Midterm Exam.

- 1. Consider a microcellular system where the channel is modeled as the simplified path loss model (K = 0 dB, path loss exponent = 3, reference distance $d_0 = 1$ m) and log-normal shadowing with $\sigma = 8$ dB. When the received power is lower than a minimum received power requirement P_{\min} , an outage event occurs. With the transmit power of 10 mW and $P_{\min} = -100$ dBm, find the outage probability at 500 m.
- 2. Let a scattering function $S(\tau,\rho)$ be nonzero over $0 \le \tau \le 0.2$ ms and $-0.5 \le \rho \le 0.5$ Hz. Assume that the power of the scattering function is approximately uniform over the range where it is nonzero.
 - (a) Calculate a coherence bandwidth, a coherence time.
 - (b) Will this channel exhibit flat fading or frequency-selective fading for a typical voice channel with a 3 kHz? How about for a cellular channel with a 30 kHz bandwidth?
- 3. Assume that the receiver and transmitter know the channel side information. Also, when a received SNR is lower than γ_0 , outage occurs.
 - (a) Maximum outage capacity under truncated channel inversion policy
 - (b) Optimal outage capacity with average power constraint
- 4. We explore the power penalty involved in going from BPSK to 16-PSK.
 - (a) Find the minimum distance between constellation points in 16-PSK modulation as a function of signal energy E_s .
 - (b) Find α_M and β_M such that the symbol error probability of 16-PSK in AWGN is approximately $P_s(\gamma_s) \approx \alpha_M Q(\sqrt{\beta_M \gamma_s})$.
 - (c) Find an approximation for the average symbol error probability of 16-PSK in Rayleigh fading in terms of $\overline{\gamma}_s$.
 - (d) Convert the expressions for average symbol error probability of 16-PSK in Rayleigh fading to an expression for average bit error probability, assuming Gray coding.
 - (e) Find the approximate value of $\overline{\gamma}_b$ required to obtain a BER of 10⁻³ in Rayleigh fading for BPSK and 16-PSK. What is the power penalty in going to the higher-level signal constellation at this BER?