

Analyzing activated sludge process

Slide#13 solution)

$$S = \frac{K_s(1+k_d\theta_c)}{\theta_c(\mu_m-k_d)-1}$$

$$10.0 \text{ mg/L} = \frac{100 \text{ mg/L} \times (1+0.050 \text{ day}^{-1} \times \theta_c)}{\theta_c(2.5-0.050) \text{ day}^{-1}-1}$$

$$10.0 \text{ mg/L} \times 2.45 \text{ day}^{-1} \times \theta_c - 10 \text{ mg/L} = 100 \text{ mg/L} + 100 \text{ mg/L} \times 0.050 \text{ day}^{-1} \times \theta_c$$

$$19.5 \text{ mg/L} - \text{day} \times \theta_c = 110 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\theta_c = 5.6 \text{ days}$$

Analyzing activated sludge process

Slide#14 solution)

$$X = \frac{\theta_c Y (S_0 - S)}{t_0 (1 + k_d \theta_c)}$$

$$t_0 = \frac{\theta_c Y (S_0 - S)}{X (1 + k_d \theta_c)} = \frac{5.6 \text{ days} \times 0.50 \times (84 - 10) \text{ mg/L}}{2000 \text{ mg/L} \times (1 + 0.050 \text{ day}^{-1} \times 5.6 \text{ days})} = 0.081 \text{ day}$$

$$t_0 = \frac{Q}{V}, \quad V = Qt_0 = 0.150 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \times 86400 \text{ s/day} \times 0.081 \text{ day} = \mathbf{1050 \text{ m}^3}$$