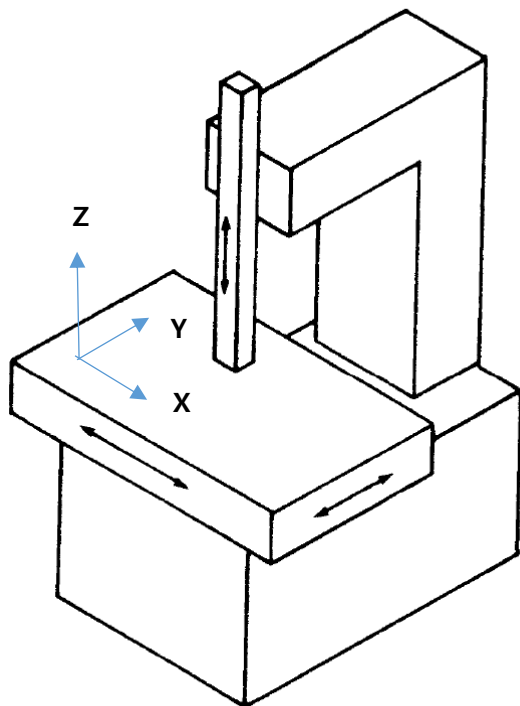


Precision Metrology 20 volumetric error  
for\_Moving\_table\_type M/C

Column Type Machine or Moving Table Type Machine



Kinematic Chain:

Reference->Y slide->X slide (Work Piece Coordinate)

Reference->Z slide

Y slide motion:

Rotational transformation matrix,  $T_y$ ;

and Translational motion vector,  $L_y$

$[O_R X_R Y_R Z_R]$ : Reference coordinate,  $\mathbf{X}_R$

$[O_1 X_1 Y_1 Z_1]$ : Moving coordinate fixed on the Y slide,  $\mathbf{X}_1$

Two coordinates were initially the same.

The Y slide motion can be expressed as the reference coordinates

$$\mathbf{X}_R = \mathbf{T}_y \mathbf{X}_1 + \mathbf{L}_y; \text{ eq(1)}$$

Where

$$\mathbf{T}_y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -Ez(y) & Ey(y) \\ Ez(y) & 1 & -Ex(y) \\ -Ey(y) & Ex(y) & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{L}_y = \begin{bmatrix} \delta x(y) \\ Y + \delta y(y) \\ \delta z(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

X slide motion:

Rotational transformation matrix,  $\mathbf{T}_x$ ;

and Translational motion vector,  $\mathbf{L}_x$

$[O_1 X_1 Y_1 Z_1]$ : Moving coordinate fixed on Y slide,  $\mathbf{X}_1$

$[O_2 X_2 Y_2 Z_2]$ : Moving coordinate fixed on the X slide,  $\mathbf{X}_2$

Two coordinates were initially the same.

The X slide motion can be expressed in the Y slide coordinates.

$$\mathbf{X}_1 = \mathbf{T}_x \mathbf{X}_2 + \mathbf{L}_x; \text{ eq(2)}$$

Where

$$\mathbf{T}_x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -Ez(x) & Ey(x) \\ Ez(x) & 1 & -Ex(x) \\ -Ey(x) & Ex(x) & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{L}_x = \begin{bmatrix} X + \delta x(x) \\ \delta y(x) - \alpha X \\ \delta z(x) \end{bmatrix}$$

Z slide motion:

Rotational transformation matrix,  $\mathbf{T}_z$ ;

and Translational motion vector,  $\mathbf{L}_z$

$[O_R X_R Y_R Z_R]$ : Reference coordinate,  $\mathbf{X}_R$

$[O_3 X_3 Y_3 Z_3]$ : Moving coordinate fixed on the Z slide,  $\mathbf{X}_3$

Two coordinates were initially the same.

The Z slide motion can be expressed in the reference coordinates.

$$\mathbf{X}_R = \mathbf{T}_z \mathbf{X}_3 + \mathbf{L}_z; \text{ eq(3)}$$

Where

$$\mathbf{T}_z = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -Ez(z) & Ey(z) \\ Ez(z) & 1 & -Ex(z) \\ -Ey(z) & Ex(z) & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{L}_z = \begin{bmatrix} \delta x(z) - \beta_1 Z \\ \delta y(z) - \beta_2 Z \\ Z + \delta z(x) \end{bmatrix}$$

The volumetric error is defined in the work piece coordinates,  $\mathbf{X}_2$ . Thus from eq(2),

$$\mathbf{X}_2 = \mathbf{T}_x^{-1} \{ \mathbf{X}_1 - \mathbf{L}_x \}, \text{ and from eq(1)}$$

$$\mathbf{X}_1 = \mathbf{T}_y^{-1} \{ \mathbf{X}_R - \mathbf{L}_y \}, \text{ and from eq(3)}$$

Therefore

$$\mathbf{X}_2 = \mathbf{T}_x^{-1} [ \mathbf{T}_y^{-1} \{ \mathbf{T}_z \mathbf{X}_3 + \mathbf{L}_z - \mathbf{L}_y \} - \mathbf{L}_x ]$$

; Vector form of the volumetric error formulation

For a tool point  $(X_p, Y_p, Z_p)$  in the  $\mathbf{X}_3$  coordinate;

$$\mathbf{T}_z \mathbf{X}_p + \mathbf{L}_z - \mathbf{L}_y =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -Ez(z) & Ey(z) \\ Ez(z) & 1 & -Ex(z) \\ -Ey(z) & Ex(z) & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Xp \\ Yp \\ Zp \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \delta x(z) - \beta_1 Z \\ \delta y(z) - \beta_2 Z \\ Z + \delta z(z) \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \delta x(y) \\ Y + \delta y(y) \\ \delta z(y) \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \delta x(z) - \beta_1 Z - \delta x(y) + Xp - Yp Ez(z) + Zp Ey(z) \\ \delta y(z) - \beta_2 Z - Y - \delta y(y) + Xp Ez(z) + Yp - Zp Ex(z) \\ Z + \delta z(z) - \delta z(y) - Xp Ey(z) + Yp Ex(z) + Zp \end{bmatrix}$$

After ignoring over 2'nd order,

$$\mathbf{T}_y^{-1} \{ \mathbf{T}_z \mathbf{X}_p + \mathbf{L}_z - \mathbf{L}_y \} - \mathbf{L}_x =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & Ez(y) & -Ey(y) \\ -Ez(y) & 1 & Ex(y) \\ Ey(y) & -Ex(y) & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \delta x(z) - \beta_1 Z - \delta x(y) + Xp - Yp Ez(z) + Zp Ey(z) \\ \delta y(z) - \beta_2 Z - Y - \delta y(y) + Xp Ez(z) + Yp - Zp Ex(z) \\ Z + \delta z(z) - \delta z(y) - Xp Ey(z) + Yp Ex(z) + Zp \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} X + \delta x(x) \\ \delta y(x) - \alpha X \\ \delta z(x) \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -X - \delta x(x) + \delta x(z) - \beta_1 Z - \delta x(y) + Xp - Yp Ez(z) + Zp Ey(z) + Ez(y)(-Y + Yp) - Ey(y)(Z + Zp) \\ -\delta y(x) + \alpha X + \delta y(z) - \beta_2 Z - Y - \delta y(y) + Xp Ez(z) + Yp - Zp Ex(z) - Xp Ez(y) + (Z + Zp) Ex(y) \\ -\delta z(x) + Z + \delta z(z) - \delta z(y) - Xp Ey(z) + Yp Ex(z) + Zp + Xp Ey(y) - Ex(y)(-Y + Yp) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{T}_X^{-1}[\mathbf{T}_Y^{-1}\{\mathbf{T}_Z\mathbf{X}_p + \mathbf{L}_Z - \mathbf{L}_Y\} - \mathbf{L}_X] =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & E_z(x) & -E_y(x) \\ -E_z(x) & 1 & E_x(x) \\ E_y(x) & -E_x(x) & 1 \end{bmatrix} [\mathbf{T}_Y^{-1}\{\mathbf{T}_Z\mathbf{X}_p + \mathbf{L}_Z - \mathbf{L}_Y\} - \mathbf{L}_X] = \begin{bmatrix} X_a \\ Y_a \\ Z_a \end{bmatrix}$$

Thus,

$$X_a = -X - \delta x(x) + \delta x(z) - \beta_1 Z - \delta x(y) + X_p - Y_p E_z(z) + Z_p E_y(z) + E_z(y)(-Y + Y_p)$$

$$-E_y(y)(Z + Z_p) + E_z(x)(-Y + Y_p) - E_y(x)(Z + Z_p)$$

$$Y_a = -\delta y(x) + \alpha X + \delta y(z) - \beta_2 Z - Y - \delta y(y) + X_p E_z(z) + Y_p - Z_p E_x(z)$$

$$-X_p E_z(y) + (Z + Z_p) E_x(y) - E_z(x)(-X + X_p) + E_x(x)(Z + Z_p)$$

$$Z_a = -\delta z(x) + Z + \delta z(z) - \delta z(y) - X_p E_y(z) + Y_p E_x(z) + Z_p + X_p E_y(y) - E_x(y)(-Y + Y_p)$$

$$+ E_y(x)(-X + X_p) - E_x(x)(-Y + Y_p)$$

Therefore,

$$\Delta X = X_a - (-X + X_p) = -\delta x(x) + \delta x(z) - \beta_1 Z - \delta x(y) - Y_p E_z(z) + Z_p E_y(z) + E_z(y)(-Y + Y_p)$$

$$-E_y(y)(Z + Z_p) + E_z(x)(-Y + Y_p) - E_y(x)(Z + Z_p)$$

$$= -\delta x(x) - \delta x(y) + \delta x(z) - \beta_1 Z - Z(E_y(x) + E_y(y)) - Y(\underline{E_z(x)} + E_z(y))$$

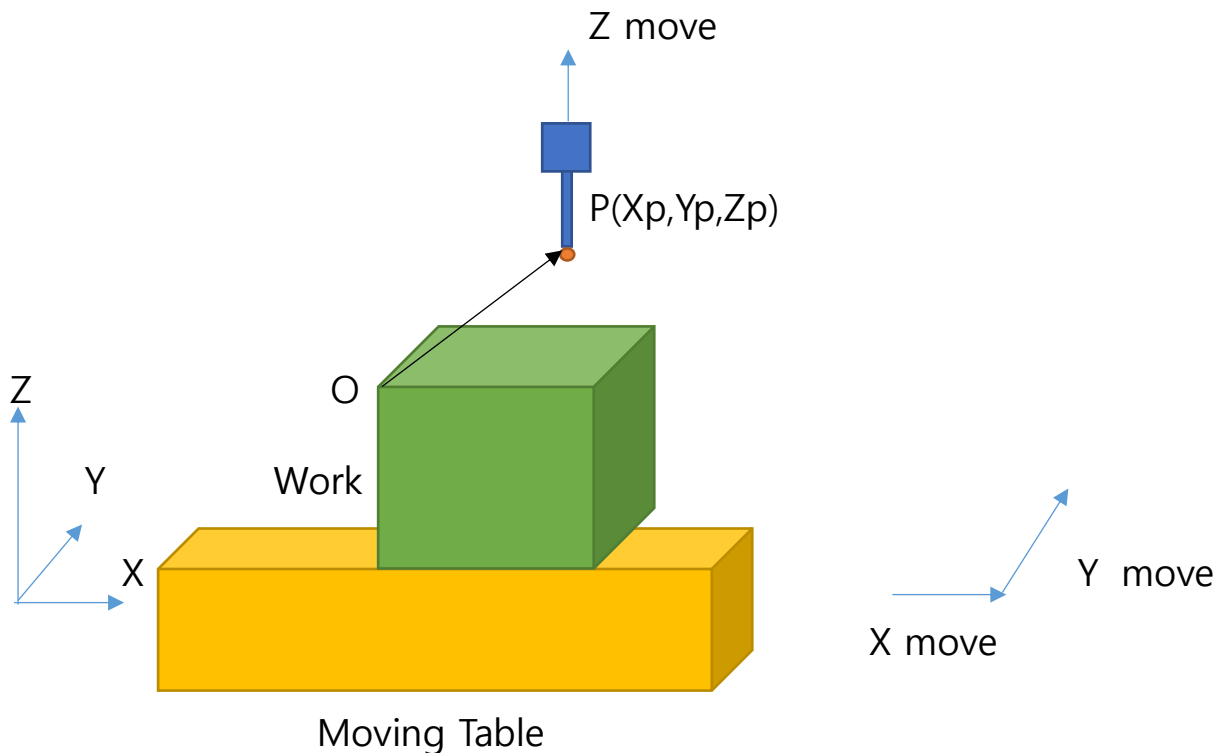
$$+ Y_p(E_z(x) + E_z(y) - E_z(z)) - Z_p(E_y(x) + E_y(y) - E_y(z))$$

$$\Delta Y = Y_a - (-Y + Y_p) = -\delta y(y) - \delta y(x) + \delta y(z) + \alpha X - \beta_2 Z + Z(E_x(x) + E_x(y)) + X E_z(x) - X_p(E_z(x) + E_z(y) - E_z(z)) + Z_p(E_x(x) + E_x(y) - E_x(z))$$

$$\Delta Z = Z_a - (Z + Z_p) = \delta z(z) - \delta z(x) - \delta z(y) - X E_y(x) + Y(E_x(x) + E_x(y)) + X_p(E_y(x) + E_y(y) - E_y(z)) - Y_p(E_x(x) + E_x(y) - E_x(z))$$

This is the 3D volumetric error equation for the column type machine.

### Column Type Machine



Nominal Position Vector,  $\mathbf{OP} = (-X + X_p, -Y + Y_p, Z + Z_p)$

Actual Position Vector,  $\mathbf{OP} = (X_a, Y_a, Z_a)$

Thus  $\Delta X = X_a - (-X + X_p)$ ,  $\Delta Y = Y_a - (-Y + Y_p)$ ,  $\Delta Z = Z_a - (Z + Z_p)$

## Application of the Volumetric error

### (1) Volumetric error calibration

: To calibrate a machine in 3D working volume

For a nominal point  $(X,Y,Z)$ ; the volumetric error  $(\Delta X,\Delta Y,\Delta Z)$  can be calculated, thus the actual point will be  $(X+\Delta X, Y+\Delta Y, Z+\Delta Z)$ ;

The full relationship is evaluated such as

$$\Delta X=\Delta X(X,Y,Z), \Delta Y=\Delta Y(X,Y,Z), \Delta Z=\Delta Z(X,Y,Z)$$

### (2) Volumetric Error Correction

: To do numerical correction via controller/processor

Use the corrected control command

$$(X_T-\Delta X, Y_T-\Delta Y, Z_T-\Delta Z) \text{ instead of } (X_T, Y_T, Z_T)$$

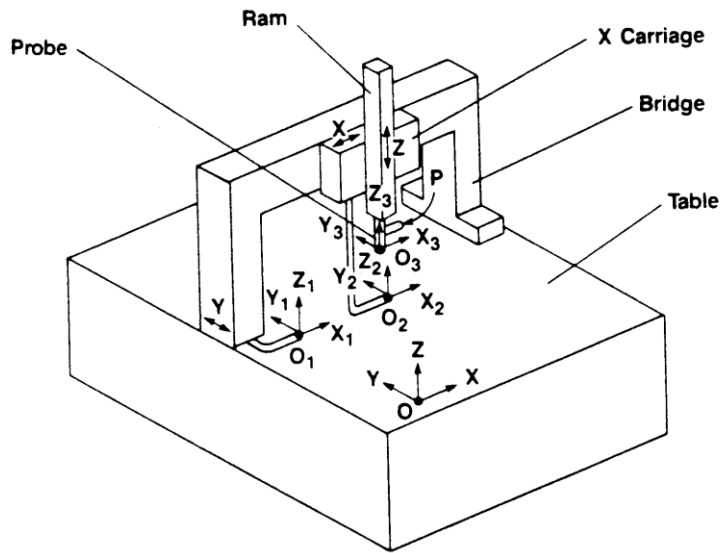
### (3) Performance simulation in the 3D working volume of machine

: Cylinder, Circle, Square, Freeform, Length, etc.

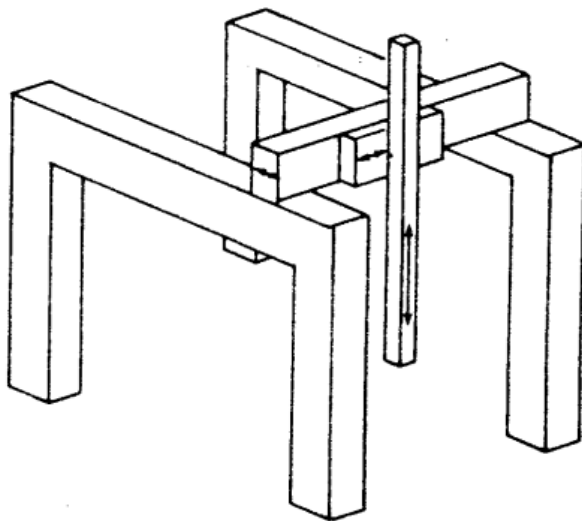


# Various Machine Configuration

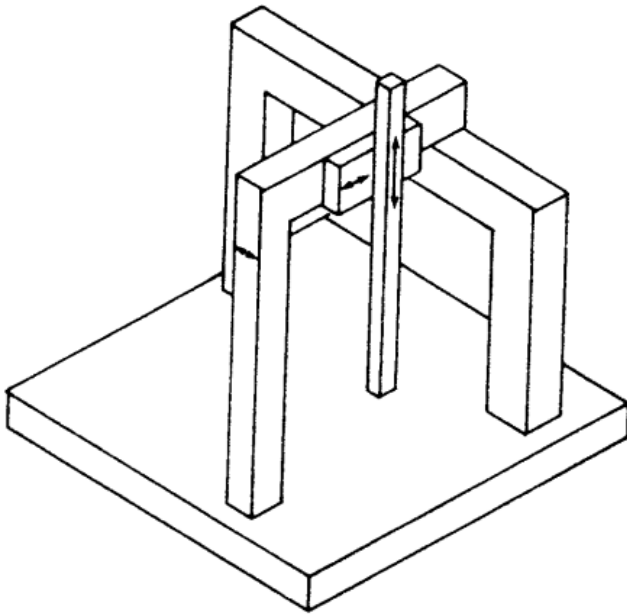
## Moving Bridge Type Machine



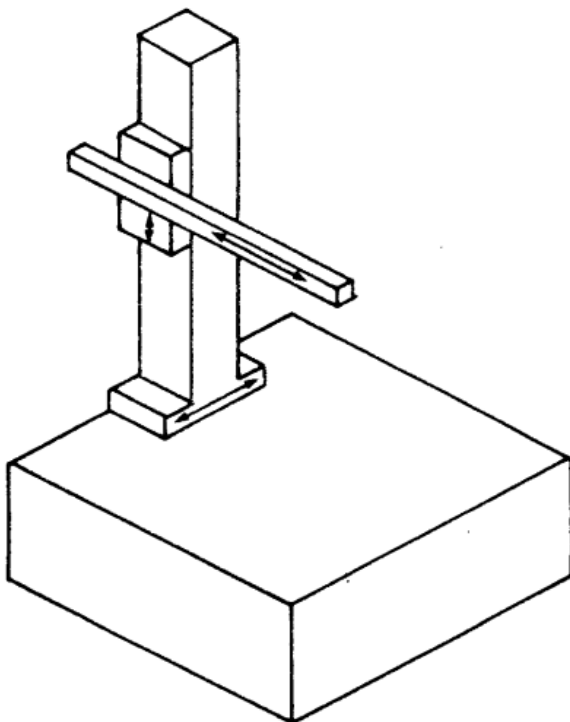
## Gantry Type Machine



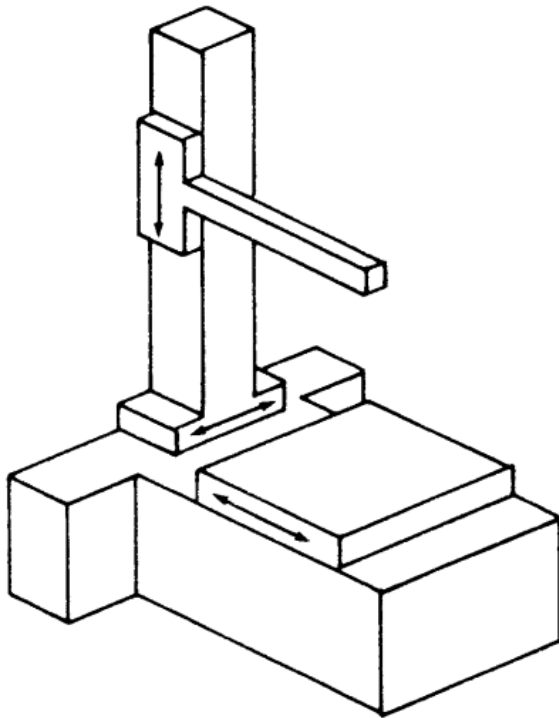
L-shaped Type Machine



Moving Horizontal Arm Type Machine



Fixed Horizontal Arm Type Machine



Fixed Bridge Type Machine

