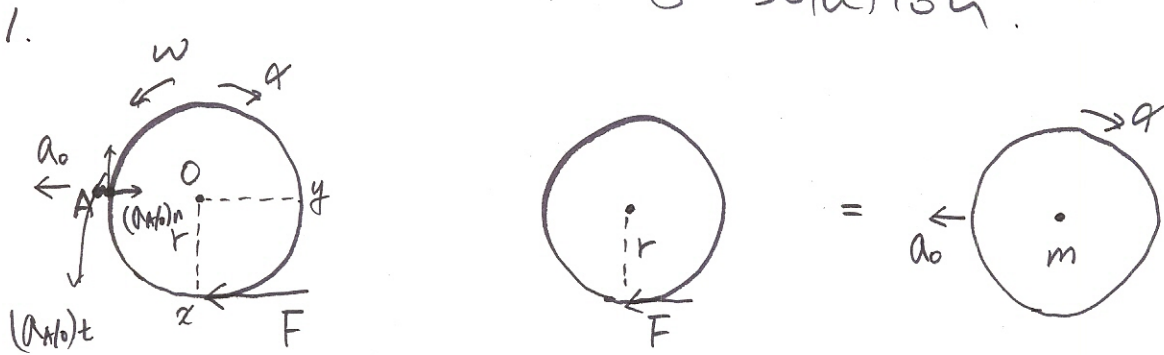


Homework #8 solution.



$$\Sigma M_O = I_O \alpha \quad F \cdot r = m k^2 \alpha \quad \alpha = \frac{Fr}{m k^2}$$

$$\Sigma F_y = m a_y \quad -F = m(-a_0)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{F}{m} \leftarrow (-F/mj)$$

$$\bar{a}_A = \bar{a}_O + \bar{a}_{A/O}$$

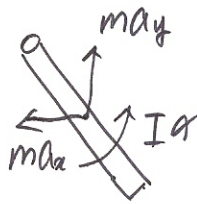
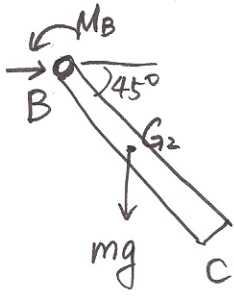
$$(a_{A/O})_n = r\omega^2 \uparrow \rightarrow (r\omega^2 j)$$

$$(a_{A/O})_t = -r\alpha$$

$$= -\frac{Fr^2}{m k^2} \uparrow \left(-\frac{Fr^2}{m k^2} i \right)$$

$$\bar{a}_A = -\frac{Fr^2}{m k^2} i - \left(\frac{F}{m} - r\omega^2 \right) j$$

2.



$$\omega_{BC} = \omega_{AB} = 2 \hat{k} \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\alpha_{BC} = \alpha_{AB} = 4 \hat{k} \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$\vec{a}_{G_2} = \vec{\alpha} \times \vec{r}_{AG_2} - \omega^2 \vec{r}_{AG_2}$$

$$= 4 \hat{k} \times \left[(0.7 + 0.175) \cos 45^\circ \hat{i} + (0.7 - 0.175) \sin 45^\circ \hat{j} \right]$$

$$- 2^2 \left[(0.7 + 0.175) \cos 45^\circ \hat{i} + (0.7 - 0.175) \sin 45^\circ \hat{j} \right]$$

$$= -3.96 \hat{i} + 0.990 \hat{j} \text{ m/s}^2$$

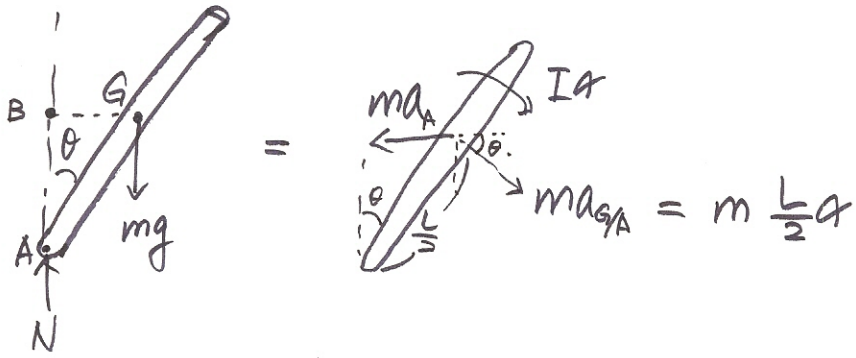
$$\Sigma M_B = I \alpha + m a d$$

$$M_B - mg \times 0.175 \sin 45^\circ = \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 0.35^2 \times 4 + 4 \times 0.990 \times 0.175 \cos 45^\circ$$

$$- 4 \times 3.96 \times 0.175 \times \sin 45^\circ$$

$$M_B = 3.55 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} \curvearrowright$$

3.



$$\sum M_B = I\alpha + \sum mad.$$

$$mg \frac{L}{2} \sin\theta = \frac{1}{12} mL^2 \alpha + \frac{L}{2} \sin^2\theta \left(m \frac{L}{2} \alpha \right)$$

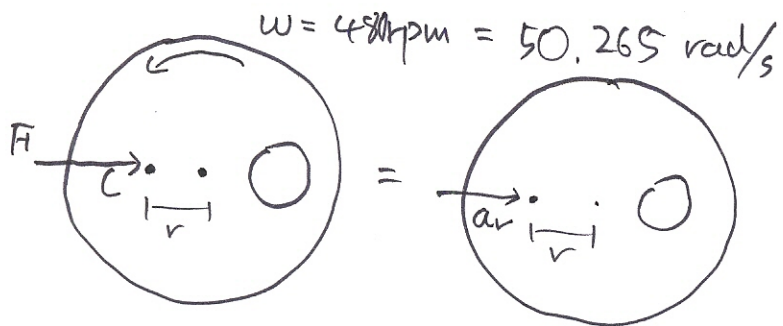
$$\therefore \alpha = \frac{2g}{L} \frac{\sin\theta}{\frac{1}{3} + \sin^2\theta}$$

$$\sum F_y: mg - N = m \cdot \frac{L}{2} \alpha \sin\theta$$

$$N = \frac{mg}{1 + 3\sin^2\theta}$$

4.

FBD



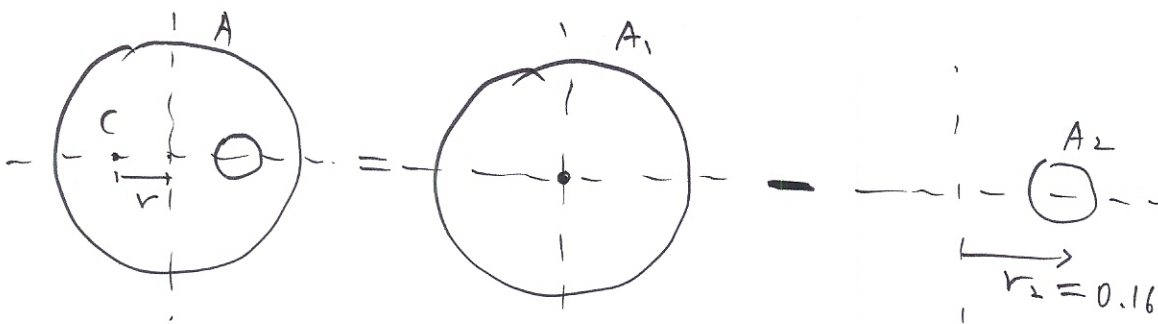
Force (r-direction)

$$\sum F_r = -F = m a_r$$

$$-F = m(\ddot{r} - r\dot{\theta}^2)$$

$$= -m r \dot{\theta}^2 \Rightarrow F = m r \omega^2 \dots (1)$$

o center of mass

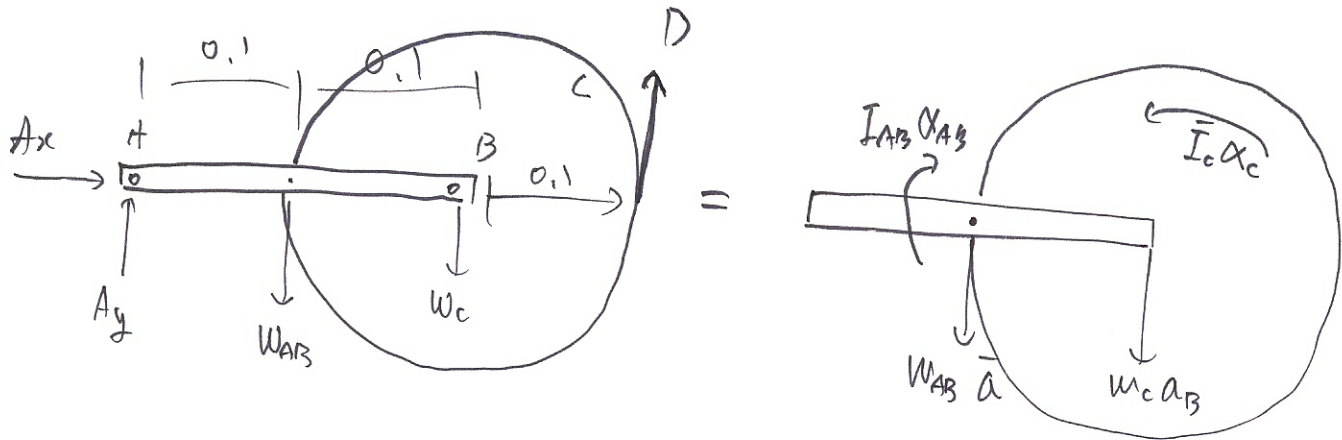


$$\bar{r} A = \bar{r}_1 A_1 - r_2 A_2$$

$$\bar{r} = \frac{0 - 0.16 \cdot \pi (0.06)^2}{A_1 - A_2} = \frac{-0.16 \pi (0.06)^2}{\pi (0.3)^2 - \pi (0.06)^2} = -0.00667 \text{ m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore (1) \rightarrow F &= m \cdot r \cdot \omega^2 = (30) (6.667 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}) (50.265)^2 \\ &= \underline{\underline{505 \text{ N}}} \rightarrow \end{aligned}$$

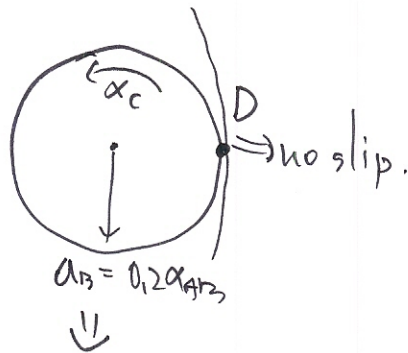
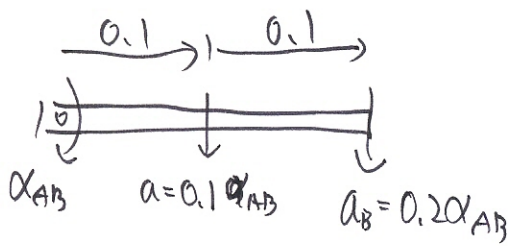
5. FBD



$$+\circlearrowleft \sum M_A = W_{AB}(0.1) + W_c(0.2) - D(0.3) = (M_{AB}a)0.1 + (M_c a_B)0.2 + I_{AB}\alpha_{AB} - I_c\alpha_c$$

$$3g(0.1) + 5g(0.2) - D(0.3) = 3 \cdot \bar{a} \cdot 0.1 + 5a_B \cdot 0.2 + \frac{1}{12}(3)(0.2)^2\alpha_{AB} - 5(0.075)^2\alpha_c \quad \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

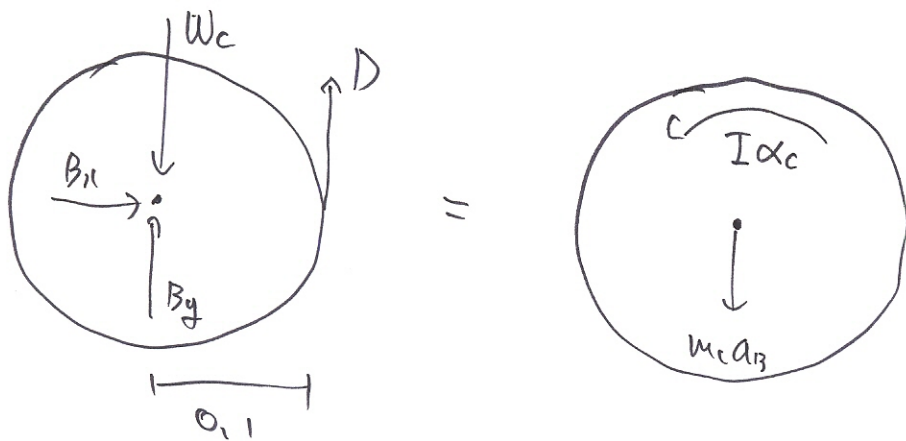
Kinematics



acceleration D: $0 = \alpha_c(0.1) - 0.2\alpha_{AB}$

$$\alpha_{AB} = \frac{1}{2}\alpha_c \quad \dots \quad (2)$$

gear C



$$\sum M_B : D(0.1) = I_c \alpha_c$$

$$= (5)(0.075)^2 \alpha_c$$

$$D = 0.28125 \alpha_c \quad \dots (3)$$

(a) (1), (2), (3)

$$\Rightarrow (1.3)g - 0.3(0.28125 \alpha_c) = 0.24 a_{AB} - 0.028125 \alpha_c$$

$$(1.3)g - 0.3(0.28125 \alpha_c) = 0.24 \left(\frac{1}{2} \alpha_c\right) - 0.28125 \alpha_c$$

$$1.3g = 0.17625 \alpha_c \quad \alpha_c = 7.3754g$$

$$= \underline{\underline{72.36 \text{ (rad/s}^2\text{)}}}$$

$$(b) a_B = 0.2 a_{AB} = 0.2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \alpha_c\right) = 0.1 \alpha_c = 0.1(72.36)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{7.24 \text{ m/s}^2 \downarrow}}$$