

(Stacey, 6-2) A D-T particle flux of $3 \times 10^{21} \text{ m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ strikes the surface of a stainless steel first wall. The average particle energy is 200 eV. Calculate the rate of impurity production in a tokamak with major radius $R = 5 \text{ m}$ and plasma radius $a = 1 \text{ m}$. (Use Fe sputtering yields)

Solution)

Sputtering yield

$$Y_{\text{Fe}}(200 \text{ eV}) \approx 0.02 \quad (\text{From Fig. 6.1.1})$$

The surface area

$$2\pi a \times 2\pi R = 4\pi^2 Ra = 20\pi^2 \text{ (m}^2\text{)}$$

\therefore Total sputtered impurities

$$= 3 \times 10^{21} \times 20\pi^2 \times 0.02$$

$$= 1.18 \times 10^{22} \text{ (#/sec)}$$

(Harms, 13-5) Evaluate impurity effects on the Lawson criterion.

Solution)

Lawson criterion

$$P_{\text{rad}} + P_{\text{th}} < \eta_{\text{in}} \eta_{\text{out}} (P_f + P_{\text{rad}} + P_{\text{th}})$$

$$(1 - \eta_{\text{in}} \eta_{\text{out}}) (P_{\text{rad}} + P_{\text{th}}) < \eta_{\text{in}} \eta_{\text{out}} P_f$$

assume $n_e \sim n_i$ and $n_i = \sum n_{z,j}$ $T_e = T_i$

$$\frac{1 - \eta_{\text{in}} \eta_{\text{out}}}{\eta_{\text{in}} \eta_{\text{out}}} \left(A_{\text{br}} \sum Z_j^2 n_{z,j} n_e \sqrt{T_e} + \frac{3 n_i kT + n_e kT}{2 \tau_E} \right) < n_1 n_2 < \sigma v >_{12} Q_{12}$$

$$\text{let } \gamma = \frac{n_{z,1} n_{z,2}}{n_i^2}, \bar{Z} = \frac{\sum Z_j n_{z,j}}{n_i} \text{ and } \overline{Z^2} = \frac{\sum Z_j^2 n_{z,j}}{n_i}$$

$$n_i \tau_E > \frac{3(1 - \eta_{\text{in}} \eta_{\text{out}}) kT}{\eta_{\text{in}} \eta_{\text{out}} \gamma \frac{< \sigma v >_{12}}{1 + \delta_{12}} Q_{12} - (1 - \eta_{\text{in}} \eta_{\text{out}}) A_{\text{br}} \overline{Z} \overline{Z^2} \sqrt{kT}}$$

Therefore... if \bar{Z} and $\overline{Z^2}$ increase, $n_i \tau_E$ increase!!