

# *Metrology*

*I often say that when you can measure what you are speaking about and express it in numbers, you know something about it.*

*But when you can not measure it, or when you can not express it in numbers, your knowledge is of a meagre and unsatisfactory kind.*

*Lord Kelvin*

# *Precision Metrology*

*Spring Semester 2018*

*Graduate School, Mechanical and Aerospace Eng*

*Seoul National University*

*Professor: Heui Jae Pahk (301-1521, [hjpahk@snu.ac.kr](mailto:hjpahk@snu.ac.kr))*

*Lecture Schedule: 17:00-18:15 MON/WED, Room 301-301*

*Lab schedule: To be fixed*

## *Course Outline:*

*This course is to teach fundamental methods and essential techniques for precision metrology on machines, mechanical systems, manufacturing. It is also to provide various optical based manufacturing metrology techniques for manufacturing application. Fundamental theory for metrology is taught with various practical applications, and practical implementation is demonstrated during specially arranged lab schedules.*

## *Contents:*

*Introduction to Machine Metrology*

*Error propagation and Uncertainty*

*Linear positional error measurement*

*Straightness and Flatness error measurement*

*Angular Error measurement*

*Roundness Error Measurement*

*Volumetric error analysis and calibration for Machines*

*Spindle error measurement*

*Surface Roughness measurement*

*Optics and interferometry based metrology*

*Nano metrology and Scanning probe microscopy*

## *Labworks:*

*Linear positional error measurement using laser interferometer*

*Flatness measurement of surface using precision level*

*Nano 3D surface measurement using the Interferometric microscope*

*Reference: 1. Theory and Design for Mechanical Measurements, Gigliola et al., Wiley*

*2. Metrological Analysis and Performance Tests, Vol.4, Handbook of Machine Tools,*

*M. Weck*

*Evaluation:* Mid Exam(30%), Final Exam(30%), Lab/Report(30%), Attendance(10%)