Fusion Reactor Technology I (459.760, 3 Credits)

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Tokamak Operation Scenario



Physics issues for hybrid scenarios



Factors to affect plasma confinement

Several mechanisms seem to play a role :

- 1) Effect of H-mode pedestal pressure
- 2) Effect of plasma rotation
- 3) The variation of the ratio magnetic shear(s) to safety factor(q)
- 4) Effect of fast particle
- 5) Effect of β_e



Attempts to solve physics issues related to confinement Role of Pedestal in Hybrid Performance(0)

ASDEX-U, #17870



 \checkmark Both phase are still governed by drift-wave turbulence as in standard H-modes.

 \checkmark No difference is found in the behavior of turbulence in the confinement region of the plasma between two phase from the results of the analysis of phase fluctuations.



1.0

Characteristics of the H-mode pedestal in improved confinement scenarios (1)



✓ Pedestal top pressure seems to increase moderately with power.

 Higher pedestal pressures are observed in improved confinement scenarios

Characteristics of the H-mode pedestal in improved confinement scenarios (2)

 \checkmark All scenarios has a robust correlation between the total & the pedestal stored energy



Attempts to solve physics issues related to confinement Role of Pedestal in Hybrid Performance(1)

 \checkmark Initial survey showed that

"There is a trend for pedestal pressure to increase with heating power."

✓ Also, plasma shape can be used to improve hybrid performance through pedestal effects.



✓ Hybrids exhibit some confinement enhancements which cannot be attributed to pedestal

: Core stored energy can increase even when pedestal pressure does not increase with increased power

Attempts to solve physics issues related to confinement Role of Pedestal in Hybrid Performance(2)

- \checkmark Higher pedestals are correlated with lower ELM frequencies.
 - Lower ELM frequency may allow more complete recovery of pedestal after an ELM and thus higher time-averaged pedestal pressure.
 - Physics relation between high and low ELM frequency not clear.



Attempts to solve physics issues related to confinement Influence of toroidal rotation(1)



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Attempts to solve physics issues related to confinement Influence of toroidal rotation(2)

✓ Comparison between strong (blue) and low (red) toroidal rotation intervals.



• Although energy confinement decreases and the m/n=3/2 NTM amplitude increases for low rotation speed, the fusion performance figure of merit still exceeds the value required on ITER for Q=10.

Attempts to solve physics issues related to confinement Influence of toroidal rotation(3)

Strong change in rotation achieved, by ripple and EFCCs in JET



- Clear confinement reduction with ripple and EFCCs
- Density reduced as well, ELMs are different
- q-profile seems to be similar

Attempts to solve physics issues related to confinement Influence of toroidal rotation(4)

✓ the effect of rotation on ion transport



Attempts to solve physics issues related to confinement Fast particle effects on the stability limits

JET stable to 2/1 not DIII-D

- Different fast particle content?
- Different q profile?



cf.1. Preliminary computation on JET pulses with the HAGIS code indicate that the internal kink mode limit shows a different instability limit when a fraction of fast ion pressure is included in the total pressure.

 β_N limit can change by ~20%

cf.2. Fast particles have a stabilizing effect on ITG driven modes through a modification of the magnetic equilibrium (incidentally improve the gyro-kinetic ordering)

Progress for Hybrid Scenario

ITPA database for plasma performance as duration time

(open symbols are transient discharges, closed symbols are stationary ones)



The duration of hybrid discharges is typically longer compared to reversed shear plasmas.
There is no clear difference between the various experiments in hybrid dataset.

Reversed Shear Scenario



Distinct groups of results, best ones just fine for Q~5. Transient for $q_{95} \le 4$, ITER target for $q_{95} = 5$ only.

Hybrid Scenario



Similar results from all machines, Q>10 possible (ignition?). 2x ITER target at q_{95} =3, or long pulse (2000s) at q_{95} =4-4.5.

Identity Experiments

Plasma shapes used in JET compared to ASDEX Upgrade



Identity Experiments



MHD Analysis on JET Shots

#55937 (an example of conventional H-mode)

#75738 (an example of Hybrid scenario)



-----analyzed time (before ELM burst)