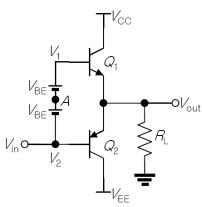
Quiz 8	Subject	Professor	Student ID#	Student Name	Score
Date: 2009.11.04	Microelectronics 2	Jong-Ho Lee			

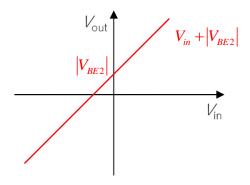
1. Following figure depicts improved push-pull stage to reduce crossover distortion. Turn-on voltages of  $Q_1$  and  $Q_2$  are  $V_{\rm BE1}$  and  $V_{\rm BE2}$ , respectively. Answer for the following questions.



(a) Derive input-output relation and plot schematically the relation on given figure below. (3)

## Answer)

Assuming 
$$V_{BE1} \cong |V_{BE2}| \cong V_{BE}$$
, 
$$V_{out} = V_{in} + |V_{BE2}| = V_{in} + 2V_{BE} - V_{BE1} \cong V_{in} + V_{BE}$$



(b) Repeat (a) when  $V_{in}$  is applied to node A. (2) Answer)

$$V_{out} = V_{in} - V_{BE} + |V_{BE2}|$$

$$= V_{in} + V_{BE} - V_{BE1} \cong V_{in}$$

$$V_{out}$$

$$V_{in}$$

(c) Calculate voltage gain  $A_v$ . Assume  $r_{\pi}=r_{\pi 1}=r_{\pi 2}$  and  $g_m=g_{m1}=g_{m2}$ . Assume  $r_{\pi}g_m>>1$ . (3)

Answer)

$$\frac{v_{out}}{R_L} = \frac{v_{in} - v_{out}}{r_{\pi} \| r_{\pi}} + (g_m + g_m)(v_{in} - v_{out})$$

$$\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{1 + 2g_m \cdot \frac{r_{\pi}}{2}}{\frac{r_{\pi}}{2R_L} + 1 + 2g_m \cdot \frac{r_{\pi}}{2}} = \frac{1 + g_m r_{\pi}}{\frac{r_{\pi}}{2R_L} + 1 + g_m r_{\pi}}$$

$$\approx \frac{g_m}{\frac{1}{2R_L} + g_m} = \frac{R_L}{R_L + \frac{1}{2g_m}}$$

(d) Although the push-pull stage solves the crossover distortion, there is still a non-linearity when  $V_{\rm out}$  increases. Explain briefly the reason of the non-linearity. (2)

## Answer)

The voltage division relationship from the result of (c) shows an **input-dependant** behavior. As  $V_{out}$  becomes more positive,  $g_{ml}$  rises and  $A_v$  comes closer to unity. As a result, the voltage gain is not constant. Thus, the circuit experiences nonlinearity.