# Introduction

#### Simulation-based dynamic project management

401.661 Advanced Construction Technology



### Moonseo Park

Professor, PhD

39동 433 Phone 880-5848, Fax 871-5518 E-mail: mspark@snu.ac.kr

> Department of Architecture College of Engineering Seoul National University

### **Lecture Outline**

- Chronic Problems in Project Management
- Dynamic Management Approach
- Dynamic Management Concepts
- Course Administration

### Have you experienced ...

- Schedule and budget overruns?
- Projects seemingly stuck at "90%" complete?
- New products with flaws discovered after release?
- Late realization of additional time or resource needs?
- Difficulty comparing the performance of different, "unique" projects?

### You are not alone ...

The majority of all development projects fail to meet their time and cost targets, with the overrun typically between 40 and 200 percent.

Sources:

- Peter Morris and George Hough, *The Anatomy of Major Projects*, Wiley, 1987.
- Dr. Edward B. Roberts, *Strategic Management of Technology: Global Benchmarking*, December 10, 1992 [Results of a survey sponsored by the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass and PA Consulting Group, London, England].

Construction is not an exception. The UK construction industry reports that only 70% of projects delivered within 5% of the tender cost and 38% delivered within 5% of the tender program.

Sources:

Latham, "Constructing the Team", HMSO, 1994

# Why?

- Unrealistic Goals
- Late Changes
- Poor Program Planning and Management
- Resource Shortages
- Lack of Participants' Understanding on Requirements
- Lack of Commitment
- Uncertainties
- And so on...

## **Chronic Problems in PM**

Chronic problems in project management persist in spite of advances in planning and management tools.

 Problems encountered during project management are fundamentally dynamic. However, they have been treated statically with a partial view on a project.

As a result, schedule tends to be continuously updated during the project duration without valueadding.

# **Chronic Problems in PM**

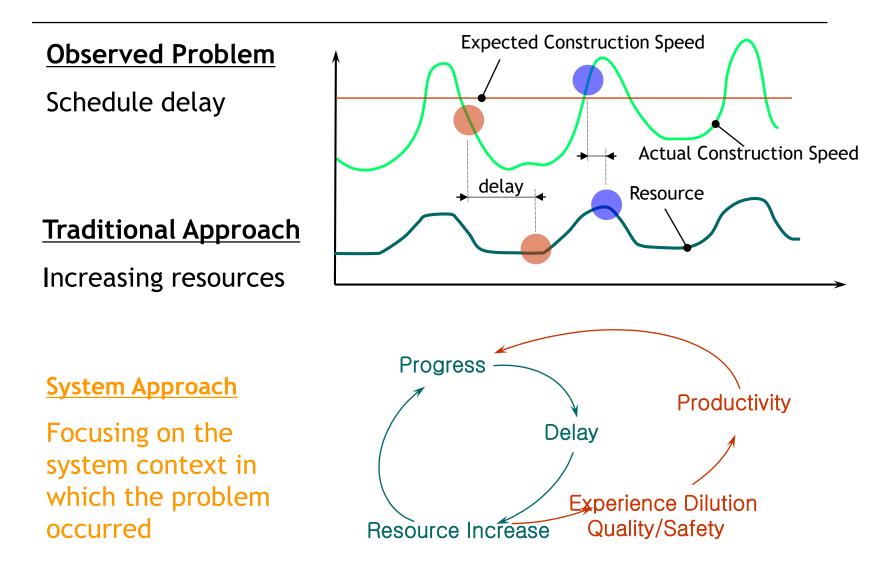
- Learning has rarely accumulated across projects.
  - Partly due to the structural problems of projects.
    - R&D Projects: unique each time
    - Construction: process-based work that is performed on an unfixed place by a temporary alliance among multiple organizations [Slaughter, 1999].
  - Also, attributed to the lack of learning mechanism in the traditional network-based planning tools such as CPM, PERT, and PDM.

### **Lecture Outline**

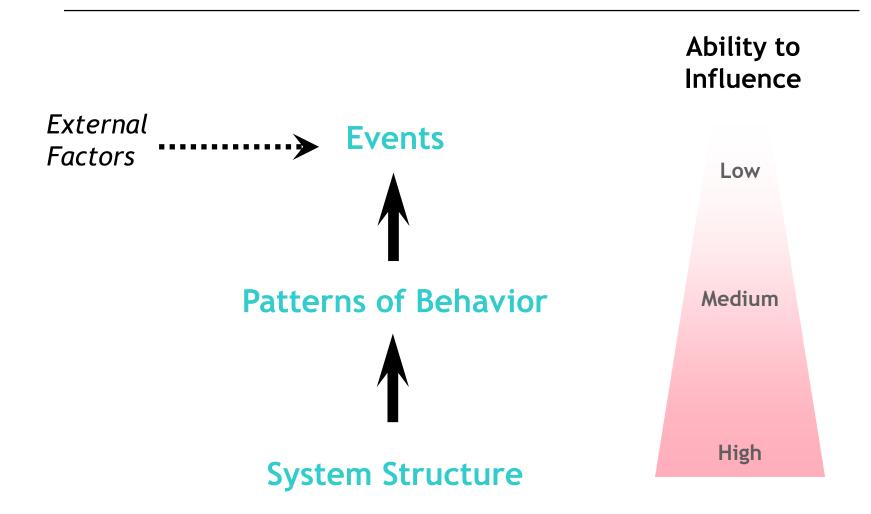
Chronic Problems in Project Management

- Dynamic Management Approach
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### **New Approach to PM**



## Their Ability to Influence...



### Dynamic Management Approach Helps...

- Understanding the structure of projects, and how that structure creates behaviors
- Designing robust project plans under uncertainty
- Learning across projects

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# The premise

The structure of the system (시스템구조) generates its *behavior* (행태), which is observed as a phenomenon (현상).

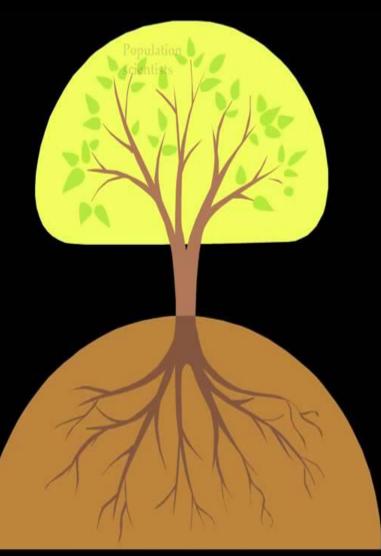
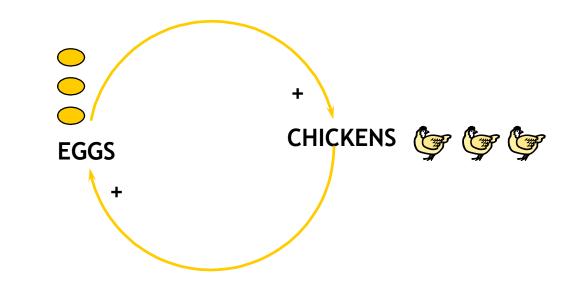


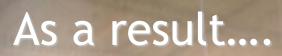
Image from MS PowerPoint clip art library

### System Structure as Cause of Behaviors

The basic element of system structure is the feedback loop.



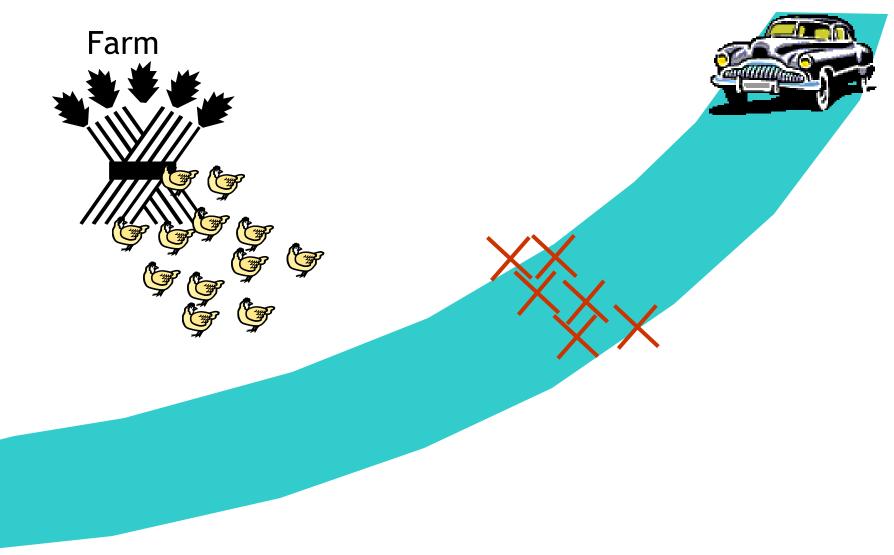
This one is called a "positive," or "reinforcing" feedback loop.



# Chickens

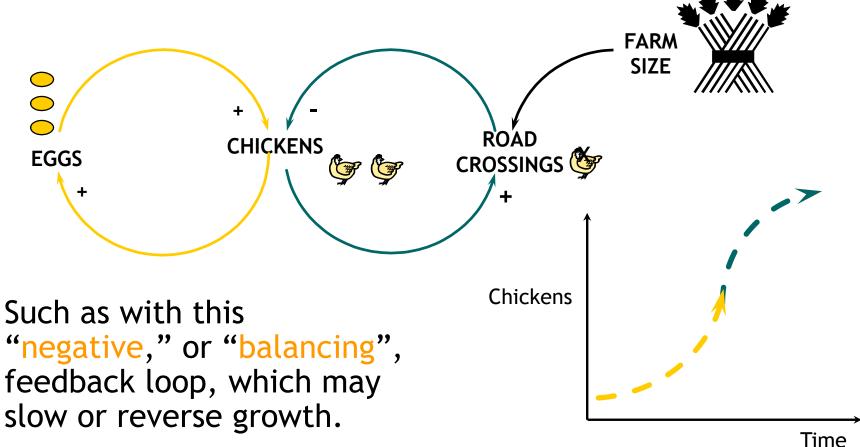
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### Exodus....



## When interacting with one another...

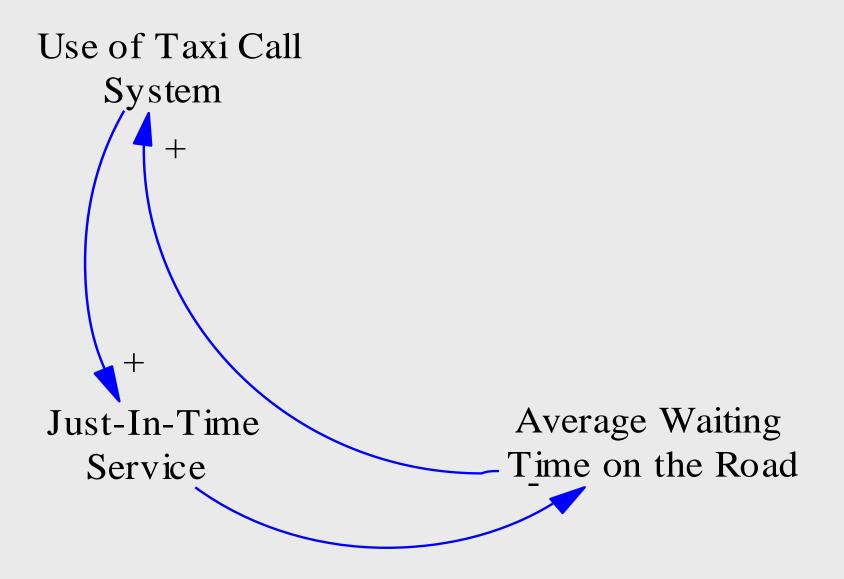
Loop effects interact with one another, making traditional diagnosis quite difficult.

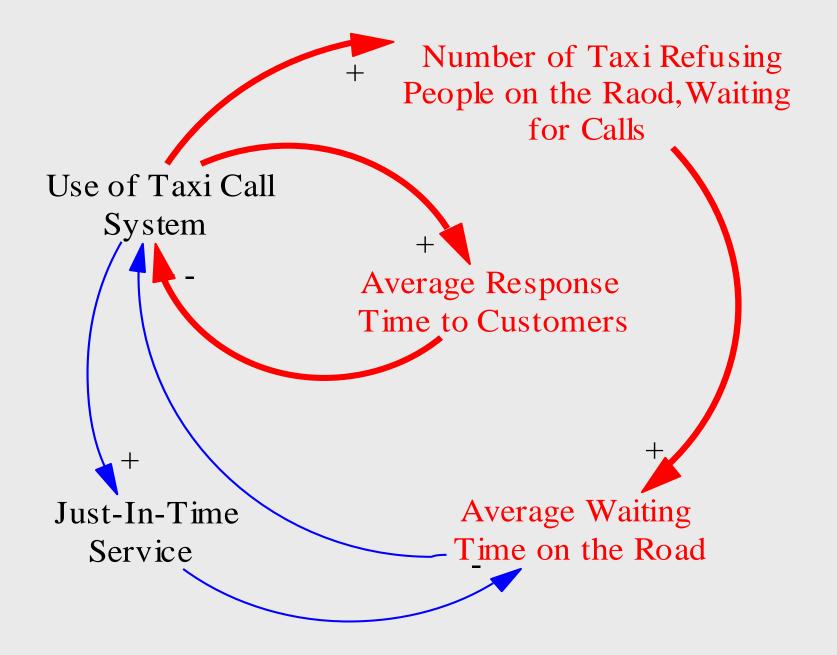


### Example Taxi calling system in Singapore



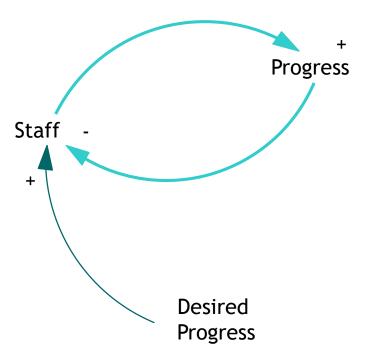




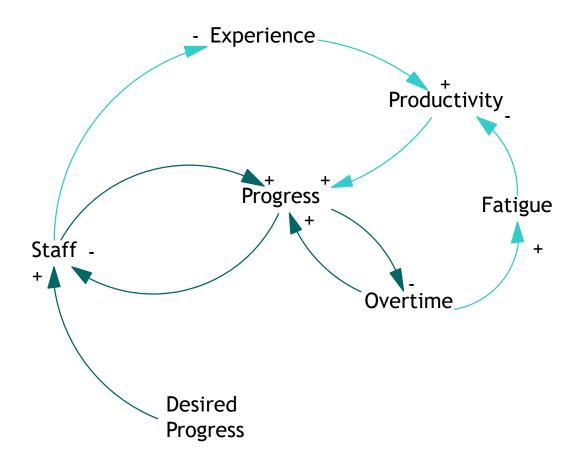


### This also happens in PM...

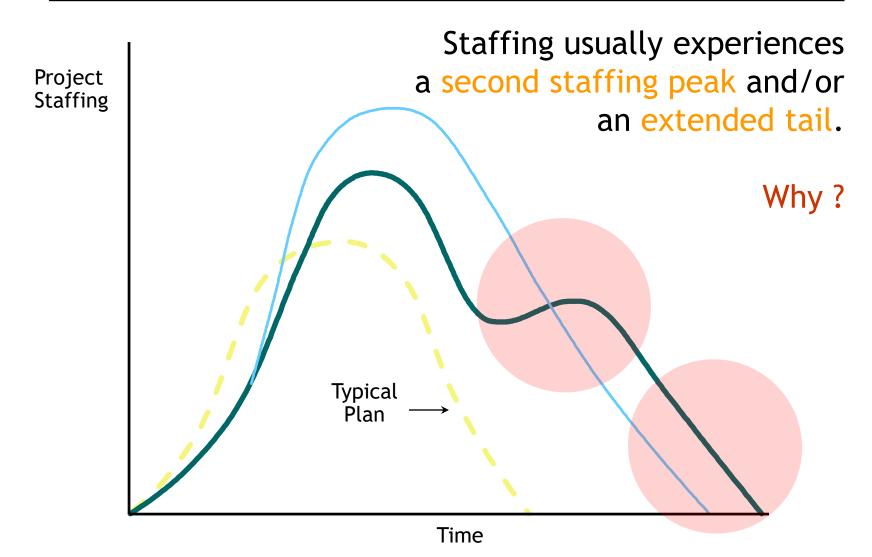
The "dominant" loop on a project may be a controlling loop.



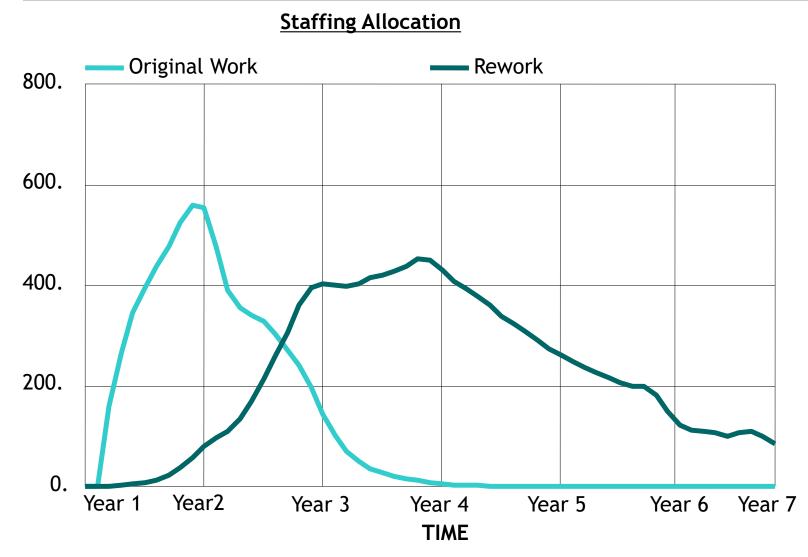
# Reinforcing loops complicate that control...



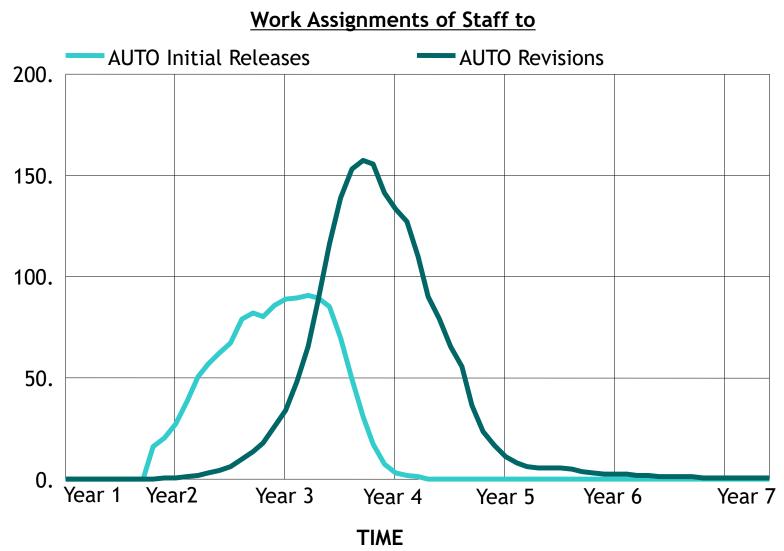
## An Example on a Project



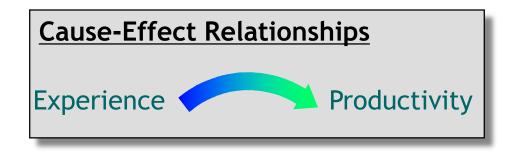
### An extended tail caused by rework

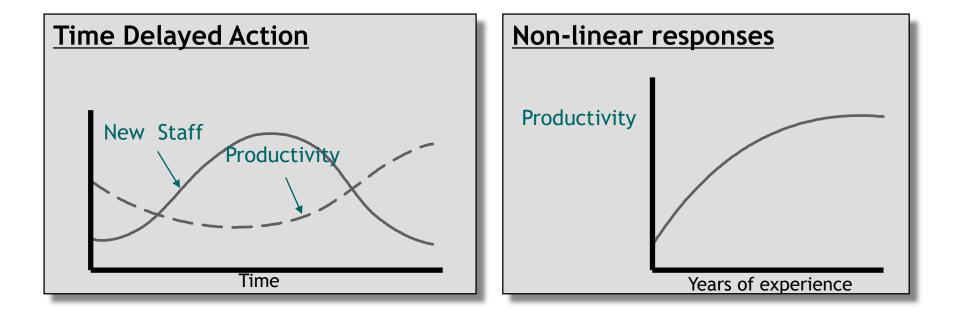


# A second staffing peak caused by rework



## Main Elements within Feedback Loops

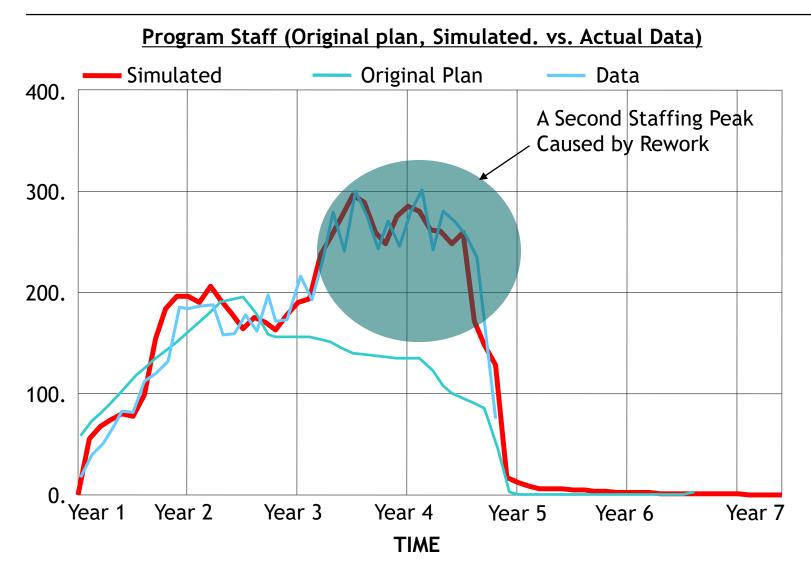




# Generating observed modes of behaviors

"....Interacting positive and negative feedback loops of cause-effect relationships, with delays and nonlinearities are <u>capable of generating</u> <u>all observed modes of behavior..."</u>

### Simulating observed behaviors



### **Potential Benefits of Dynamic Approach**

Systems thinking and dynamic modeling provide a new approach

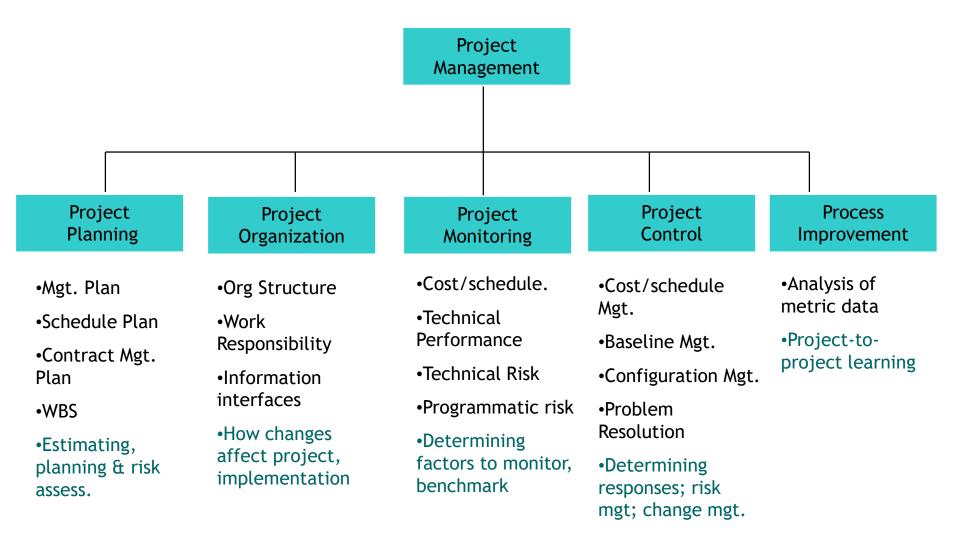
#### As a World View ...

- Focus on understanding behaviour over time
- Internal feedback and stockflow structure creates that behaviour
- Integrative, high-level view of projects, business, competition, markets.
- Provides understanding of how the business dynamics work, and critical success factors

### As a Process and Tools ...

- Engages management team in strategy dialogue
- Structured approach to analyzing and managing complex issues
- Facilitates communication of strategies, consensus-building, and commitment
- Basis for strategy management and organizational learning

### **Project Management Context**



# Already applied in many industries..

D TANK			
Aerospace/		Major	Large
Electronics	Shipbuilding	Construction	Developments
Missiles	Destroyers	Cross-Channel	Air Defense / C <sup>3</sup> I
Radars	Carriers	Tunnel	Telephone
Aircraft	Submarines	Nuclear Power	Switching Systems
Fire Control Systems	Frigates	Plants	Shipboard Control
Guidance Systems	Commercial		Systems
Satellites	Assault Ships		Vehicles
			Power Trains

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### Reading

- R1: John D. Sterman, "System Dynamics Modelling for Project Management", MIT online publication at <u>http://web.mit.edu/jsterman/www/SDG/project.html</u>, 1992
- R2: Terry Williams et. Al, "The Effects of Design Changes and Delays on Project Costs", Journal of the Operational Research Society, Vol 46, pp 809-818, 1995
- R3: James M. Lyneis \*, Kenneth G. Cooper, Sharon A. Els, "Strategic management of complex projects: a case study using system dynamics", System Dynamics Review, Vol. 17, No. 3, 2001
- R4: Pena-Mora, Feniosky; Park, Moonseo, "Dynamic Planning for Fast-Tracking Building Construction Projects", Journal of Construction Engineering and Management, Vol 127, Issue 6, 2001
- R5: Park, Moonseo, Yashada, "Model-based Construction Policymaking: Singapore Government's Policy to Diffuse Prefabrication to the Private Sector", Journal of Construction Engineering and Management, Submitted 2004 (to be distributed)
- R6: Park, Moonseo, "Model-based Dynamic Resource Management for Construction Projects", Automation in Construction, 2005 vol 5

#### Main Textbook: "Business Dynamics", John D. Sterman, 2000, McGraw-Hill

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Continuous Assessment: 100% (NO Exam)

- Assignments: 40%
- Term Project: 30% (only final presentation to be assessed)
- Quizzes, attendance etc: 30%
- All assessed in House Points

### Others

- Lecture materials will be posted in etl of SNU portal (<u>http://portal.snu.ac.kr</u>).
- Assignments (A1 to A4) and one term project (TP1 to TP3) will be done and assessed in a group of 2-3 students.
- Hard & soft copies (thru e-Class) of the assignments are to be submitted before lecture (\* 50% deduction on marks will be applied to late submission).
- Modelling software, Vensim PLE is available at <u>www.vensim.com</u>

### Lecturer

181 cm, 85kg Full Prof., PhD from MIT E-mail: mspark@snu.ac.kr



### References

- Avraham Shtub, Jonathan F. Bard, Shlomo Globerson, "Project management : engineering, technology, and implementation", Englewood Cliffs, NJ, Prentice Hall, 1994
- Frederick E. Gould, Nancy Joyce, Chapter 8, "Construction project management", Upper Saddle River, NJ, Prentice Hall, 1999
- James M. Lyneis \*, Kenneth G. Cooper, Sharon A. Els, "Strategic management of complex projects: a case study using system dynamics", System Dynamics Review, Vol. 17, No. 3, 2001
- Christopher M. Gordon, "Choosing appropriate construction contracting method", J. of Construction Engineering & Management, Vol. 120, No. 1, 1994
- Feniosky Pena-Mora, Jim Lyneis, "Project control and management", MIT 1.432J Lecture Material, 1998
- Barrie, D.S., and Paulson, B.C., "Professional Construction Management", McGraw Hill, 1992
- Halpin, D.W., "Financial and Cost concepts for construction management", John Wiley & Sons, 1995
- Yehiel Rosenfeld, "Project Management", MIT 1.401J Course Material, 2000
- Sarah Slaughter, "Innovation in construction", MIT 1.420 Course Material, 1999
- Gray and Hughes, "Building Design Management",.
- Murdoch and Hughes, "Construction Contracts: Law and Management", E&FN SPON, 1996
- Gray, Hughes and Bennett, "The Successful Management of Design", Reading, 1994

### The most important thing...

