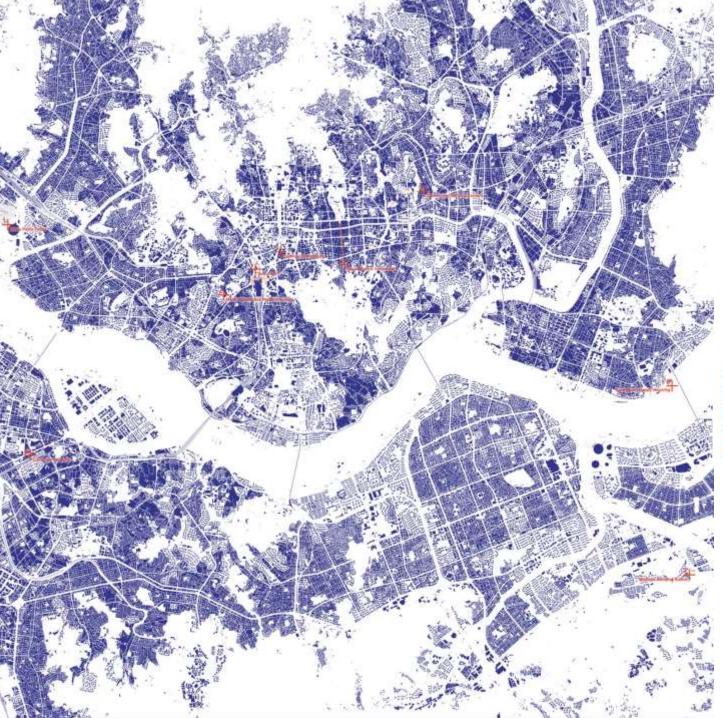
by Horse Lee Gerard Revenuth, Andrew Benjamin Studio

This project investigates bistorical spaces, continues. spaces and sights. In an during it along to ansoner inportant historical places that are reglected as only brown for the locals. The alons are then upon to set the conditions by which program within the ICE con-nects with the city as a local of vites. The issues ad-

nects with the city at a noal of sites. The issues all released by the project converses the injectization of haritages and dutine harbages. Have and remoders of the past that are often fur-gories an ignored during the rapid sites develop-ment are related. The VIC oversit sight conscious-tions dive ICC Convolvations to the Convolva-tion of the ICC Convolvation of the Convolvarecognition. The present allows. The Otyl to develop without from the Park to develop without from their development need not ignore of their yet the exclusion of the past. As a result this will immen repid development need not ignore of destroy the excludedly well todoor safe yet reportant parts of the unben fabric.







Existing City / New Resource

- STOULDTS PROJECTS

 1. Mapo Petro Tonks RoA architects + Team Ten

 2. Senial 70277 MANDN

 3. Senial Address Vernaudian E, scape architects

 4. Serion Biodeen Vernaudian E, scape architects

 5. Community Service Contess

 6. Senial Recepting Basis Housing, SH Corporations HAEArch Architecture, Inc.

 7. Modular Housing, SH Corporations drep (designation movement)

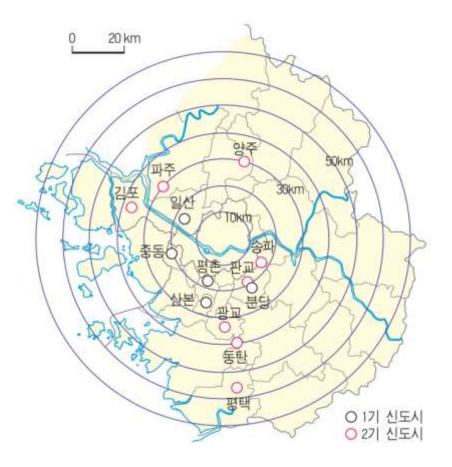
 8. Mail Ecogerative Public Housing for Artists, SH Corporation

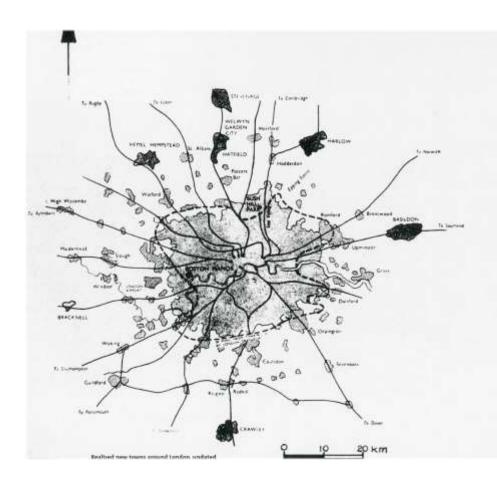
 FMA architecture & associates

 8. Container Housing, SH Corporations

 8. Container Housing, SH Corporations

 9. Container Housing, SH Cor







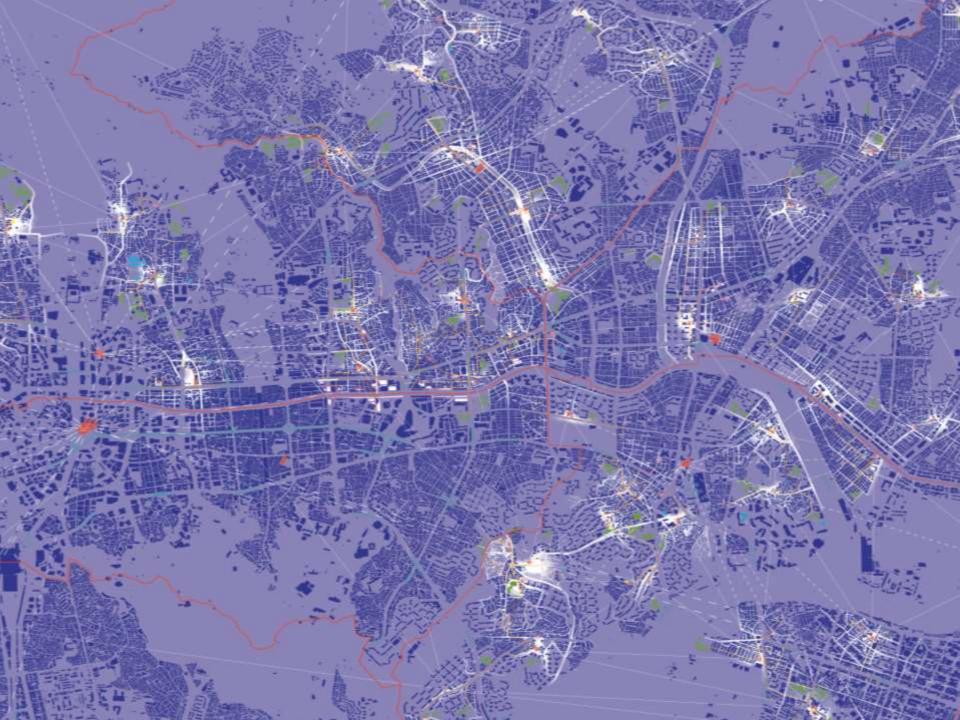
Source: skyscraper city.com

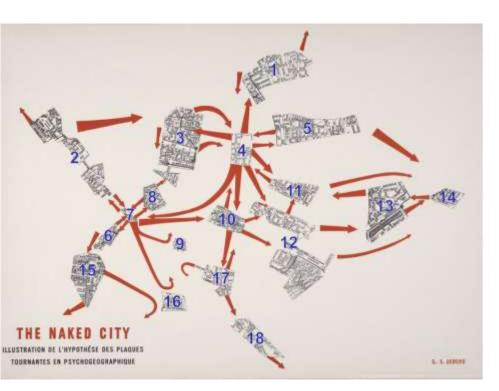


I Park Seung-ho Choi, Photographer



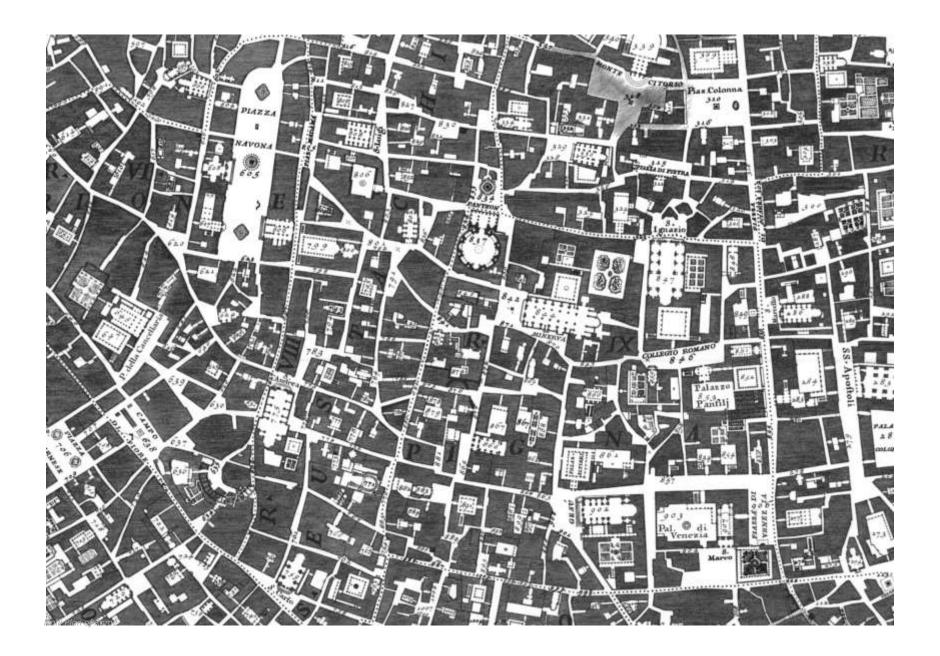
Gangnam, Seoul early 1970s





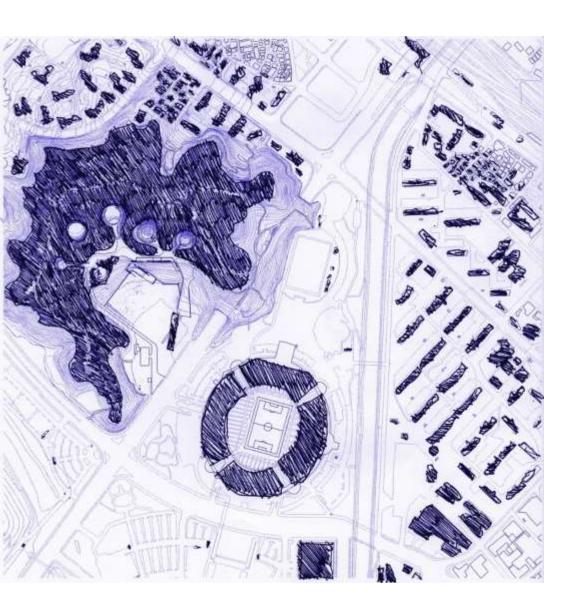
Duy Debord:Psycho-geography

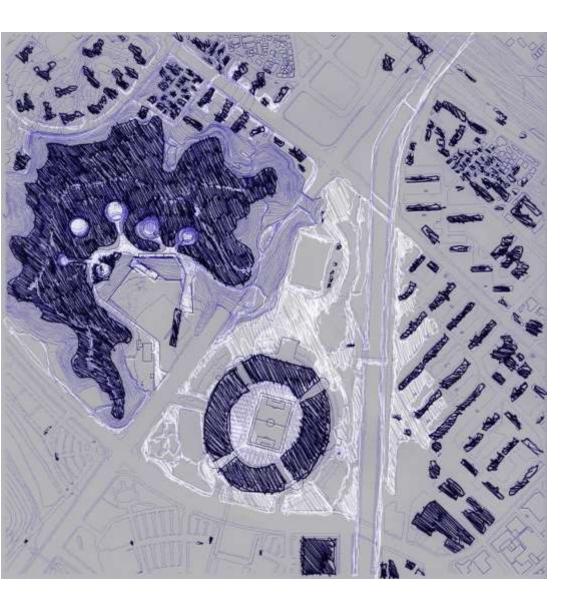
Coiln Rowe: Collage City

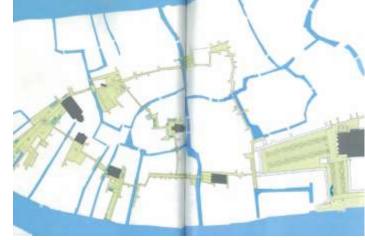




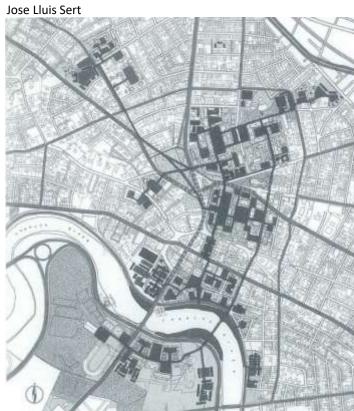
Seoul Biennale Sites

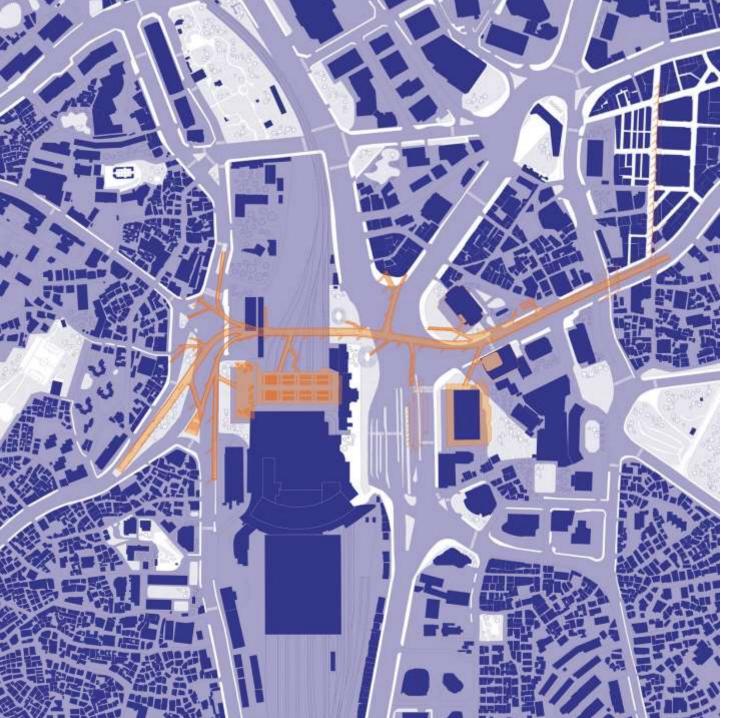






Edmund Bacon

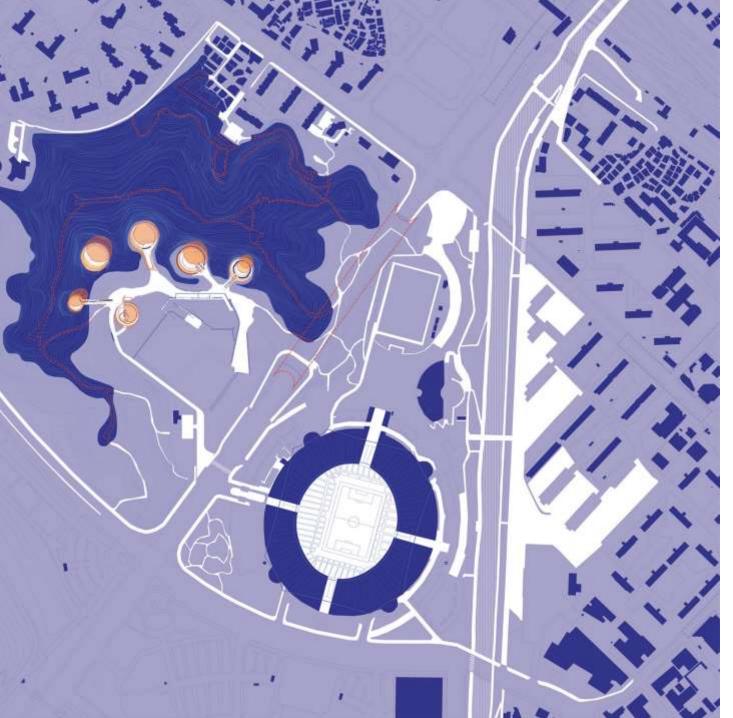


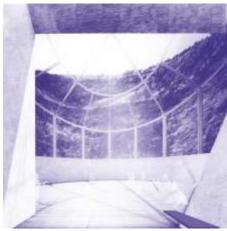






Seoul Station 7017 (Seoul Skygarden) Location: Bongrae-dong, Joong gu, Seoul, Korea Architect: MVROV







Mapo Oil Depot Regeneration Location: Scongson dong, Mapoligu, Scoul, South Korea Anchitect: RoAurchtects + Team Ten, Seogoo Feb.



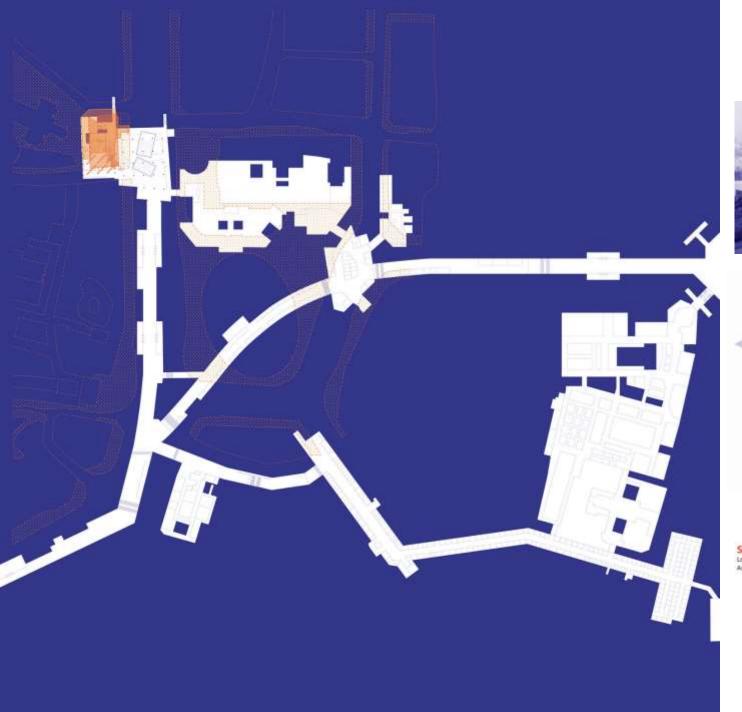
Street Activity and Container Housing Under Highway, Yungdeongpo SH (Study on Habitability) series Kyungsub Shin, artist



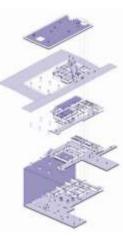




Container Housing, SH Corporation Location: Yeongdeingo-dong, Yeongdeinggo-gu, Seoul, Korra Architect: UA (Lither Intensity Architect)

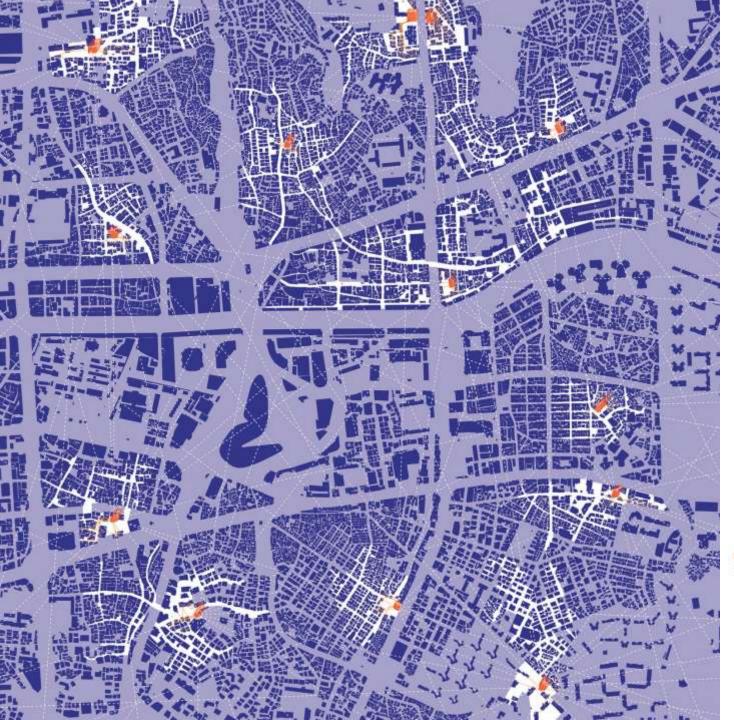








Seoul Chronicle - Sejong Underground Location: Jeong-dong, Jung-gu, Seoul Architect: Terminal 7 architects

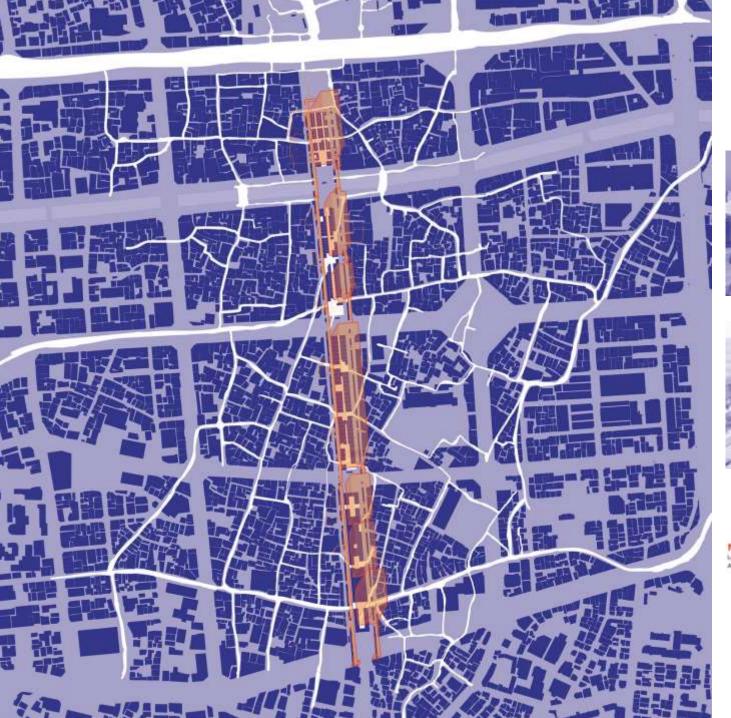








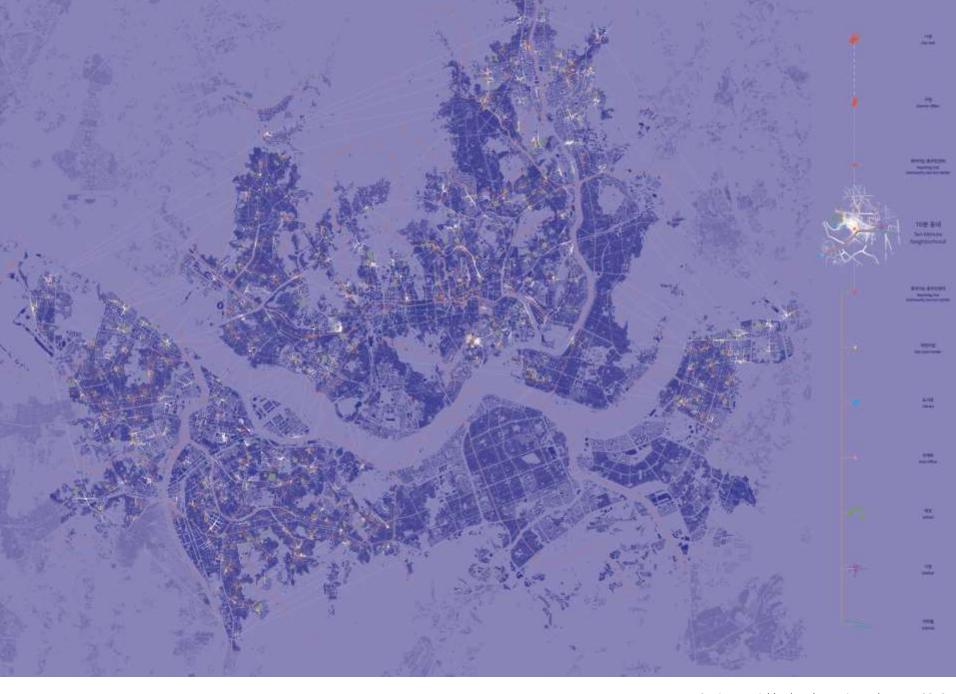
Visiting Community Service Center Location (Partial) Seongdong gu, Dongdaemoon-gu, Seangbuli gu







Modern Vernacular - Seunsangga Citywalk Location : Santim-dung, Jongro-gu, Seoul Architech: L_scape architechs



10-minute neighborhood mapping, John Hong 2016



10-minute neighborhood mapping, John Hong 2016

- The community center or community club
- The elementary school
- A small public library
- A kindergarten and day nursery
- Places for open-air recreation and play fields
- A church
- Local stores, consumer cooperative, small market, movie theater, garages,
- service stations, laundry, repair shops, public parking areas.

- Jose Lluis Sert, The Neighborhood Unit 1953