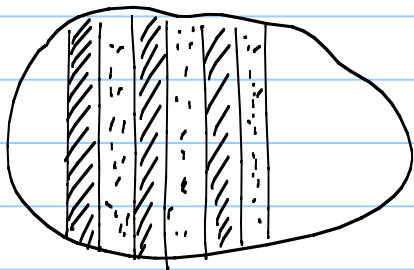


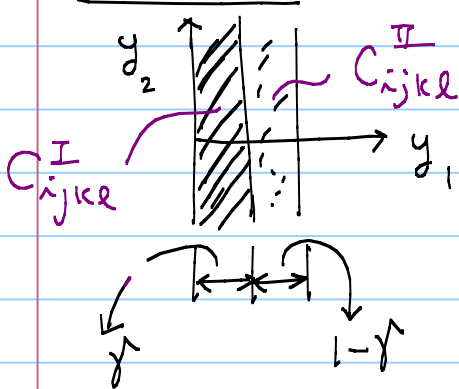
# Analytic Solution of the Homogenized Eqs

for Laminated Composites - 2-D Case

## < Rank-1 Material >



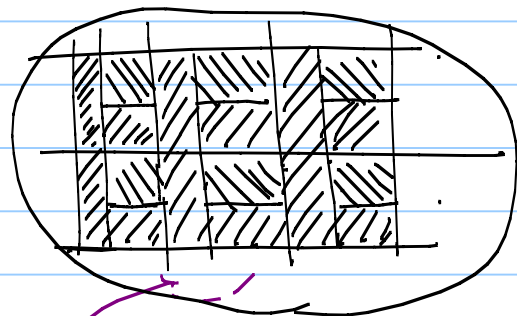
unit cell



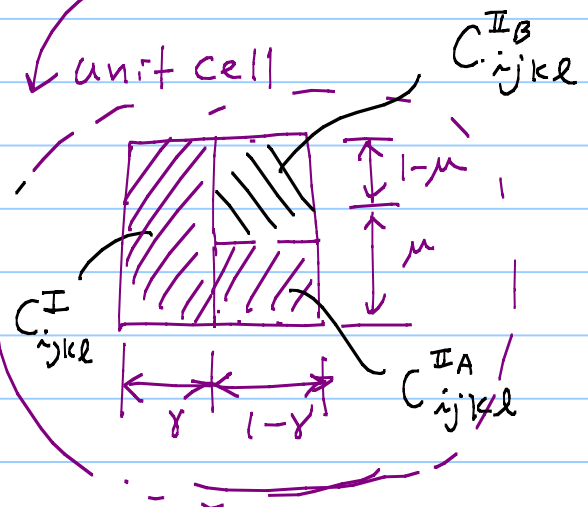
$$Y = \bar{Y} = [0, 1] \times \mathbb{R}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y_2}(\cdot) = 0$$

## < Rank-2 Material >



unit cell



$$Y = \bar{Y} = [0, 1] \times [0, 1]$$

(mainly work with isotropic  $C_{ijkl}$ )

To find  $D_{ijkl}$  (Homogenized elastic constants), recall

$$\boxed{\blacksquare} \quad D_{ijkl}(\underline{x}) \triangleq \frac{1}{V_y^c} \int_{\bar{Y}} \left( C_{ijkl} - C_{ijpm} \frac{\partial \chi_p^{kl}}{\partial y_m} \right) dV_y \quad (A)$$

$$\boxed{\blacksquare} \quad \int_{\bar{Y}} C_{ijkl} \frac{\partial \chi_k^{jr}}{\partial y_l} \frac{\partial v_i(\underline{y})}{\partial y_j} dV_y = \int_{\bar{Y}} C_{ijgr} \frac{\partial v_i(\underline{y})}{\partial y_j} dV_y \quad (B)$$

$\oplus$  periodicity on  $\chi_{kr}^{jr}$

CASE 1:  $C_{gr} = c_{ll}$

( $Y = \bar{Y}$   
in this case)

$$\begin{aligned} (B) \rightarrow \int_{\bar{Y}} & \left[ \left( C_{1111} \frac{\partial \chi_1''}{\partial y_1} + C_{1122} \frac{\partial \chi_2''}{\partial y_2} \right) \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_1} \right. \\ & \left. + C_{1212} \left( \frac{\partial \chi_1''}{\partial y_2} + \frac{\partial \chi_2''}{\partial y_1} \right) \left( \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y_1} + \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_2} \right) \right. \\ & \left. + \left( C_{2211} \frac{\partial \chi_1''}{\partial y_1} + C_{2222} \frac{\partial \chi_2''}{\partial y_2} \right) \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y_2} \right] dV_y \\ & \left( C_{2211} = C_{1122} \right) \\ & = \int_{\bar{Y}} \left( C_{1111} \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_1} + C_{2211} \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y_2} \right) dV_y \quad (1) \\ & \oplus \chi_i'' : \text{periodic} \end{aligned}$$

$$(A) \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{aligned} D_{1111} &= \frac{1}{V_y^c} \int_Y \left( C_{1111} - C_{1111} \frac{\partial \chi_1''}{\partial y_1} - C_{1122} \frac{\partial \chi_2''}{\partial y_2} \right) dV_y \quad (2) \\ D_{2211} &= \frac{1}{V_y^c} \int_Y \left( C_{2211} - C_{2211} \frac{\partial \chi_1''}{\partial y_1} - C_{2222} \frac{\partial \chi_2''}{\partial y_2} \right) dV_y \quad (3) \end{aligned} \right.$$

Case 2: ( $qr = 22$ )

$$(B) \rightarrow \int_Y \left[ \left( C_{1111} \frac{\partial \chi_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} + C_{1122} \frac{\partial \chi_2^{22}}{\partial y_2} \right) \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_1} + C_{1212} \left( \frac{\partial \chi_1^{22}}{\partial y_2} + \frac{\partial \chi_2^{22}}{\partial y_1} \right) \left( \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y_1} + \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_2} \right) + \left( C_{2211} \frac{\partial \chi_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} + C_{2222} \frac{\partial \chi_2^{22}}{\partial y_2} \right) \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y_2} \right] dV_y$$

$$= \int_Y \left( C_{1122} \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_1} + C_{2222} \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y_2} \right) dV_y \quad (4)$$

$\oplus \chi_i^{22} = \text{periodic}$

$$(A) \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{aligned} D_{1122} &= \frac{1}{V_y^c} \int_Y \left( C_{1122} - C_{1111} \frac{\partial \chi_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} - C_{1122} \frac{\partial \chi_2^{22}}{\partial y_2} \right) dV_y \end{aligned} \right. \quad (5)$$

$$D_{2222} = \frac{1}{V_y^c} \int_Y \left( C_{2222} - C_{2211} \frac{\partial \chi_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} - C_{2222} \frac{\partial \chi_2^{22}}{\partial y_2} \right) dV_y \quad (6)$$

(Remark:  $D_{1122} \equiv D_{2211}$  ← used as a check)

< Case 3: ( $qr=12$ ) (same as  $qr=21$ ) >

$$(B) \rightarrow \int_Y \left[ \left( C_{1111} \frac{\partial \chi_1^{12}}{\partial y_1} + C_{1122} \frac{\partial \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_2} \right) \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_1} + C_{1212} \left( \frac{\partial \chi_1^{12}}{\partial y_2} + \frac{\partial \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_1} \right) \left( \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_2} + \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y_1} \right) + \left( C_{1122} \frac{\partial \chi_1^{12}}{\partial y_1} + C_{2222} \frac{\partial \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_2} \right) \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y_2} \right] dV_y$$

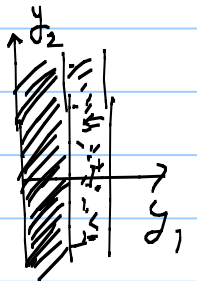
⊕  $\chi_i^{12}$ : periodic

$$= \int_Y C_{1212} \left( \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_2} + \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y_1} \right) dV_y \quad (7)$$

(A) →

$$D_{1212} = \frac{1}{V_y^c} \int_Y \left[ C_{1212} - C_{1212} \left( \frac{\partial \chi_1^{12}}{\partial y_2} + \frac{\partial \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_1} \right) \right] dV_y \quad (8)$$

Explicit Calculations of Eqs (1-8)  
for Rank-1 Material



Use the following conditions

$$- \frac{\partial}{\partial y_2} (\cdot) = 0,$$

$$- v_i = v_i(y_1)$$

$$- \chi_i = \chi_i(y_1)$$

$$- \text{Let } V_y^c = L_y^c = 1$$

$$- \text{Replace } \int_{V_y} (\cdot) dV_y = \int_{y_1^L=0}^{y_1^u=1} (\cdot) dy_1$$

(9)

« For  $(qr) = (11)$ :  $N_2 = 0$  »

$$(1) \rightarrow \int_Y C_{1111} \left( \frac{\partial x_1''}{\partial y_1} \right) \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_1} dy_1 = \int_Y C_{1111} \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_1} dy_1 \quad (a)$$

$$(2) \rightarrow D_{1111} = \frac{1}{L_{Y_1}} \int_Y (C_{1111} - C_{1111} \left( \frac{\partial x_1''}{\partial y_1} \right)) dy_1 \quad (b)$$

$$(3) \quad D_{2211} = \frac{1}{L_{Y_1}} \int_Y (C_{2211} - C_{2211} \left( \frac{\partial x_1''}{\partial y_1} \right)) dy_1 \quad (c)$$

(ix) Only  $\partial x_1'' / \partial y_1$  is needed.)

Before integrating (a), convert (a) to

$$\int_0^1 (C_{1111} \frac{\partial x_1''}{\partial y_1} - C_{1111}) \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_1} dy_1 = 0 \quad (d)$$

Integrate the above result:

$$\left[ \underbrace{\left( C_{1111} \frac{\partial x_1''}{\partial y_1} - C_{1111} \right)}_0 v_1 \right]_{y_1=0}^{y_1=1} - \int_Y \underbrace{\frac{d}{dy_1} \left[ C_{1111} \frac{\partial x_1''}{\partial y_1} - C_{1111} \right]}_0 v_1 dy_1 = 0$$

( $\because v(0) = v(1)$ ,  $x$  is periodic)

$$\Rightarrow C_{III} \frac{\partial x_1''}{\partial y_1} - C_{III} = a$$

$\left( \begin{array}{l} \text{SAME procedure} \\ \text{used for 1-b} \\ \text{Homo. case} \end{array} \right)$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial x_1''}{\partial y_1} = 1 + \frac{a}{C_{III}} \quad \text{--- (e)}$$

$$x_1''(y_1) = y + a \int \frac{dy}{C_{III}} + b \quad \text{(f)}$$

Imposing  $x_1''(0) = x_1''(1)$  yields

$$a = - \frac{1}{\int_0^1 \frac{dy_1}{C_{III}}} = - \left\langle \frac{1}{C_{III}} \right\rangle \quad \text{(g)}$$

Convenient to use Introduce the following notation:

Volumetric average

$$\langle f \rangle = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{L_{y_1}^c} \int_{y_1} f(y_1) dy_1 & \text{for 1-D} \\ \frac{1}{V_y^c} \int_Y f(\underline{y}) dV_y & \text{for 3-D} \end{cases} \quad (10)$$

Then

$$\frac{\partial x_1''}{\partial y_1(e, g)} = 1 - \frac{1}{c_{1111}} \left\langle \frac{1}{c_{1111}} \right\rangle^{-1} \quad (h)$$

Substituting (h)  $\rightarrow$  (b, c) yields

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet D_{1111} &= \frac{1}{L_{y_1}^c} \int_Y (c_{1111} - c_{1111} \frac{\partial x_1''}{\partial y_1}) dy_1 \\ &= \left\langle \frac{1}{c_{1111}} \right\rangle \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

$$\bullet D_{2211} = \frac{1}{L_{y_1}^c} \int_Y (c_{2211} - c_{2211} \frac{\partial x_1''}{\partial y_1}) dy_1$$

$$= \frac{1}{L_{y_1}^c} \int_Y \left( \frac{c_{2211}}{c_{1111}} \right) \left\langle \frac{1}{c_{1111}} \right\rangle^{-1} dy_1$$

$$= \left( \frac{1}{L_{y_1}^c} \int_Y \frac{c_{2211}}{c_{1111}} dy_1 \right) \left\langle \frac{1}{c_{1111}} \right\rangle^{-1}$$

(12)



« For  $(qr) = 22$  :  $v_2 = 0$  »

$$(4) \rightarrow \int_Y C_{1111} \left( \frac{\partial x_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} \right) \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_1} dy_1 = \int C_{1122} \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_1} dy_1 \quad (a)'$$

$$(5) \rightarrow D_{1122} = \frac{1}{L_y c} \int_Y \left( C_{1122} - C_{1111} \left( \frac{\partial x_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} \right) \right) dy_1 \quad (b)'$$

$$(6) \quad D_{2222} = \frac{1}{L_y c} \int_Y \left( C_{2222} - C_{2211} \left( \frac{\partial x_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} \right) \right) dy_1 \quad (c)'$$

(X only  $\partial x_1^{22} / \partial y_1$  is needed)

Before integrating (a)', convert (a)' into

$$\int_0^1 \left( C_{1111} \frac{\partial x_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} - C_{1122} \right) \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y_1} dy_1 = 0 \quad (d)'$$

Integrate the above result:

$$\left[ \left( C_{1111} \frac{\partial x_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} - C_{1122} \right) v_1 \right]_{y_1=0}^{y_1=1} - \int_Y \underbrace{\frac{\partial}{\partial y_1} \left[ C_{1111} \frac{\partial x_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} - C_{1122} \right]}_0 v_1 dy_1 = 0$$

( $\because v(0) = v(1)$ , X = periodic)

$$\Rightarrow C_{1111} \frac{\partial \chi_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} - C_{1122} = a'$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial \chi_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} = \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} + \frac{a'}{C_{1111}} \quad (e)'$$

$$\chi_1^{22}(y_1) = \int \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} dy_1 + a' \int \frac{1}{C_{1111}} dy_1 + b'$$

Imposing  $\chi_1^{22}(0) = \chi_1^{22}(1)$

$$b' = \int_0^1 \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} dy_1 + a' \int_0^1 \frac{1}{C_{1111}} dy_1 + b'$$

Thus

$$a' = - \left\langle \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle \left\langle \frac{1}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle^{-1} \quad (g)'$$

$$\text{Then } \frac{\partial \chi_1^{22}}{\partial y_1} \xrightarrow{(e)', (g)'} \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} - \frac{1}{C_{1111}} \left\langle \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle \left\langle \frac{1}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle^{-1} \quad (h)'$$

Substituting (h') into (b', c') yields

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \cdot \text{[redacted]} &= \frac{1}{L_y c} \int_Y (C_{1122} - C_{1111} \frac{\partial \chi_1^{22}}{\partial y_1}) dy_1 \\ &= \left\langle \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle \left\langle \frac{1}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle^{-1} \quad (13) \\ & \quad (= \text{[redacted]}; \text{ note } C_{1122} = C_{2211} \text{ etc}) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot \text{[redacted]} &= \frac{1}{L_y c} \int_Y (C_{2222} - C_{2211} \frac{\partial \chi_1^{22}}{\partial y_1}) dy_1 \\ &= \frac{1}{L_y c} \int_Y \left( C_{2222} - \frac{C_{1122}^2}{C_{1111}} \right. \\ & \quad \left. - \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} \left\langle \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle \left\langle \frac{1}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle^{-1} \right) dy_1 \\ &= \left\langle C_{2222} \right\rangle - \left\langle \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle \left\langle \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle^2 \left\langle \frac{1}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle^{-1} \quad (14) \end{aligned}$$

« For (9r) = (12) ;  $v_1 = 0$  »

$$(7) \rightarrow \int_Y C_{1212} \frac{\partial^2 \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_1^2} \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y_1} dy_1 = \int_Y C_{1212} \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y_1} dy_1 \quad (a)''$$

$$(8) \rightarrow D_{1212} = \frac{1}{L_{y_1}^c} \int_Y \left( C_{1212} - C_{1212} \frac{\partial^2 \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_1^2} \right) dy_1 \quad (b)''$$

Before integrating (a''), convert (a)'' into

$$\int_0^1 \left( C_{1212} \frac{\partial^2 \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_1^2} - C_{1212} \right) \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y_1} dy_1 = 0 \quad (c)''$$

Integrate the above equation:

$$\underbrace{\left( C_{1212} \frac{\partial^2 \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_1^2} - C_{1212} \right) v_1} \Big|_{y_1=0}^{y_1=1} - \int_{y_1=0}^{y_1=1} \frac{\partial}{\partial y_1} \left[ C_{1212} \frac{\partial^2 \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_1^2} - C_{1212} \right] \frac{v_1}{2} dy_1 = 0$$

( $\because v_1(0) = v_1(1)$ ,  
 $x = \text{periodic}$ )

$$\Rightarrow C_{1212} \frac{\partial^2 \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_1^2} - C_{1212} \equiv a'' \quad (d)''$$

$\uparrow$  CONSTANT

$$\therefore \frac{\partial \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_1} = 1 + \frac{a''}{C_{12|2}} \quad (e)'' \quad 13$$

$$\chi_2^{12}(y_1) = y + a'' \int_0^{y_1} \frac{1}{C_{12|2}} dy_1 + b \quad (f'')$$

Imposing  $\chi_2^{12}(0) = \chi_2^{12}(1)$  yields

$$a'' = - \frac{1}{\underbrace{\left( \frac{1}{L y^c} \right)}_1 \int_Y \frac{dy_1}{C_{12|2}}} = - \left\langle \frac{1}{C_{12|2}} \right\rangle^{-1} \quad (g)''$$

Thus

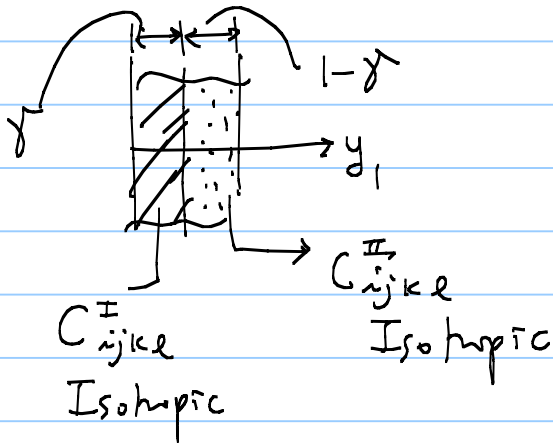
$$\frac{\partial \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_1} = 1 - \frac{1}{C_{12|2}} \left\langle \frac{1}{C_{12|2}} \right\rangle^{-1} \quad (h)''$$

Substituting (h'') into (b'') yield

$$\text{[Redacted]} = \frac{1}{L y_1^c} \int_Y (C_{12|2} - C_{12|2} \frac{\partial \chi_2^{12}}{\partial y_1}) dy_1$$

(15)

Actual calculation of  $D_{ijkl}$  (under plane strain assumption)



$$C_{ijkl} = \lambda \delta_{ij} \delta_{kl} + \mu (\delta_{ik} \delta_{jl} + \delta_{il} \delta_{jk})$$

$$C_{1111} = C_{2222} = \lambda + 2\mu$$

$$C_{1212} = \mu$$

$$D_{1111} = \left\langle \frac{1}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle^{-1}$$

$$\left\langle \frac{1}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle = \frac{1}{V_{y_1}^c} \int_{y_1=0}^1 \frac{dy_1}{C_{1111}} = \int_0^y \frac{dy}{C_{1111}^I} + \int_y^1 \frac{dy}{C_{1111}^{II}}$$

$$= \frac{y}{C_{1111}^I} + \frac{1-y}{C_{1111}^{II}}$$

$$D_{1111} = \frac{1}{\frac{y}{C_{1111}^I} + \frac{1-y}{C_{1111}^{II}}} \quad (18)$$

## Useful Notation

- Arithmetic average

$$A = \frac{a_1 + \dots + a_n}{N}$$

- Harmonic average

$$H = \frac{N}{\frac{1}{a_1} + \frac{1}{a_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{a_n}}$$

⇒ Generalization:

- Weighted Arithmetic average

$$A_\gamma(a, b) \triangleq \gamma a + (1-\gamma) b$$

( $0 \leq \gamma \leq 1$ )

- Weighted Harmonic average

$$H_\gamma(a, b) \triangleq \frac{1}{\frac{\gamma}{a} + \frac{1-\gamma}{b}}$$

Then, we write

$$\bullet \underline{D_{IIII}} = H_\gamma \left( \underline{C_{IIII}^I}, \underline{C_{IIII}^{II}} \right) \quad (18)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad D_{2222} = \langle C_{2222} \rangle - \left\langle \frac{C_{1122}^2}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle$$

$$+ \left\langle \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle^2 \left\langle \frac{1}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle^{-1}$$

$$\bullet \quad \langle C_{2222} \rangle = \frac{1}{V_y} \left[ \int_{y_1=0}^{\gamma} C_{2222}^I dy_1 + \int_{\gamma}^1 C_{2222}^{II} dy_2 \right]$$

$$= \gamma C_{2222}^I + (1-\gamma) C_{2222}^{II}$$

$$= A_{\gamma} (C_{2222}^I, C_{2222}^{II})$$

$$(\equiv A_{\gamma} (C_{1111}^I, C_{1111}^{II}) \text{ for Isotropy})$$

$$\bullet \quad \left\langle \frac{C_{1122}^2}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle = A_{\gamma} \left( \frac{(C_{1122}^I)^2}{C_{1111}^I}, \frac{(C_{1122}^{II})^2}{C_{1111}^{II}} \right)$$

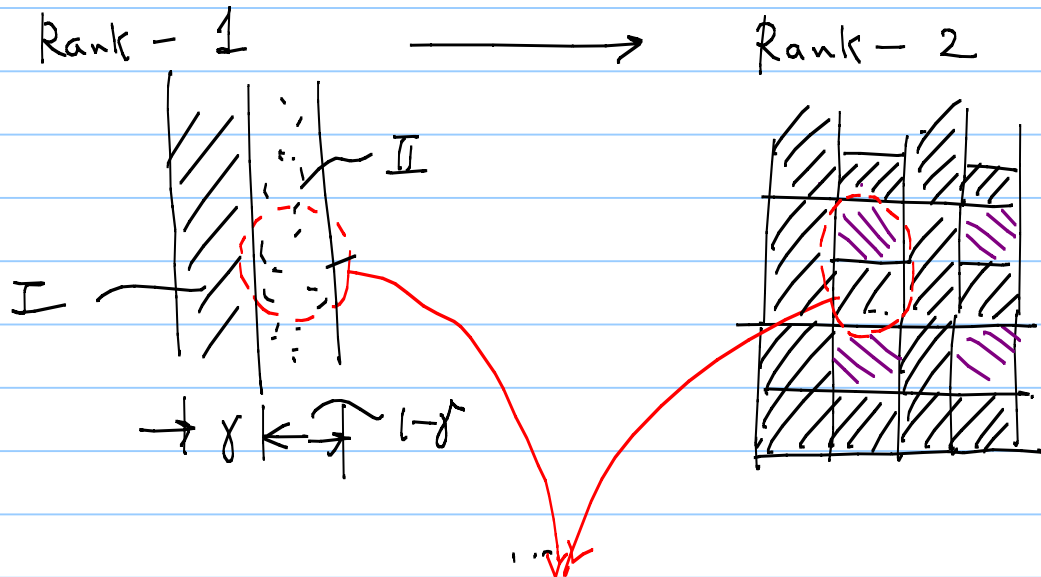
$$\bullet \quad \left\langle \frac{C_{1122}}{C_{1111}} \right\rangle = A_{\gamma} \left( \frac{C_{1122}^I}{C_{1111}^I}, \frac{C_{1122}^{II}}{C_{1111}^{II}} \right)$$



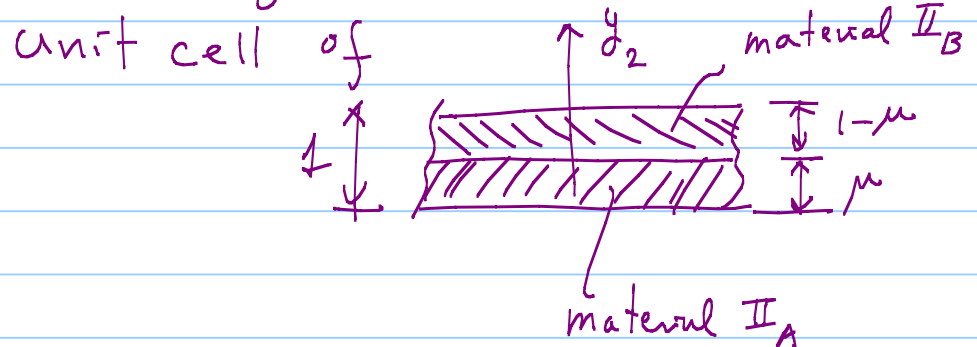
$$\begin{aligned}
 \square D_{2222} &= A_{\gamma} (C_{2222}^{\text{I}}, C_{2222}^{\text{II}}) \\
 &\quad - A_{\gamma} \left( \frac{(C_{1122}^{\text{I}})^2}{C_{1111}^{\text{I}}}, \frac{(C_{1122}^{\text{II}})^2}{C_{1111}^{\text{II}}} \right) \\
 &\quad + \left[ A_{\gamma} \left( \frac{C_{1122}^{\text{I}}}{C_{1111}^{\text{I}}}, \frac{C_{1122}^{\text{II}}}{C_{1111}^{\text{II}}} \right) \right]^2 H_{\gamma} (C_{1111}^{\text{I}}, C_{1111}^{\text{II}})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{3} D_{1212} &= \left\langle \frac{1}{C_{1212}} \right\rangle^{-1} \\
 &= H_{\gamma} (C_{1212}^{\text{I}}, C_{1212}^{\text{II}})
 \end{aligned}$$

Explicit Calculations of Eqs (1-8)  
for Rank-2 Material



May treat  $C_{ijkl}^{\text{II}}$  as the Homogenized



Therefore

Replace  $C_{ijkl}^{\text{II}}$  in Dijke in the rank-1 material by

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet \quad C_{1111}^{\text{II}} &\leftarrow A_{\mu} (C_{1111}^{\text{IA}}, C_{1111}^{\text{IB}}) \\ &\quad - A_{\mu} \left( \frac{(C_{1122}^{\text{IA}})^2}{C_{1111}^{\text{IA}}}, \frac{(C_{1122}^{\text{IB}})^2}{C_{1111}^{\text{IB}}} \right) \\ &\quad + \left[ A_{\mu} \left( \frac{C_{1122}^{\text{IA}}}{C_{2222}^{\text{IA}}}, \frac{C_{1122}^{\text{IB}}}{C_{2222}^{\text{IB}}} \right) \right]^2 H_{\mu} (C_{2222}^{\text{IA}}, C_{2222}^{\text{IB}}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\bullet \quad C_{2222}^{\text{II}} \leftarrow H_{\mu} (C_{2222}^{\text{IA}}, C_{2222}^{\text{IB}})$$

$$\bullet \quad C_{1212}^{\text{II}} \leftarrow H_{\mu} (C_{1212}^{\text{IA}}, C_{1212}^{\text{IB}})$$

