

Supplementary note for reactor analysis

1. Tracer response to an ideal PFR

Mass balance equation:

$$\Delta V \frac{\partial C}{\partial t} = QC - Q(C + \Delta C)$$

$$\Delta V \frac{\partial C}{\partial t} = -Q\Delta C$$

$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial t} = -Q \frac{\Delta C}{\Delta V} = -\frac{Q}{A} \cdot \frac{\Delta C}{\Delta x} = -v \cdot \frac{\Delta C}{\Delta x} \quad (v = \text{velocity of flow})$$

$$\Delta x \rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial t} = -v \cdot \frac{\partial C}{\partial x}$$

$$\text{let } u = t - \frac{x}{v}$$

apply chain rule:

$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial u} \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial u}$$

$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial u} \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = -\frac{1}{v} \cdot \frac{\partial C}{\partial u}$$

therefore, equation $\frac{\partial C}{\partial t} = -v \cdot \frac{\partial C}{\partial x}$ holds for any $C = F(u)$

$$C(x, t) = F\left(t - \frac{x}{v}\right)$$

$$C_0 = C(x=0, t) = F(t)$$

$$C_e = C(x=L, t) = F\left(t - \frac{L}{v}\right)$$

$$\frac{L}{v} = \frac{A \cdot L}{A \cdot v} = \frac{V}{Q} = \tau$$

$$\therefore \text{ when } C_0 = F(t), \quad C_e = F(t - \tau)$$

2. General solution for CSTR, 1st order reaction

Mass balance equation:

$$V \frac{dC}{dt} = QC_0 - QC - kCV$$

$$\frac{dC}{dt} = \frac{1}{\tau} C_0 - \left(\frac{1}{\tau} + k \right) C$$

$$\text{let } \beta = \frac{1}{\tau} + k$$

$$C + \beta C = \frac{1}{\tau} C_0$$

multiply both sides of the equation by an integrating factor $e^{\beta t}$

$$e^{\beta t} (C + \beta C) = \frac{1}{\tau} C_0 e^{\beta t}$$

$$(C e^{\beta t})' = \frac{1}{\tau} C_0 e^{\beta t}$$

$$C e^{\beta t} = \frac{C_0}{\tau} \int e^{\beta t} dt = \frac{1}{\tau} \cdot \frac{C_0}{\beta} e^{\beta t} + K \quad (K = \text{constant})$$

$$C = \frac{1}{\tau} \cdot \frac{C_0}{\beta} + K e^{-\beta t}$$

initial condition: when $t=0$, $C=C_0$

$$K = C_0 - \frac{1}{\tau} \cdot \frac{C_0}{\beta}$$

applying K to the equation,

$$C = \frac{1}{\tau} \cdot \frac{C_0}{\beta} + \left(C_0 - \frac{1}{\tau} \cdot \frac{C_0}{\beta} \right) e^{-\beta t}$$

$$\frac{C}{C_0} = \frac{1}{1+k\tau} \{ 1 + e^{-(k+1/\tau)t} \} + e^{-(k+1/\tau)t}$$

for steady state solution, $t \rightarrow \infty$

$$\frac{C}{C_0} = \frac{1}{1+k\tau}$$