

1. Express n and k in terms of ϵ and σ (or ϵ_1 and ϵ_2) by using $\epsilon = n^2 - k^2$ and $\sigma = 4\pi\epsilon_0 n k \nu$. (Compare with (10.15) and (10.16).)
2. Calculate the reflectivity of silver and compare it with the reflectivity of flint glass ($n = 1.59$). Use $\lambda = 0.6 \mu\text{m}$
3. The transmissivity of a piece of glass of thickness $d = 1 \text{ cm}$ was measured at $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ to be 89 %. What would the transmissivity of this glass be if the thickness were reduced to 0.5 cm?
4. Calculate the reflectivity of sodium in the frequency ranges $\nu > \nu_1$ and $\nu < \nu_1$ using the theory for free electrons without damping. Sketch R versus frequency.
5. Calculate the reflectivity of gold at $\nu = 9 \times 10^{12} \text{ s}^{-1}$ from its conductivity. Is the reflectivity increasing or decreasing at this frequency when the temperature is increased? Explain.
6. Derive the Drude equations from (11.45) and (11.46) by setting $\nu_0 \rightarrow 0$.