

$$P_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x}) = P_{X_1, X_2}(x_1, x_2) P_{X_3, X_4, X_5 | X_1, X_2}(x_3, x_4, x_5 | x_1, x_2) \\ P_{X_6 | X_1, \dots, X_5}(x_6 | x_1, \dots, x_5) \dots$$

Indep

$$P_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x}) = \prod P_{X_i}(x_i)$$

F F

$$P_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x}) = P_{X_1, \dots, X_m}(x_1, \dots, x_m) P_{X_{m+1}, \dots, X_n}(\dots)$$

iid (indep & identically dist)

$$P_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x}) = \prod P_X(x_i)$$

$$W = g(\underline{X})$$

$$F_W(w) = P(g(\underline{X}) \leq w) = \sum_{\underline{x}: g(\underline{x}) \leq w} \underbrace{P_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x})}_{\downarrow}$$

$$P_W(w) = P(g(\underline{X}) = w) = \sum_{\underline{x}: g(\underline{x}) = w} P_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x})$$

$$Y = \max(X_1, \dots, X_n)$$

$$\text{ind} \quad \bar{F}_Y(y) = (\bar{F}_X(y))^n \quad f_Y(y) = n(\bar{F}_X(y))^{n-1} f_X(y)$$

$$W = \min(X_1, \dots, X_n)$$

$$\text{ind} \quad \bar{F}_W(w) = 1 - (1 - \bar{F}_X(w))^n$$

$$f_W(w) = n(1 - F_X(w))^{n-1} f_X(w)$$

$$E g(\underline{X}) = \begin{cases} \sum_x g(\underline{x}) P_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x}) \\ \int g(\underline{x}) f_{\underline{X}}(\underline{x}) d\underline{x} \end{cases}$$

Indep rvs

$$E g(X_1) \dots g_n(X_n) = E g(X_1) \dots E g(X_n)$$

$$\underline{g} = \underline{g}(\underline{X})$$

cts, ctsly diff, one-to-one, invertbl

$$f_{\underline{y}}(\underline{y}) = f_{\underline{x}}(h(\underline{y})) \left| \frac{\partial(\underline{x})}{\partial(\underline{y})} \right|$$

\uparrow
 g^{-1}

\uparrow
 $\left(\frac{\partial(\underline{y})}{\partial(\underline{x})} \right)^{-1}$

$$f_{\underline{y}}(\underline{y}) \underline{\underline{|\Delta \underline{y}|}} = f_{\underline{x}}(\underline{x}) \underline{\underline{|\Delta \underline{x}|}}$$

$$\underline{y} = A\underline{x} + b$$

$$f_{\underline{y}}(\underline{y}) = \frac{f_{\underline{x}}(A^{-1}(\underline{y}-b))}{|\det A|}$$

$$\underline{\mu}_X = \underline{E}X = \begin{bmatrix} EX_1 \\ \vdots \\ EX_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_X = \underline{E}X X^t = \begin{bmatrix} EX_1^2 & EX_1 X_2 & \dots \\ EX_2 X_1 & EX_2^2 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & EX_n^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_X &= \underline{E}(X - \underline{\mu}_X)(X - \underline{\mu}_X)^t \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & \text{cov}(X_1, X_2) & \dots \\ \text{cov}(X_1, X_2) & \sigma_2^2 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \sigma_n^2 \end{bmatrix} = R_X - \underline{\mu}_X \underline{\mu}_X^t \end{aligned}$$

Symm. \rightarrow real. eival, orthonormal
eivens

non-neg def \rightarrow non neg
eival. //

$$\underline{Y} = A\underline{X} + \underline{b}$$

$$\underline{E} \underline{Y} \stackrel{d}{=} \underline{\mu}_Y = \underline{E}(A\underline{X} + \underline{b}) = A \underline{E} \underline{X} + \underline{b}$$

$$= \underline{A \mu_X + b} \leftarrow$$

$$\underline{E} Y_1 = \underline{E} (A_{11} X_1 + \dots + A_{1m} X_m + b_1)$$

\vdots
 Y_m

$$\begin{aligned}
R_{\underline{y}} &= E \underline{y} \underline{y}^t = E (A \underline{x} + \underline{b}) (A \underline{x} + \underline{b})^t \\
&= E \left(\underline{A} \underline{x} \underline{x}^t \underline{A}^t + \underline{A} \underline{x} \underline{b}^t + \underline{b} \underline{x}^t \underline{A}^t + \underline{b} \underline{b}^t \right) \\
&= \underline{A} \underbrace{E(\underline{x} \underline{x}^t)}_{\underline{R}_x} \underline{A}^t + \underline{A} \underbrace{E \underline{x}}_{\underline{\mu}_x} \underline{b}^t + \underline{b} \underbrace{E \underline{x}^t}_{\underline{\mu}_x} \underline{A}^t + \underline{b} \underline{b}^t
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
C_{\underline{y}} &= E (\underline{y} - \underline{\mu}_y) (\underline{y} - \underline{\mu}_y)^t \\
&= E \underline{A} (\underline{x} - \underline{\mu}_x) (\underline{x} - \underline{\mu}_x)^t \underline{A}^t \\
&= \underline{A} \underline{C}_x \underline{A}^t
\end{aligned}$$

Gauss vvecs.

$$f_{\underline{x}}(\underline{x}) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{\frac{n}{2}} |\det(\underline{C}_x)|^{1/2}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} (\underline{x} - \underline{\mu}_x)^t \underline{C}_x^{-1} (\underline{x} - \underline{\mu}_x)\right)$$

$$f_x(x) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{1/2} |\sigma_x^2|^{1/2}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} (x - \mu_x) (\sigma_x^2)^{-1} (x - \mu_x)\right)$$

\underline{x} uncorrel. $\Rightarrow \underline{C}_x = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & & 0 \\ & \sigma_2^2 & \\ & & \ddots \\ 0 & & & \sigma_n^2 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\underline{C}_x^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1/\sigma_1^2 & & 0 \\ & 1/\sigma_2^2 & \\ & & \ddots \\ 0 & & & 1/\sigma_n^2 \end{pmatrix} \downarrow$$

$$\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sigma_1^{-2}(x_1-\mu_1)^2}{+ \dots + \sigma_n^{-2}(x_n-\mu_n)^2}\right)\right)$$

$$f_{\underline{x}}(\underline{x}) = \prod f_{x_i}(x_i)$$

indp \Rightarrow uncorrel

~~\Leftarrow~~

\Leftarrow (j G.)

$$\underline{y} = A\underline{x} + \underline{b} \quad \underline{x} = A^{-1}(\underline{y} - \underline{b})$$

\leftarrow j G.

$$\underline{Y} \sim jG \quad \text{pdf } f_Y(y) \quad f_X(x)$$

$$X \text{ iid } N(0, 1) \quad \mu_X = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C_X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & 0 \\ & \ddots & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ 0 & & & 1 \end{pmatrix} = I_n$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\underline{Y} = A\underline{X} + \underline{b}$$

$$\mu_Y = A\mu_X + \underline{b} = \boxed{\underline{b}} \leftarrow$$

$$C_Y = AC_XA^t = \boxed{AA^t} \leftarrow$$

If we want to have $\underline{Y} \sim jG$ w/ mean $\underline{\mu}$ cov C

$$\underline{b} = \underline{\mu}, \quad A \text{ s.t. } AA^t = C$$

$$\underline{C} = \underline{U} \underline{D} \underline{U}^t \quad \underline{D} = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & & 0 \\ & \ddots & \\ 0 & & \lambda_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{U} = \begin{bmatrix} | & & | \\ \underline{u}_1 & \dots & \underline{u}_n \\ | & & | \end{bmatrix}$$

↑
eigen val
of C

orthonormal.
↑
eigen vecs of C

Unitary

$$U^t = U^{-1}$$

$$UU^t = I$$

$$D^{1/2} = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{\lambda_1} & & & 0 \\ & \sqrt{\lambda_2} & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ 0 & & & \sqrt{\lambda_n} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C &= UD^{1/2} D^{1/2} U^t && UD^{1/2} \\ &= \underline{UD^{1/2}} (\underline{UD^{1/2}})^t && UD^{1/2} U^t \\ &= \underline{A} \underline{A^t} && UD^{1/2} U^t U^t \\ &= \underline{UD^{1/2} U^t} (\underline{UD^{1/2} U^t})^t && \end{aligned}$$

Sums of rows $W_m = X_1 + \dots + X_n$

$$EW_m = EX_1 + \dots + EX_n$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Var}(W_n) &= E \left(X_1 + \dots + X_n - EX_1 - \dots - EX_n \right)^2 \\
 &= E \left(\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - EX_i) \right)^2 \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n \text{Var}(X_i) + \sum_{i \neq j} \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\text{Var}(X+Y) = \text{Var}(X) + \text{Var}(Y) + 2\text{Cov}(X, Y) \right)$$

X_i 's uncorrel. $\text{Var}(W_n) = \sum \text{Var}(X_i)$

$W = X+Y$ $g(x, y)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_W(w) &= P(X+Y \leq w) \\
 &= \iint f_{X,Y}(x,y) dx dy
 \end{aligned}$$



$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\underline{w-y}} f_{xy}(x, y) dx dy$$

$x+y \leq w$

$$f_w(w) = \frac{d}{dw} F_w(w)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d}{dw} \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\underline{w-y}} f_{xy}(x, y) dx \right) dy$$

$$= f_{xy}(w-y, y)$$

$$\left(\frac{d}{dw} \int_a^{\underline{g(w)}} f_{xy}(x, y) dx = f_{xy}(\underline{g(w)}, y) \cdot \frac{dg(w)}{dw} \right)$$

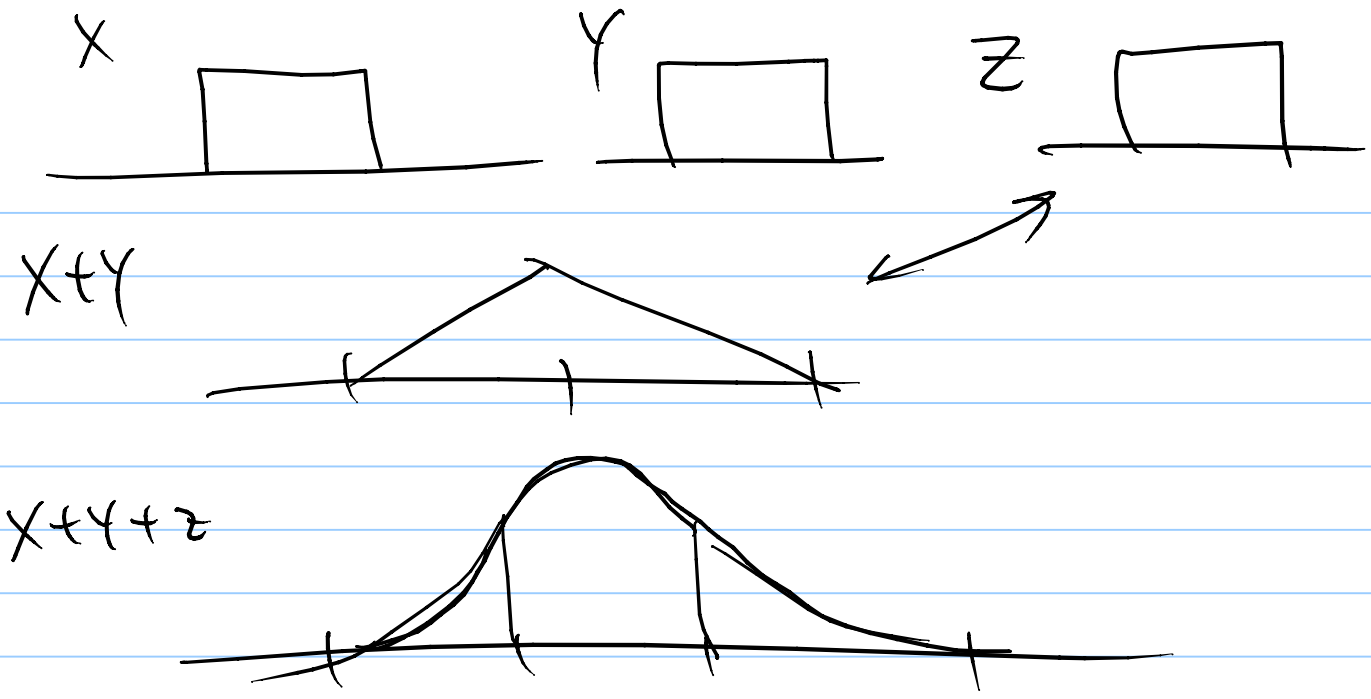
$$f_W(w) = \begin{cases} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{XY}(w-y, y) dy \\ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{XY}(x, w-x) dx \end{cases}$$

X, Y indep

Convolution.

$$f_W(w) = \begin{cases} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(w-y) f_Y(y) dy \\ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) f_Y(w-x) dx \end{cases}$$

$$P_W(w) = \begin{cases} \sum P_X(w-y) P_Y(y) \\ \sum P_X(x) P_Y(w-x) \end{cases}$$



Moment generating fun. (mgf)

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_X(s) &= \bar{E} e^{sX} \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{sx} \underline{\underline{f_X(x) dx}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\sum_x e^{sx} p_X(x) \right)$$