TOWARDS THE SMART CITY

Infrastructure and system implementation in existing cities. What about Seoul?

Guillermo Solana / Advanced Urban Design / SNU / Fall 2018

BARCELONA AS A CASE STUDY

TOWARDS THE SMART CITY

Infrastructure and system implementation in existing cities.
Barcelona as a case study

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TARGET



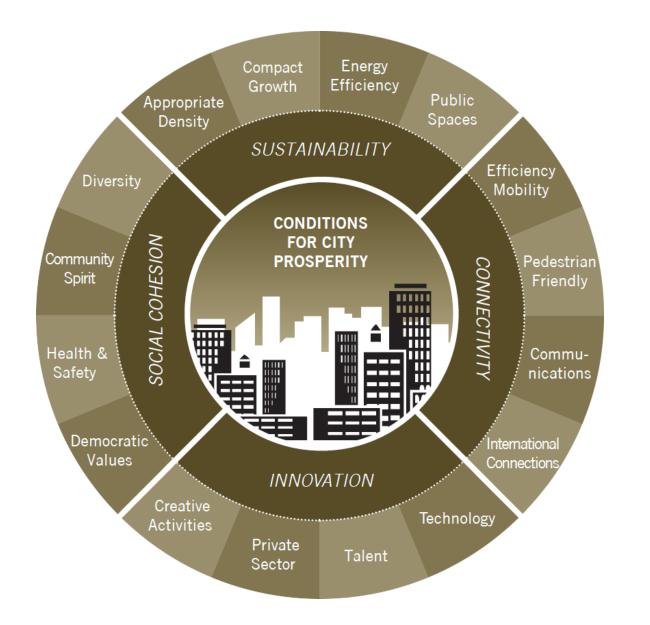


TABLE 14. COMPARISON WITH OTHER INDEXES. TOP 10

Ranking City	ICIM 2017 (IESE)	Global Cities Index 2016 (A.T. Kearney)	Global Financial Centres Index 2017, GFCI (Z/Yen)	Global Power City Index 2017 (MMF)	Quality of Living City Ranking 2017 (Mercer)	Global Liveability Ranking 2017 (The Economist Intelligence Unit)	The Safe Cities Index 2017 (The Economist)	Sustainable Cities Index 2016 (Acardis)
1	New York	New York	London	London	Vienna	Melbourne	Tokyo	Zurich
2	London	London	New York	New York	Zurich	Vienna	Singapore	Singapore
3	Paris	Paris	Hong Kong	Tokyo	Auckland	Vancouver	Osaka	Stockholm
4	Tokyo	Tokyo	Singapore	Paris	Munich	Toronto	Toronto	Vienna
5	Reykjavik	Hong Kong	Tokyo	Singapore	Vancouver	Calgary	Melbourne	London
6	Singapore	Singapore	Shanghai	Seoul	Dusseldorf	Adelaide	Amsterdam	Frankfurt
7	Seoul	Chicago	Toronto	Amsterdam	Frankfurt	Perth	Sydney	Seoul
8	Toronto	Los Angeles	Sydney	Berlin	Geneva	Auckland	Stockholm	Hamburg
9	Hong Kong	Beijing	Zurich	Hong Kong	Copenhaguen	Helsinki	Hong Kong	Prague
10	Amsterdam	Washington	Beijing	Sydney	Basel	Hamburg	Zurich	Munich

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IS THERE ANYTHING ELSE THAT CAN BE IMPROVED IN SEOUL?

IS THERE ANYTHING ELSE THAT CAN BE **IMPROVED IN SEOUL???????????**

Strong economy + Human capital

V

IT R&D and implementation
Big Data usage
Public-Private partnerships
New cities and districts
Innovation capacity
Export of culture and ideas
Financial center
Research center

Strong economy + Human capital

V

Somehow, everything gets either invented or tested in Seoul



Seoul's urban development





"Beyond the utopian vision promoted by smart city companies and local governments, the development of smart cities has thrown up concrete challenges to the realisation of privacy and human rights, from increased policing and surveillance to issues of exclusion and the reinforcement of social imbalances".

Privacy International



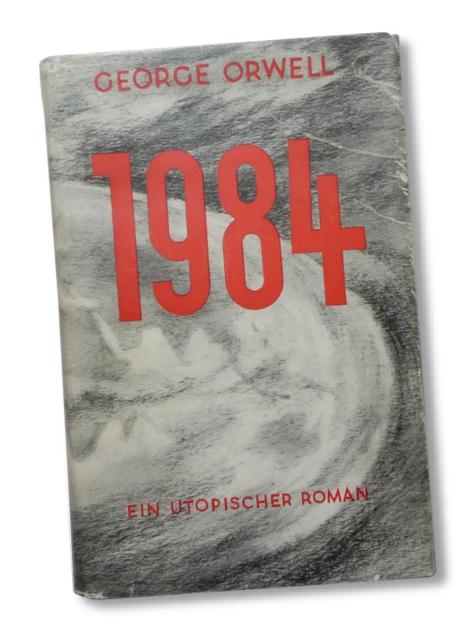


"If a tree falls in a forest and no one is around to hear it, does it make a sound?"

George Berkeley, in A Treatise Concerning the Principles of Human Knowledge (1710)



"If a camera watches a tree fall in the forest, does watching the footage later, at another time and location, mean that it actually happened?"





WHAT TO DO

Rapidly implementing new technologies, policies and strategies



WHAT TO DO

Rapidly implementing new technologies, policies and strategies

HOW TO DO

Analyzing its implications for the sake of transparency, fairness and equality



CASE STUDIES



"Qlue is an app set up by the Jakarta administration to accommodate all complaints and requests from Jakartans. Residents can report their complaints on traffic congestion, damaged roads, floods, garbage pileups, city hospital services or other public services through written or photo reports.

The reports are then digitally mapped and integrated with the smartcity.jakarta.go.id website".

The Jakarta Post









"...today, the solution answers the city's four main pillars of public safety which are: crime prevention, emergency response, threat prevention and response, and traffic management.

This is made possible by the varied tools that IBM has provided such as video analytics software, multi-channel unified communication (that includes an early-warning system for key risk indicators), and GPS location tracking.".

www.techinasia.com





The New York Times

Ex-Officer in Philippines Says He Led Death Squad at Duterte's Behest



A retired police officer, Arthur Lascañas, center, said at a news conference on Monday that he led a death squad on the orders of President Rodrigo Duterte, then the mayor of Davao City.

Bullit Marquez/Associated Press

3. PALAVA, INDIA



4. RIO DE JANEIRO, BRASIL

Annouced as a host of a series of MegaEvents, since early 2010, Brazil, and particularly the city of Rio de Janeiro, have become a big market for surveillance technologies and a laboratory for experimenting on a new legal-institutional arrangements that enable the deployment of higher surveillance and information controls.



















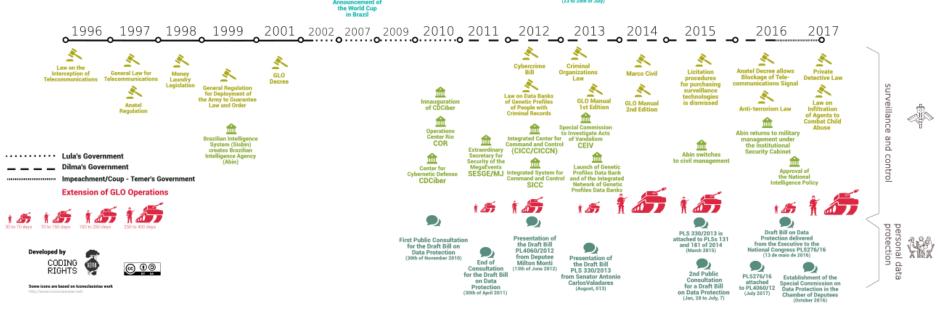












4. RIO DE JANEIRO, BRASIL

ABIN / SISBIN

































PUBLIC PROSECUTION

MILITARY POLICE

RECEITA FEDERAL

CPI

ANATEL























MILITARY FORCES









BREACH OF CONFIDEN-TIALITY OF STORED



STREET LEVEL SURVEILLANCE (DRONES, CAMERAS, SIGNAL JAMMERS IMSI CATCHERS)



ACCESS TO



INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS



OPEN-SOURCE INTELLIGENCE

5. SAUDI ARABIA

Saudi Arabia

Saudi Arabia criticised over text alerts tracking women's movements

Male 'guardians' receive text message whenever women leave country under new system



Fri 23 Nov 2012 16.53 GMT



This article is over 6 years old



▲ Saudi women must have the permission of their male 'guardian' to go abroad. Photograph: Fayez Nureldine/AFP /Getty Images

6. BARCELONA, SPAIN



facebook.com/MakingSenseEU









7. MADRID, SPAIN

Eres una pieza clave para construir Madrid

Registrate, participa y apoya decidemadrid.es







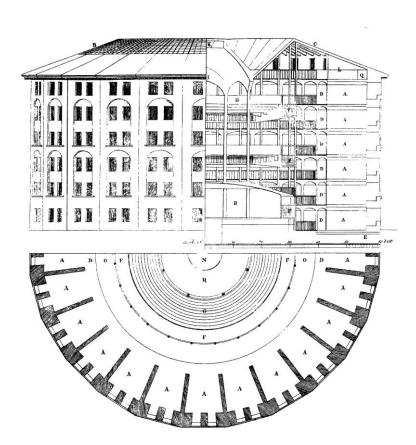


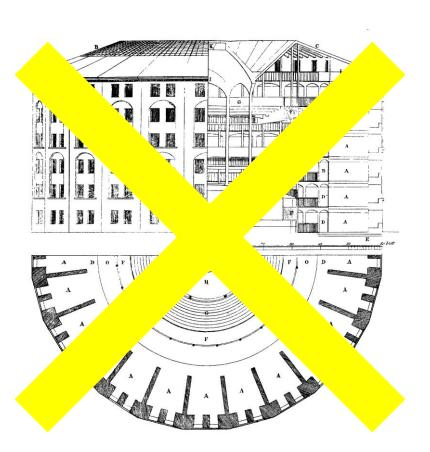
"Collection of data does not systematically improve cities. It is time for city planners to think of ways to improve our cities that do not impact our right to privacy (...). Citizens should be made aware of the data that is collected about them and how it will be used. They should be entitled to have it corrected and deleted".

Privacy International



WHAT TO LEARN





DATA PRINCIPLES

1. PERSONAL

Individuals must have rights over their data. This must include rights over their personal data, as well as data that is derived, inferred or predicted from their data, selves, actions, and behaviour.

2. RESPONSIBLE

Data should not be generated, collected, analysed, retained, transmitted or aggregated excessively.

3. VERIFIABLE

Individuals must be able to ascertain their data footprint.

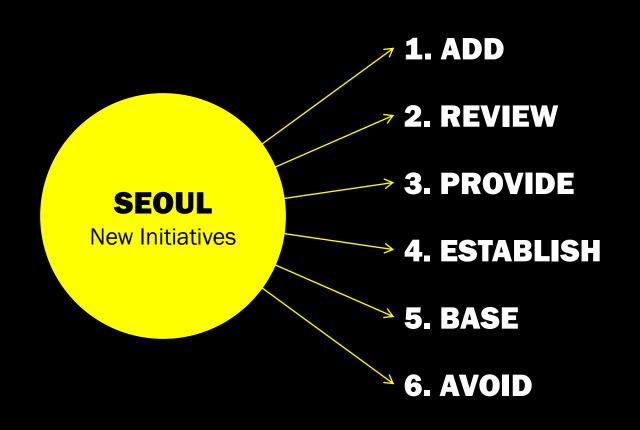
4. INCLUSIVE

Security and privacy must be shared without discrimination, designed into systems to protect everyone, everywhere.



SOLUTIONS





ADD new parts to the decision-making process:

- ✓ Inclusive and gender-sensitive assessment (groups at risk of discrimination, vulnerability, marginalisation...)
- ✓ Data protection impact assessment
- ✓ Cost-benefit assessment
- ✓ Environmental assessment
- ✓ etc.

REVIEW the impact assessments at regular intervals during the design and implementation stages, and ensure that any emerging developments are acted upon.

PROVIDE citizens with the choices to opt-in and optout of "smart city projects" they are developing, either in whole or in part.

ESTABLISH the obligations of private companies through legally binding mechanisms, to ensure they are subject to agreed principles.

BASE their recommendations, policies and projects on unbiased, inclusive, independent, accurate and relevant research.

AVOID technological or economic reductionisms, and address the issue from a multidisciplinary perspective.



Women taking part in a safety audit of nearby streets and public spaces



SEOUL

New Initiatives





Easy, understandable city (2030 Seoul Master Plan)

01 Plans by Issues

2030 SEOUL PLAN



A. HUMAN RIGHTS

Focusing on the impact of new policies on issues like non-discrimination, freedom of movement, privacy, assembly, or freedom or expression.

B. EXTERNAL INPUTS

Evidence-based approach. Open and transparent decision-making processes involving different actors:

- _Citizens and community groups
- _Security and technology experts
- _Private sector
- _Academia

