

Introduction to NoSQL

Introduction to NoSQL

■ Background

- As data storage costs rapidly decreased...
 - The amount of **data and query increased**
 - Data came in **various shapes and sizes**—structured, semistructured, and polymorphic—and **defining the schema in advance became nearly impossible**
- **NoSQL databases** allow...
 - Developers to store huge amounts of unstructured data, giving them a lot of flexibility
- Emerged in the late 2000s
 - **Amazon DynamoDB**: Hosted and scalable database service by Amazon with the data stored in Amazons cloud (DeCandia et al. 2007)
 - **Google Bigtable**: Google's NoSQL Big Data database service(Search, Analytics, Maps, and Gmail) (Chang et al. 2008)

Introduction to NoSQL

- Concept
 - NoSQL databases (aka "not only SQL") are **non tabular**, and store data differently than relational tables
- Characteristics
 - Allows **various types of data** to be nested **within a single data structure**
 - Has a structure in which data is **dispersely stored and processed** by connecting dozens of general servers
 - Has a **flexible schema**

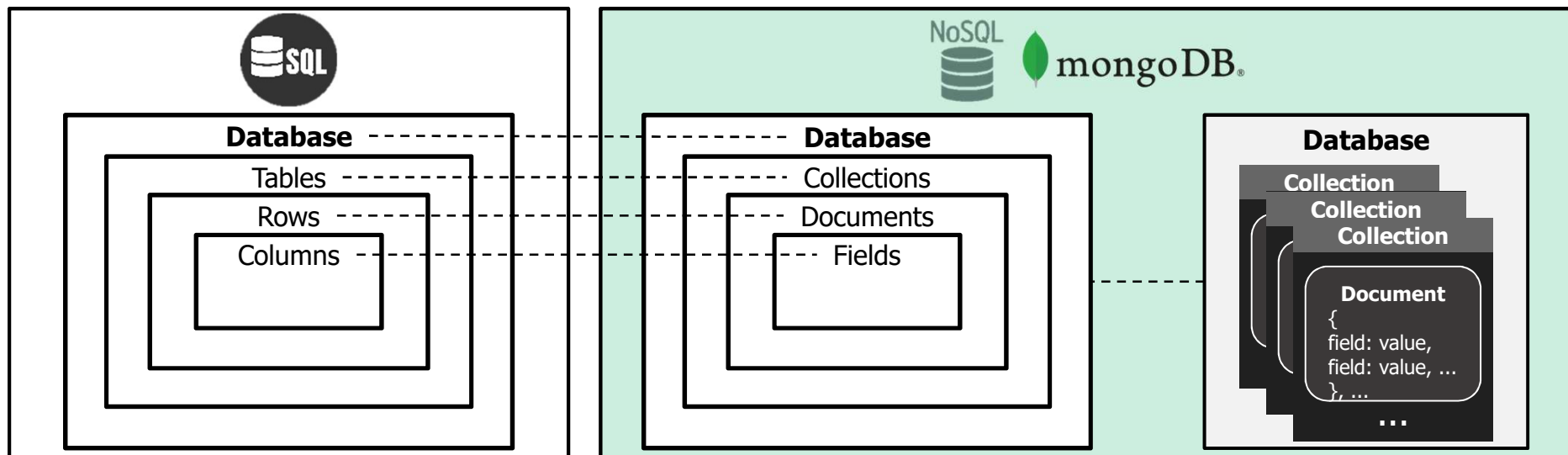
Introduction to NoSQL

■ NoSQL DB Types

DB Type	Data type	Concept	Example
Document databases	JavaScript Object Notation(JSON) objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Each document contains pairs of fields and values▪ The values can typically be a variety of types including things like strings, numbers, booleans, arrays, or objects▪ Each document can horizontally scale-out to accomodate large data volumes	MongoDB
Key-value databases	Keys and values	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Each item contains keys and values▪ A value can typically only be retrieved by referencing its key, so learning how to query for a specific key-value pair is typically simple	DynamoDB, Redis
Wide-column stores	Tables, rows, and dynamic columns	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Each item contains data in tables, rows, and dynamic columns▪ A dynamic column provide a lot of flexibility over relational databases because each row is not required to have the same columns	Cassandra, Hbase
Graph databases	Nodes and edges	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Each item contains data in nodes and edges▪ Nodes typically store information about people, places, and things while edges store information about the relationships between the nodes	Neo4j, JanusGraph

SQL vs. NoSQL

DB	Feature	Application
SQL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Static schema▪ Need to clearly define relationships between entities▪ Ensure data integrity/consistency▪ Avoid data duplication	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ When data requirements are clear▪ When data structure changes infrequently
NoSQL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Dynamic schema▪ No need to define relationship between entities → Any relationship can be defined▪ Excellent scalability and scalability → All types of data can be stored	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ When data requirements are ambiguous▪ When data structure changes frequently → When data needs to be horizontally scaled▪ When processing large amounts of data



SQL vs. NoSQL

SQL

id	name	item
1	Charlie	4
2	David	5
3	Ellis	6



name_id	name	item_id	item
1	Charlie	1	4
2	David	2	5
3	Ellis	3	6
		4	7

name_id	item_id	item
1	1	4
2	2	5
3	3	6
3	4	7

NoSQL

{id: 1, name: 'Charlie', item: 4}

{id: 2, name: 'David', item: 5}

{id: 3, name: 'Ellis', item: 6}



{id: 1, name: 'Charlie', item: 4}

{id: 2, name: 'David', item: 5}

{id: 3, name: 'Ellis', item: [6,7]}

Introduction to MongoDB

- Why MongoDB?
 - Most wanted NoSQL DBMS in the world

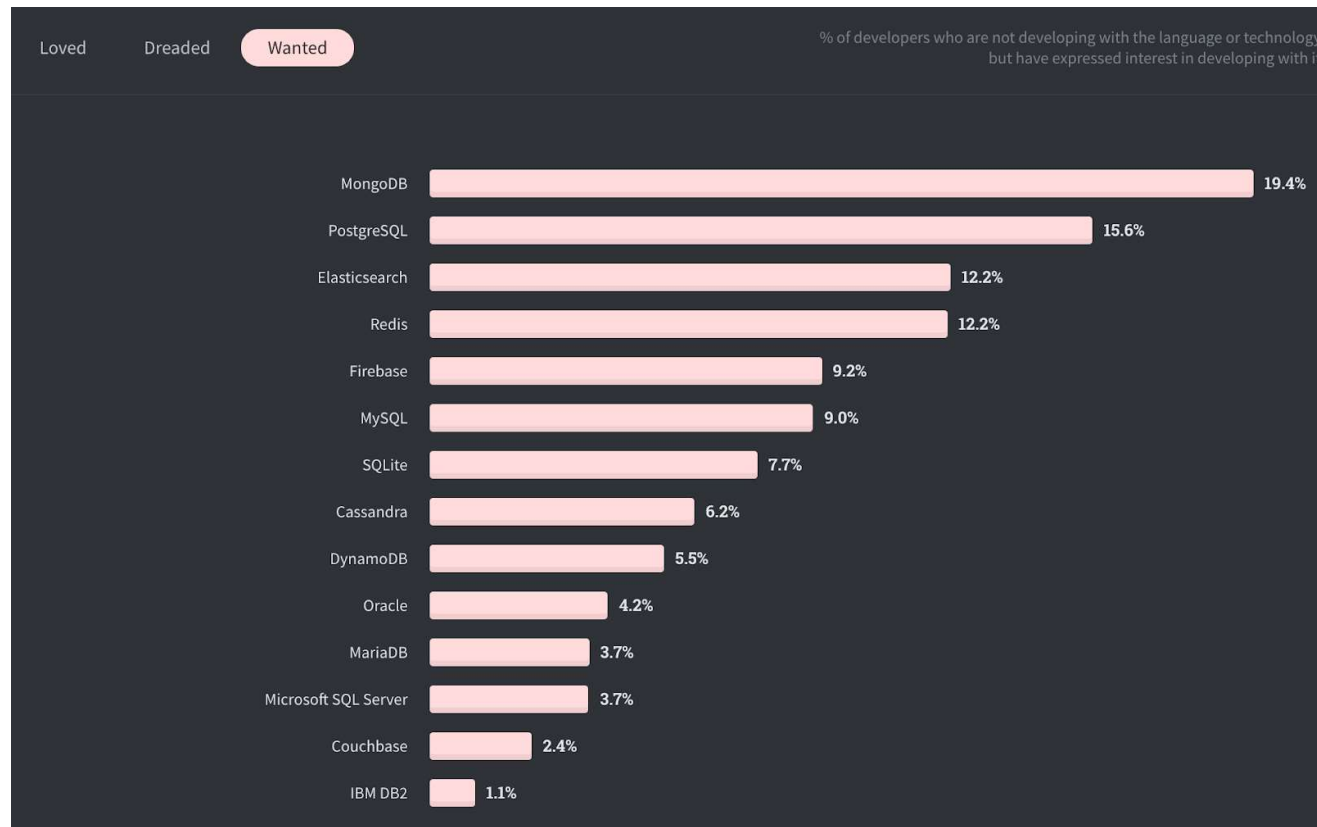
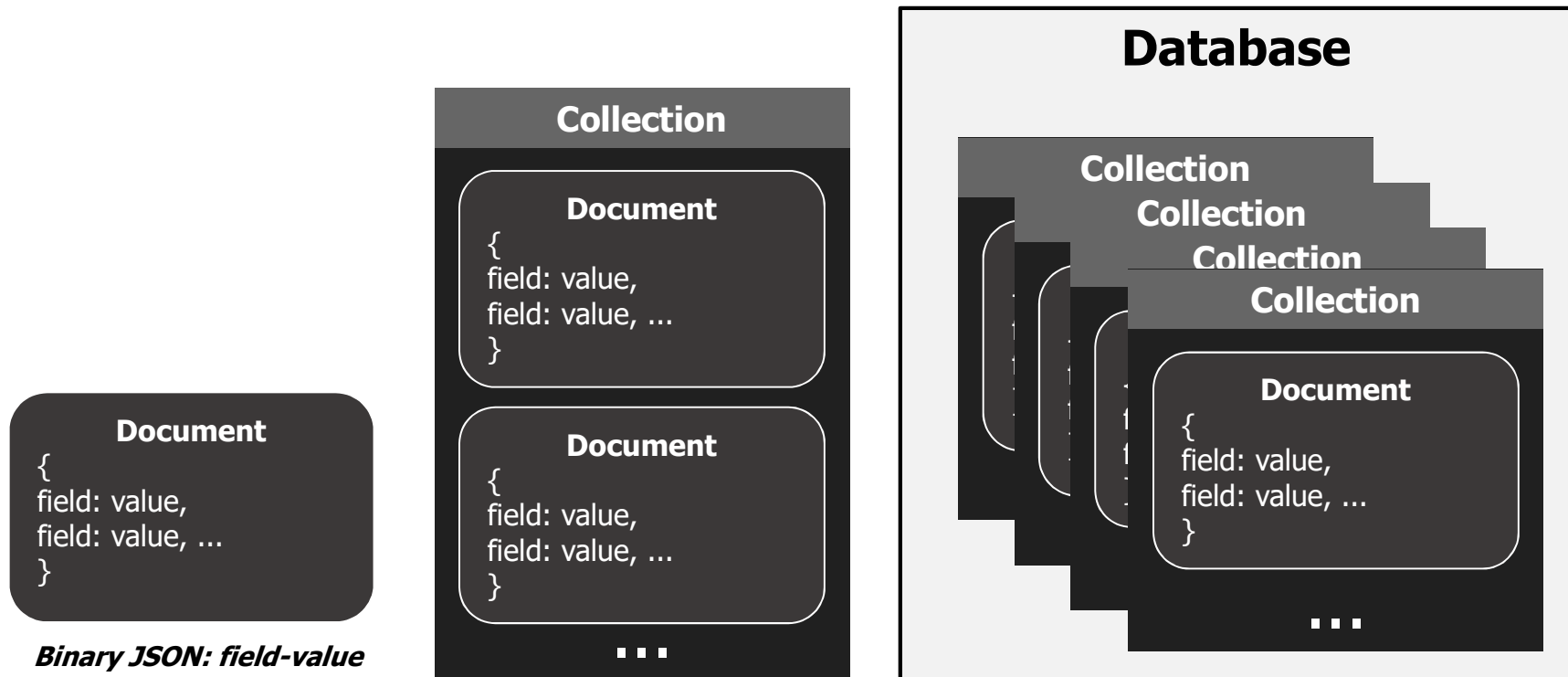


Image courtesy of Stack Overflow 2020 Developer Survey, [Most Wanted Databases](#)

The Structure of MongoDB

- Document – Collection – Database



Data Type of MongoDB

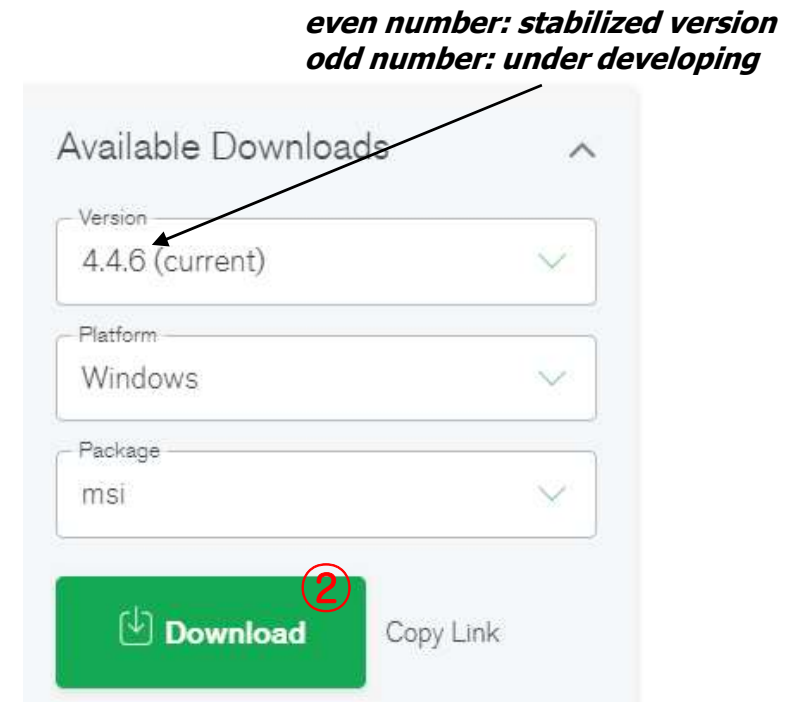
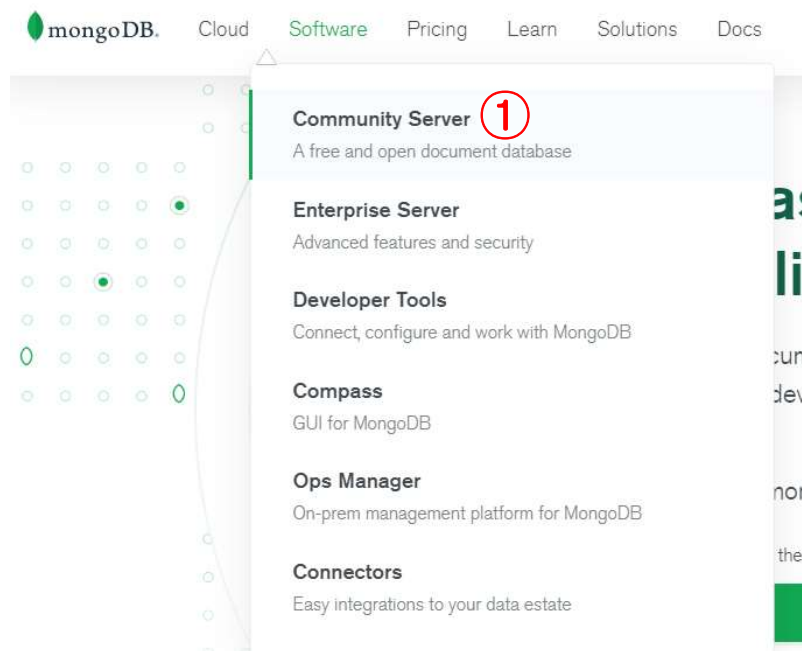
Type	Description	Example
Date	This datatype is used to store the current date or time in UNIX time format. You can specify your own date time by creating object of Date and passing day, month, year into it.	2021-05-12T01:30:11.000+00:00
Null	This type is used to store a Null value.	null
Integer	This type is used to store a numerical value. Integer can be 32 bit or 64 bit depending upon your server.	1, 100, 1000
Double	This type is used to store floating point values.	1.123, 3.1415
String	This is the most commonly used datatype to store the data. String in MongoDB must be UTF-8 valid.	"hello", "world"
Object	This datatype is used for embedded documents.	{filed1: 'value1', field2: 'value2'}
Boolean	This type is used to store a boolean (true/ false) value.	true, false
Arrays	This type is used to store arrays or list or multiple values into one key.	{1, 3.14, null, {x:1}, true}

Practices

- Objectives
 - Setup MongoDB
 - Look around MongoDB shell
 - CRUD: Create, Read, Update, Delete
 - Query operator

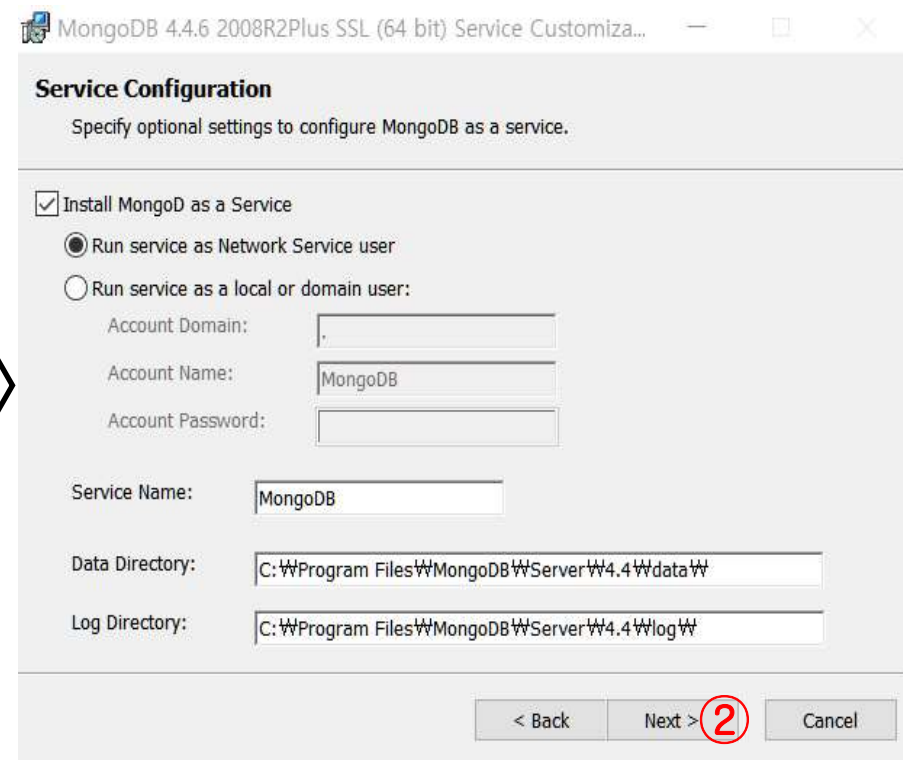
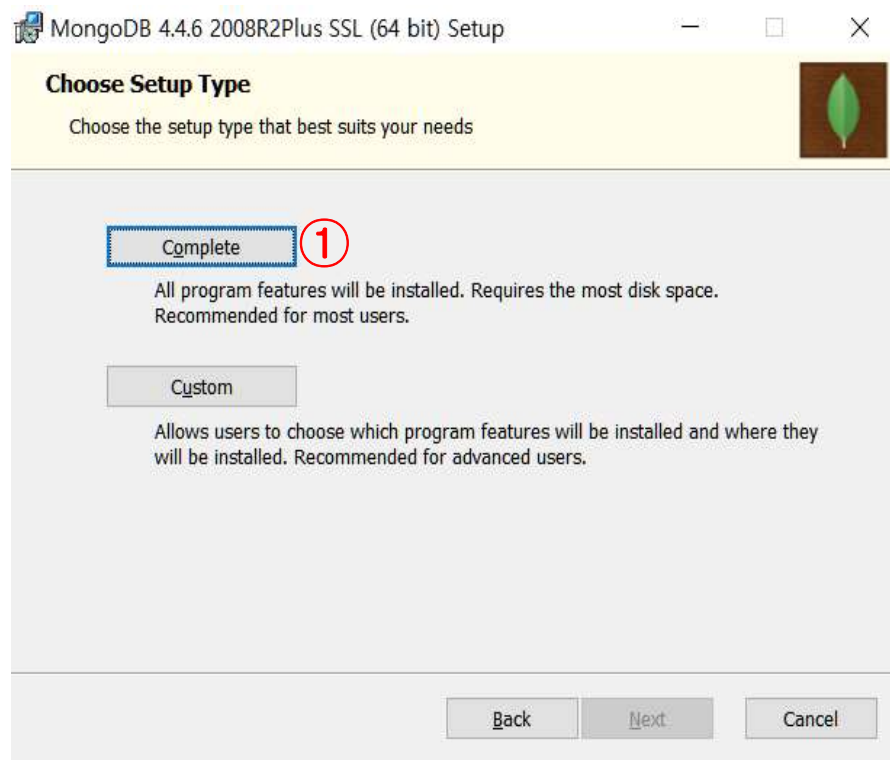
Practices

- Setup MongoDB
 - OS: Windows 10
 - <https://www.mongodb.com/>



Practices

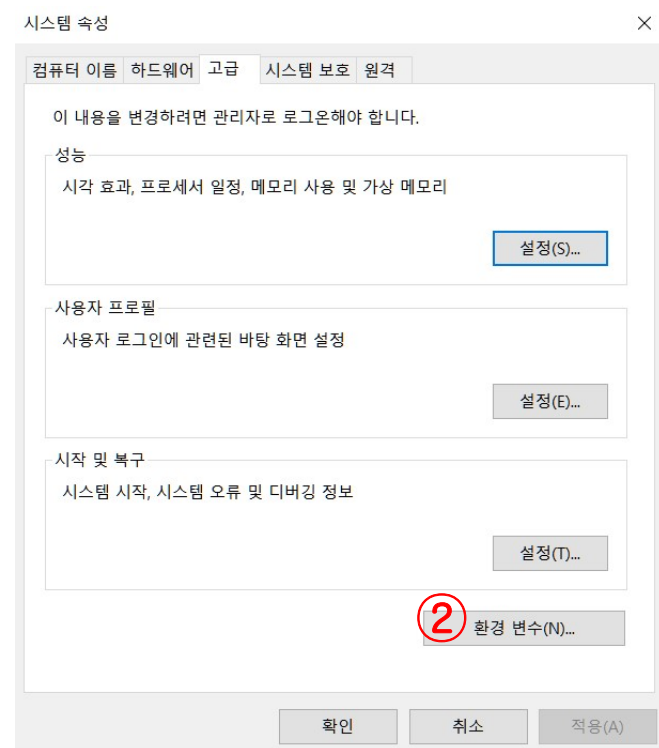
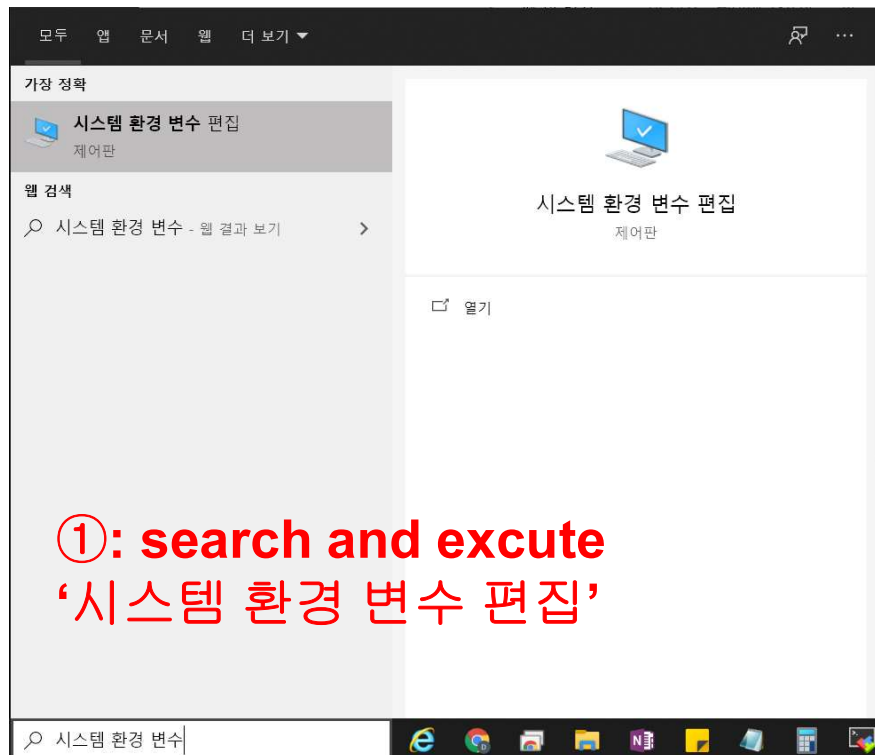
- Setup MongoDB
 - Next, next ...



Practices

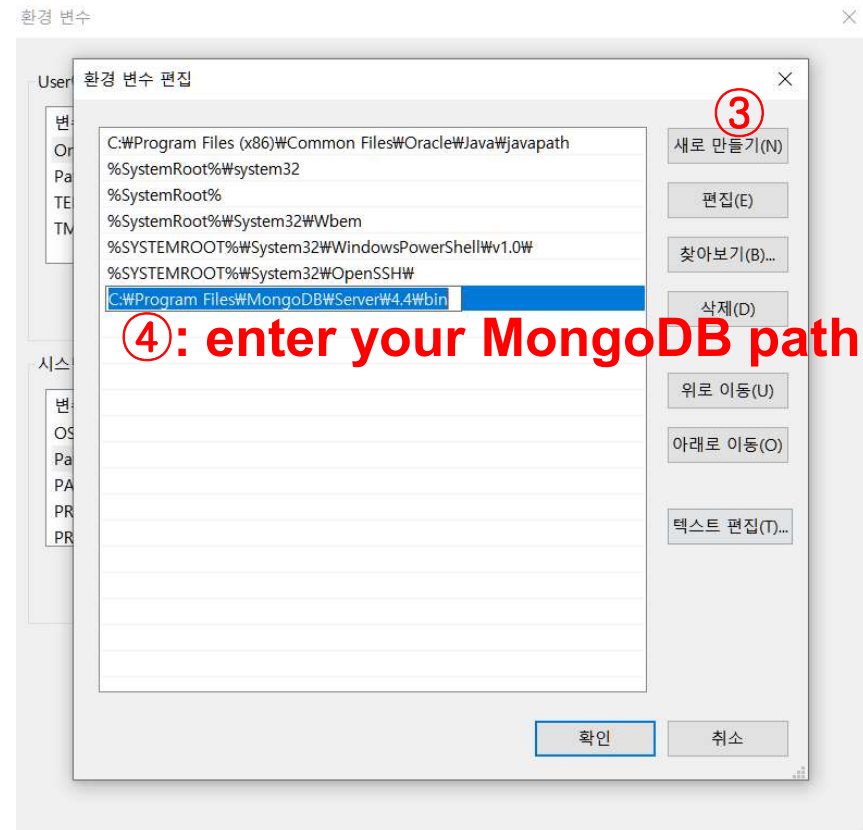
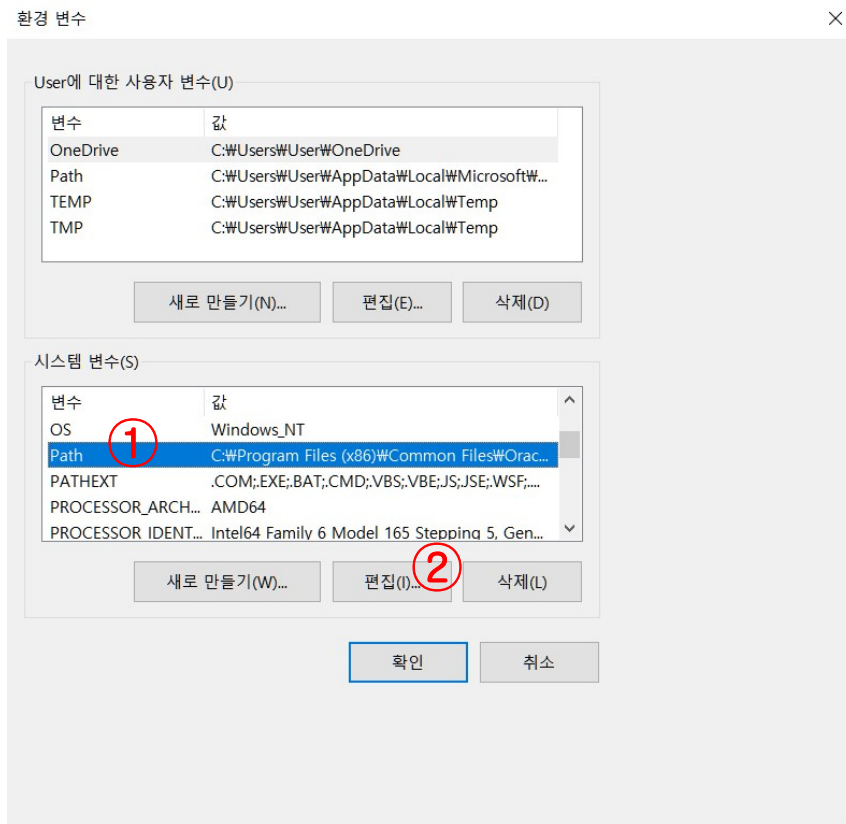
■ Setup MongoDB

- Please check and remember your mongoDB path
e.g., *C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.4\bin*
- Set the environment variables



Practices

- Setup MongoDB
 - Set the environment variables



Practices

- Setup MongoDB
 - Make a directory → C:\data\db
 - It saves all of the *CRUD activities in the MongoDB server



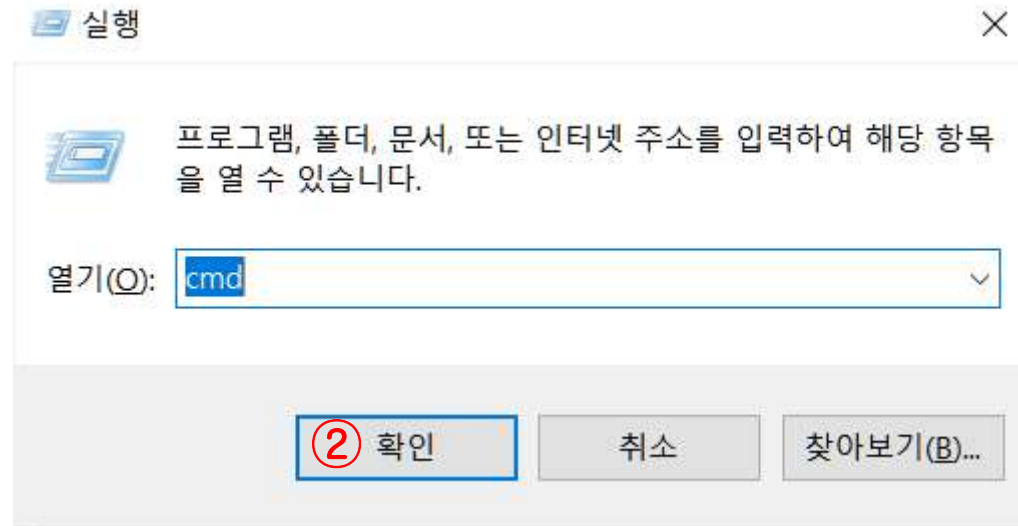
*CRUD: create, read, update, delete

Practices

- Setup MongoDB
 - Check out the installation



①: win+r



Practices

- Setup MongoDB
 - Check out the installation

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19043.1052]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\User>mongo --version ①: $ mongo --version
MongoDB shell version v4.4.6
Build Info: {
  "version": "4.4.6",
  "gitVersion": "72e66213c2c3eab37d9358d5e78ad7f5c1d0d0d7",
  "modules": [],
  "allocator": "tcmalloc",
  "environment": {
    "distmod": "windows",
    "distarch": "x86_64",
    "target_arch": "x86_64"
  }
}

C:\Users\User>
```

**If you can see the above comment,
you just set up MongoDB successfully!**

Practices

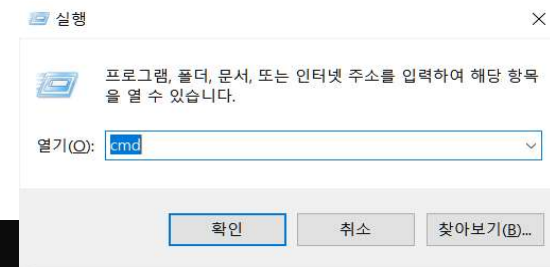
- Setup MongoDB
 - Activate a server

```
C:\Users\User>mongod ①: $ mongod
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.106+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":23285, "ctx":
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.109+09:00"},"s":"W", "c":"ASIO", "id":22601, "ctx":
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.110+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"NETWORK", "id":4648602, "ctx":
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.110+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"STORAGE", "id":4615611, "ctx":
"64-bit", "host":"DESKTOP-V6EFUHC"}}
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.110+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":23398, "ctx":
2008 R2"}}
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.111+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":23403, "ctx":
e78ad7f5c1d0d0d7", "modules":[], "allocator":"tcmalloc", "environment":{"distmod":"windows", "d
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.111+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":51765, "ctx":
3)}}}
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.111+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":21951, "ctx":
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.112+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"STORAGE", "id":22270, "ctx":
ne":"wiredTiger"}}
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.112+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"STORAGE", "id":22315, "ctx":
(4 threads, min 4, threads max 4), configuration file path: bin\config\mongodb.conf (5 sec) log /config/log/mongodb.log (5 sec)
(4 threads, min 4, threads max 4), configuration file path: bin\config\mongodb.conf (5 sec) log /config/log/mongodb.log (5 sec)
```

Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - Enter the server

①: open another command window



```
C:\#Users\#User>mongo ②: $ mongo
MongoDB shell version v4.4.6
connecting to: mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?compressors=disabled&gssapiServiceName=mongodb
Implicit session: session { "id" : UUID("06d92c60-7627-47a5-85b1-a82c84204f8b") }
MongoDB server version: 4.4.6
---
The server generated these startup warnings when booting:
  2021-07-06T09:52:42.915+09:00: Access control is not enabled for the database. Read and write access to data and
configuration is unrestricted
---
---
Enable MongoDB's free cloud-based monitoring service, which will then receive and display
metrics about your deployment (disk utilization, CPU, operation statistics, etc).

The monitoring data will be available on a MongoDB website with a unique URL accessible to you
and anyone you share the URL with. MongoDB may use this information to make product
improvements and to suggest MongoDB products and deployment options to you.

To enable free monitoring, run the following command: db.enableFreeMonitoring()
To permanently disable this reminder, run the following command: db.disableFreeMonitoring()
---
> _
```

Practices

"acknowledged" : true → 데이터 생성 성공
"insertedID" : ObjectId → Primary Key

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - CRUD: **Create**, Read, Update, Delete

```
> use testDB      # create DB
switched to db testDB
> show dbs        # show all of the DBs in the server
admin      0.000GB
config     0.000GB
local      0.000GB
testDB     0.000GB
> db              # show the current DB
testDB
> db.mycollection.insertOne({x:1})
{
  "acknowledged" : true,
  "insertedId" : ObjectId("60eba0a16354109a0d7c5c35")
}
> show collections
mycollection  # show the collections in the current DB
```


Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - CRUD: **Create**, Read, Update, Delete

```
> db.mycollections.insertMany([
... {username: "Charlie", password: 1111},
... {username: "David", password: 2222}
... ])
{
  "acknowledged" : true,
  "insertedIds" : [
    ObjectId( "60ec26c026409bd29727ed9c" ),
    ObjectId( "60ec26c026409bd29727ed9d" )
  ]
}
```

Create a collection named by 'mycollections' and add documents in the collection

Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - CRUD: Create, **Read**, Update, Delete

```
> db.mycollections.find() # Read the documents in mycollections
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9c"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9d"), "username" : "David", "password" : 2222 }
> db.mycollections.find().pretty() # Read the documents in 'mycollections' in the 'pretty' format
{
  "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9c"),
  "username" : "Charlie",
  "password" : 1111
}
{
  "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9d"),
  "username" : "David",
  "password" : 2222
}
```

Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - CRUD: Create, **Read**, Update, Delete

```
> db.mycollections.insertMany([
... {username: "Charlie", password: 1111},
... {username: "David", password: 2222}
... ])
```

Create additional documents in mycollections

```
> db.mycollections.find() # Read the documents in mycollections
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146a5def0b10b81bf1e67d"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146a5def0b10b81bf1e67e"), "username" : "David", "password" : 2222 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146cf5631b5d3bc83abdc0"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146cf5631b5d3bc83abdc1"), "username" : "David", "password" : 2222 }
```

Read the documents whose username is "Charlie"

```
> db.mycollections.find({username:"Charlie"})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9c"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2b0826409bd29727ed9e"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }
```

Read the documents whose username is "Charlie" and password is 1111

```
> db.mycollections.find({username:"Charlie", password:1111})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9c"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2b0826409bd29727ed9e"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }
```

Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - CRUD: Create, **Read**, Update, Delete

```
> db.mycollections.insertMany([ {numbers:[101,32,21,11]}, {numbers:[101,32,21,22]},  
... {numbers:[100,32,10,33]}])  
{  
  "acknowledged" : true,  
  "insertedIds" : [  
    ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c2"),  
    ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c3"),  
    ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c4")  
  ]  
}
```

Create new documents which have a list of numbers

Read the documents whose first number is 101

```
> db.mycollections.find({"numbers.0":101})  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c2"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 11 ] }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c3"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 22 ] }
```


Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - CRUD: Create, **Read**, Update, Delete

```
> db.mycollections.find()      # Read all of the documents in 'mycollections'
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9c"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9d"), "username" : "David", "password" : 2222 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2b0826409bd29727ed9e"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2b0826409bd29727ed9f"), "username" : "David", "password" : 2222 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c2"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 11 ] }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c3"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 22 ] }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c4"), "numbers" : [ 100, 32, 10, 33 ] }
```

Read the documents in the DB except for the field 'username'

```
> db.mycollections.find(null, {username:false})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9c"), "password" : 1111 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9d"), "password" : 2222 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2b0826409bd29727ed9e"), "password" : 1111 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2b0826409bd29727ed9f"), "password" : 2222 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c2"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 11 ] }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c3"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 22 ] }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c4"), "numbers" : [ 100, 32, 10, 33 ] }
```

Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - CRUD: Create, Read, **Update**, Delete

Operators	Description
\$currentDate	Sets the value of a field to current date, either as a Date or a Timestamp.
\$inc	Increments the value of the field by the specified amount.
\$min	Only updates the field if the specified value is less than the existing field value.
\$max	Only updates the field if the specified value is greater than the existing field value.
\$mul	Multiplies the value of the field by the specified amount.
\$rename	Renames a field.
\$set	Sets the value of a field in a document.
\$setOnInsert	Sets the value of a field if an update results in an insert of a document. Has no effect on update operations that modify existing documents.
\$unset	Removes the specified field from a document.

Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - CRUD: Create, Read, **Update**, Delete

```
> db.mycollections.find()  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146a5def0b10b81bf1e67d"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146a5def0b10b81bf1e67e"), "username" : "David", "password" : 2222 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146cf5631b5d3bc83abdc0"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146cf5631b5d3bc83abdc1"), "username" : "David", "password" : 2222 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c2"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 11 ] }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c3"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 22 ] }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c4"), "numbers" : [ 100, 32, 10, 33 ] }
```

Change the password: 2222 → 4444

```
> db.mycollections.updateMany({password:2222},  
... {$set: {password: 4444}})  
{ "acknowledged" : true, "matchedCount" : 2, "modifiedCount" : 2 }  
> db.mycollections.find()  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9c"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9d"), "username" : "David", "password" : 4444 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2b0826409bd29727ed9e"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2b0826409bd29727ed9f"), "username" : "David", "password" : 4444 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c2"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 11 ] }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c3"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 22 ] }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c4"), "numbers" : [ 100, 32, 10, 33 ] }
```


Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - CRUD: Create, Read, **Update**, Delete

```
> use colors
switched to db colors
```

Create a new DB named by “colors”

```
> db.colors.insertMany([{"name": "x", "colors" : ["red", "white", "blue"]}, {"name": "y", "colors" : ["white", "red", "green"]}, {"name": "z", "colors" : ["red", "red", "red"]}]
```

Create documents in “colors”

```
> db.colors.find()
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec3c98a7f2d7c8ae8db760"), "name" : "x", "colors" : [ "red", "white", "blue" ] }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec3c98a7f2d7c8ae8db761"), "name" : "y", "colors" : [ "white", "red", "green" ] }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec3c98a7f2d7c8ae8db762"), "name" : "z", "colors" : [ "red", "red", "red" ] }
```

Change the color: “red” → “pink”

```
> db.colors.updateMany({},
... {$set: {"colors.${redElem}": "pink"}},
... {arrayFilters: [{redElem: "red"}]}
... })
{ "acknowledged" : true, "matchedCount" : 3, "modifiedCount" : 3 }
> db.colors.find()
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec3c98a7f2d7c8ae8db760"), "name" : "x", "colors" : [ "pink", "white", "blue" ] }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec3c98a7f2d7c8ae8db761"), "name" : "y", "colors" : [ "white", "pink", "green" ] }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec3c98a7f2d7c8ae8db762"), "name" : "z", "colors" : [ "pink", "pink", "pink" ] }
```


Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - CRUD: Create, Read, Update, **Delete**

```
> db.mycollections.find()  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146a5def0b10b81bf1e67d"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146a5def0b10b81bf1e67e"), "username" : "David", "password" : 2222 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146cf5631b5d3bc83abdc0"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 1111 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146cf5631b5d3bc83abdc1"), "username" : "David", "password" : 2222 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c2"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 11 ] }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c3"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 22 ] }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c4"), "numbers" : [ 100, 32, 10, 33 ] }
```

Delete the documents having password 1111

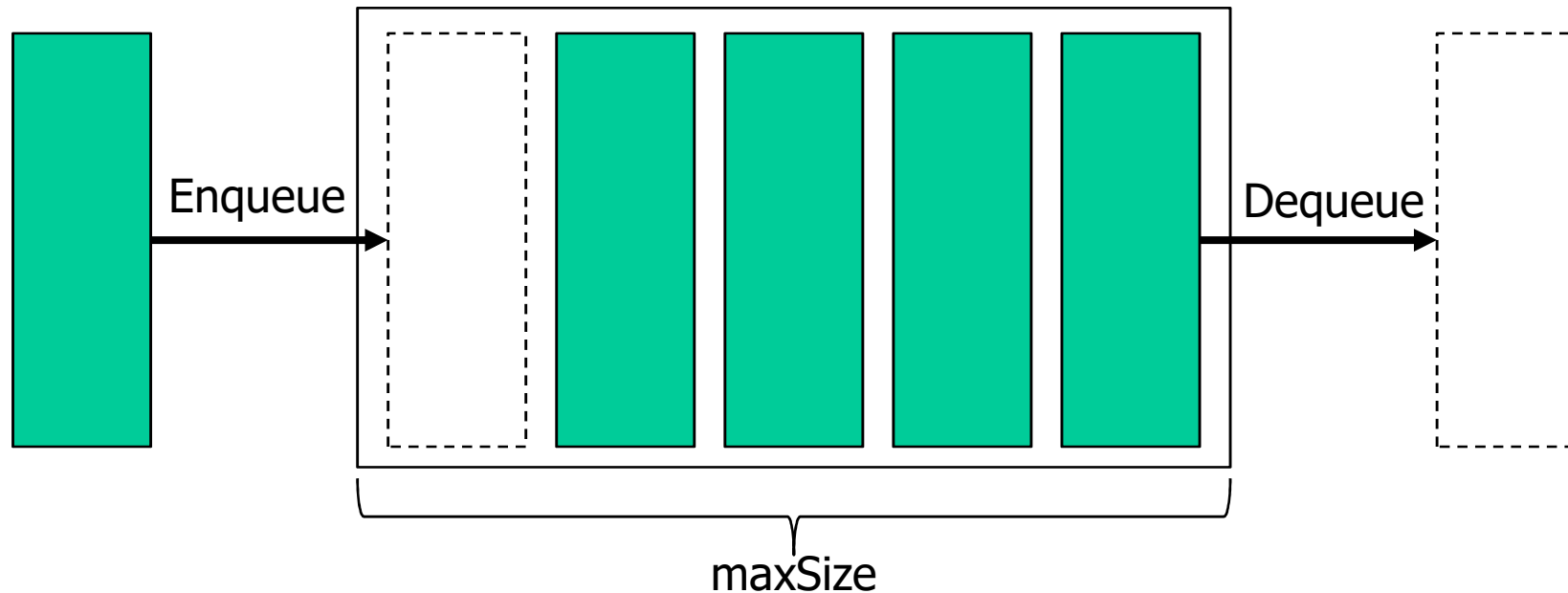
```
> db.mycollections.deleteMany({password:1111})  
{ "acknowledged" : true, "deletedCount" : 2 }  
> db.mycollections.find()  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146a5def0b10b81bf1e67e"), "username" : "David", "password" : 2222 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61146cf5631b5d3bc83abdc1"), "username" : "David", "password" : 2222 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c2"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 11 ] }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c3"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 22 ] }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c4"), "numbers" : [ 100, 32, 10, 33 ] }
```

Capped collections는 고정 사이즈 collections으로 빠른 처리량이 필요한 업무에서 사용되며, insert와 retrieve가 insertion의 순서대로 이루어지는 특징을 가지고 있다. 이러한 형태는 circular buffers (queue)의 특징을 가지고 있으며, 가장 오래된 documents을 overwrite 하는 형태로 새로운 document가 만들어 지게 된다.

■ Look around MongoDB shell

– Capped collection

```
$db.createCollection(<collection name>, {capped: true, size: {maxSize}})
```



Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - Capped collection

maxSize는 입력값과 가장 가까운 256배수로 설정

```
> db.createCollection("cappedCollection", {capped: true, size:1000})
{ "ok" : 1 } # Create a capped collection with maxSize 1000
> for(i=0; i<1000; i++){db.cappedCollection.insertOne({x:i})}
{
  "acknowledged" : true, # Create data in the collection
  "insertedId" : ObjectId("60ec20d226409bd29727ed9b")
}
> db.cappedCollection.stats() # Show the stats of the capped collection
{
  "ns" : "testDB.cappedCollection",
  "size" : 1023,
  "count" : 31,
  "avgObjSize" : 33,
  "storageSize" : 16384,
  "capped" : true,
  "max" : -1,
  "maxSize" : 1024,
```

Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - Capped collection

```
> db.cappedCollection.find( )
{ "_id" : ObjectId( "60ec20d226409bd29727ed7d" ), "x" : 969 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId( "60ec20d226409bd29727ed7e" ), "x" : 970 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId( "60ec20d226409bd29727ed7f" ), "x" : 971 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId( "60ec20d226409bd29727ed80" ), "x" : 972 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId( "60ec20d226409bd29727ed81" ), "x" : 973 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId( "60ec20d226409bd29727ed82" ), "x" : 974 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId( "60ec20d226409bd29727ed83" ), "x" : 975 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId( "60ec20d226409bd29727ed84" ), "x" : 976 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId( "60ec20d226409bd29727ed85" ), "x" : 977 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId( "60ec20d226409bd29727ed86" ), "x" : 978 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId( "60ec20d226409bd29727ed87" ), "x" : 979 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId( "60ec20d226409bd29727ed88" ), "x" : 980 }
```

Dequeue: 1~968

Practices

- Query operator – Comparison

Name	Description
\$eq	(equal) Matches values that are equal to a specified value.
\$ne	(not equal) Matches all values that are not equal to a specified value.
\$gt	(greater than) Matches values that are greater than a specified value.
\$gte	(greater than or equal) Matches values that are greater than or equal to a specified value.
\$lt	(less than) Matches values that are less than a specified value.
\$lte	(less than or equal) Matches values that are less than or equal to a specified value.
\$in	(in) Matches any of the values specified in an array .
\$nin	(not in) Matches none of the values specified in an array .

Practices

- Query operator – Comparison

```
> db.mycollections.find()  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9c"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 3333 }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c2"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 11 ] }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c3"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 22 ] }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c4"), "numbers" : [ 100, 32, 10, 33 ] }
```

**# Find a document that contains
numbers 101**

```
> db.mycollections.find({numbers:{$in: [101]}})  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c2"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 11 ] }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c3"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 22 ] }
```

Practices

- Query operator – logical

Name	Description
\$and	Joins query clauses with a logical AND returns all documents that match the conditions of both clauses.
\$not	Inverts the effect of a query expression and returns documents that do not match the query expression.
\$nor	Joins query clauses with a logical NOR returns all documents that fail to match both clauses.
\$or	Joins query clauses with a logical OR returns all documents that match the conditions of either clause.

Practices

- Query operator – logical

```
> db.mycollections.find( )
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec26c026409bd29727ed9c"), "username" : "Charlie", "password" : 3333 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c2"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 11 ] }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c3"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 22 ] }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c4"), "numbers" : [ 100, 32, 10, 33 ] }
```

**# Find a document that contains
numbers are greater than 100 and
less than 15**

```
> db.mycollections.find({$and: [{numbers:{$gt:100}}, {numbers:{$lt:15}}]})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60ec2e1bccde11f8bd1f56c2"), "numbers" : [ 101, 32, 21, 11 ] }
```

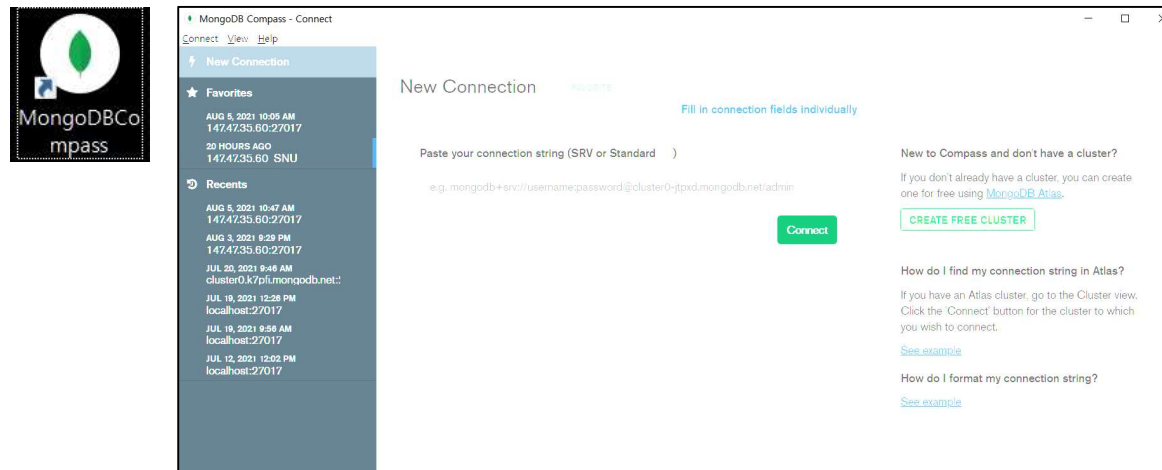

Practices

- Query operator – others

<https://docs.mongodb.com/manual/reference/operator/>

- MongoDB Compass (MongoDB용 GUI)

<https://docs.mongodb.com/compass/current/>



NoSQL Exercises

Practices

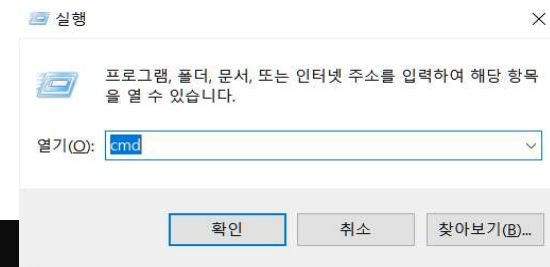
- Setup MongoDB
 - Activate a server

```
C:\Users\User>mongod ①: $ mongod
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.106+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":23285, "ctx":
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.109+09:00"},"s":"W", "c":"ASIO", "id":22601, "ctx":
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.110+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"NETWORK", "id":4648602, "ctx":
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.110+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"STORAGE", "id":4615611, "ctx":
"64-bit","host":"DESKTOP-V6EFUHC"}}
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.110+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":23398, "ctx":
2008 R2"}}
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.111+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":23403, "ctx":
e78ad7f5c1d0d0d7","modules":[],"allocator":"tcmalloc","environment":{"distmod":"windows","d
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.111+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":51765, "ctx":
3)}}}
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.111+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":21951, "ctx":
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.112+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"STORAGE", "id":22270, "ctx":
ne":"wiredTiger"}}
{"t":{"$date":"2021-07-12T12:25:32.112+09:00"},"s":"I", "c":"STORAGE", "id":22315, "ctx":
(threads=win_4,threads=win_4),config=base,fsync=statistic,(fsync)log/flushed,log=flushed,log=flushed
```

Practices

- Look around MongoDB shell
 - Enter the server

①: open another command window



```
C:\#Users\#User>mongo ②: $ mongo
MongoDB shell version v4.4.6
connecting to: mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?compressors=disabled&gssapiServiceName=mongodb
Implicit session: session { "id" : UUID("06d92c60-7627-47a5-85b1-a82c84204f8b") }
MongoDB server version: 4.4.6
---
The server generated these startup warnings when booting:
  2021-07-06T09:52:42.915+09:00: Access control is not enabled for the database. Read and write access to data and
configuration is unrestricted
---
---
Enable MongoDB's free cloud-based monitoring service, which will then receive and display
metrics about your deployment (disk utilization, CPU, operation statistics, etc).

The monitoring data will be available on a MongoDB website with a unique URL accessible to you
and anyone you share the URL with. MongoDB may use this information to make product
improvements and to suggest MongoDB products and deployment options to you.

To enable free monitoring, run the following command: db.enableFreeMonitoring()
To permanently disable this reminder, run the following command: db.disableFreeMonitoring()
---
> _
```

NoSQL Exercises

- Q1. Create DB named as 'exercise'

NoSQL Exercises

- A1.

```
> use exercise  
switched to db exercise  
> db  
exercise
```

NoSQL Exercises

- Q2. Create a document named as 'EMP_1' and insert the collections including the below data

EMP_NUM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIREDATE	JOB_CODE
101	News	John	G	1998-11-08	502
102	Senior	David	H	1987-07-12	501
103	Arbough	June	E	1994-12-01	500
104	Ramoras	Anne	K	1985-11-15	501
105	Johnson	Alice	K	1991-02-01	502
106	Smithfield	William	NULL	2002-06-22	500
107	Alonzo	Maria	D	1991-10-10	500
108	Washington	Ralph	B	1989-08-22	501
109	Smith	Larry	W	1995-07-18	501

NoSQL Exercises

- A2.

```
> db.EMP_1.insertMany([
... {EMP_NUM: 101, EMP_LNAME: 'News', EMP_FNAME: 'John', EMP_INITIAL: 'G', EMP_HIREDATE:
'1998-11-08', JOB_CODE: '502'},
... {EMP_NUM: 102, EMP_LNAME: 'Senior', EMP_FNAME: 'David', EMP_INITIAL: 'H', EMP_HIREDATE: '1987-07-12', JOB_CODE: '501'},
... {EMP_NUM: 103, EMP_LNAME: 'Arbough', EMP_FNAME: 'June', EMP_INITIAL: 'E', EMP_HIREDATE: '1994-12-01', JOB_CODE: '500'},
... {EMP_NUM: 104, EMP_LNAME: 'Ramoras', EMP_FNAME: 'Anne', EMP_INITIAL: 'K', EMP_HIREDATE: '1985-11-15', JOB_CODE: '501'},
... {EMP_NUM: 105, EMP_LNAME: 'Johnson', EMP_FNAME: 'Alice', EMP_INITIAL: 'K', EMP_HIREDATE: '1991-02-01', JOB_CODE: '502'},
... {EMP_NUM: 106, EMP_LNAME: 'Smithfield', EMP_FNAME: 'William', EMP_HIREDATE: '2002-06-22', JOB_CODE: '500'},
... {EMP_NUM: 107, EMP_LNAME: 'Alonzo', EMP_FNAME: 'Maria', EMP_INITIAL: 'D', EMP_HIREDATE: '1991-10-10', JOB_CODE: '500'},
... {EMP_NUM: 108, EMP_LNAME: 'Washington', EMP_FNAME: 'Ralph', EMP_INITIAL: 'B', EMP_HIREDATE: '1989-08-22', JOB_CODE: '501'},
... {EMP_NUM: 109, EMP_LNAME: 'Smith', EMP_FNAME: 'Larry', EMP_INITIAL: 'W', EMP_HIREDATE: '1995-07-18', JOB_CODE: '501'}
... ])
```

NoSQL Exercises

- Q3. Print all attributes for a job code of 502 from the table EMP_1

EMP_NUM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIREDATE	JOB_CODE
101	News	John	G	1998-11-08	502
105	Johnson	Alice	K	1991-02-01	502

NoSQL Exercises

- A3.

```
> db.EMP_1.find({JOB_CODE:'502'})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c57"), "EMP_NUM" : 101, "EMP_LNAME" : "News", "EMP_FNAME" : "John", "EMP_INITIAL" : "G", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1998-11-08", "JOB_CODE" : "502" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5b"), "EMP_NUM" : 105, "EMP_LNAME" : "Johnson", "EMP_FNAME" : "Alice", "EMP_INITIAL" : "K", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1991-02-01", "JOB_CODE" : "502" }
```

NoSQL Exercises

- Q4. Change the job code to 501 for the person whose personnel number is 106. After you have completed the task, examine the results, and reset the job code to its original value so that the database has not been changed.

NoSQL Exercises

■ A4.

Change the job code

```
> db.EMP_1.updateMany({EMP_NUM: 106}, {$set: {JOB_CODE: '501'}})
{ "acknowledged" : true, "matchedCount" : 1, "modifiedCount" : 1 }
> db.EMP_1.find({EMP_NUM: 106})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5c"), "EMP_NUM" : 106, "EMP_LNAME" : "Smithfie
ld", "EMP_FNAME" : "William", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "2002-06-22", "JOB_CODE" : "501" }
```

Restore the row

```
> db.EMP_1.updateMany({EMP_NUM: 106}, {$set: {JOB_CODE: '500'}})
{ "acknowledged" : true, "matchedCount" : 1, "modifiedCount" : 1 }
> db.EMP_1.find({EMP_NUM: 106})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5c"), "EMP_NUM" : 106, "EMP_LNAME" : "Smithfie
ld", "EMP_FNAME" : "William", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "2002-06-22", "JOB_CODE" : "500" }
```

(참조) *oplog*: DB의 시점 자체를 이전으로 돌리는 기능. DB 전체의 시점을 이동시켜 다른 컬렉션이나 사용자에게 영향을 끼치고 기능 자체의 cost가 크게 소모되어 사용을 지양

NoSQL Exercises

- Q5. Delete the row for the person named William Smithfield, who was hired on 2002-06-22 and whose job code classification is 500. After you have completed the task, examine the results, and restore the row so that the database has not been changed.

NoSQL Exercises

- A5.

Delete the the row for the person

```
> db.EMP_1.deleteOne({EMP_LNAME: 'Smithfield', EMP_FNAME: 'William', EMP_HIREDATE: '2002-06-22', JOB_CODE: '500'})
{ "acknowledged" : true, "deletedCount" : 1 }
```

Restore the row

```
> db.EMP_1.insertOne({EMP_NUM: 106, EMP_LNAME: 'Smithfield', EMP_FNAME: 'William', EMP_HIREDATE: '2002-06-22', JOB_CODE: '500'})
{
  "acknowledged" : true,
  "insertedId" : ObjectId("60f25761902ab4ef9c05fb9e")
}
```


NoSQL Exercises

- Q6. Create a copy of EMP_1, naming the copy EMP_2. Then write the code that will add the attributes EMP_PCT and PROJ_NUM to its structure. The EMP_PCT is the bonus percentage to be paid to each employee.

NoSQL Exercises

■ A6.

Copy the collection

```
> db.getCollection('EMP_1').aggregate([
... {$out: 'EMP_2'}
... ])
>
> db.EMP_2.find( )
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c57"), "EMP_NUM" : 101, "EMP_LNAME" : "News", "EMP_FNAME" : "John", "EMP_INITIAL" : "G", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1998-11-08", "JOB_CODE" : "502" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c58"), "EMP_NUM" : 102, "EMP_LNAME" : "Senior", "EMP_FNAME" : "David", "EMP_INITIAL" : "H", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1987-07-12", "JOB_CODE" : "501" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c59"), "EMP_NUM" : 103, "EMP_LNAME" : "Arbough", "EMP_FNAME" : "June", "EMP_INITIAL" : "E", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1994-12-01", "JOB_CODE" : "500" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5a"), "EMP_NUM" : 104, "EMP_LNAME" : "Ramoras", "EMP_FNAME" : "Anne", "EMP_INITIAL" : "K", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1985-11-15", "JOB_CODE" : "501" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5b"), "EMP_NUM" : 105, "EMP_LNAME" : "Johnson", "EMP_FNAME" : "Alice", "EMP_INITIAL" : "K", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1991-02-01", "JOB_CODE" : "502" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5d"), "EMP_NUM" : 107, "EMP_LNAME" : "Alonzo", "EMP_FNAME" : "Maria", "EMP_INITIAL" : "D", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1991-10-10", "JOB_CODE" : "500" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5e"), "EMP_NUM" : 108, "EMP_LNAME" : "Washington", "EMP_FNAME" : "Ralph", "EMP_INITIAL" : "B", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1989-08-22", "JOB_CODE" : "501" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5f"), "EMP_NUM" : 109, "EMP_LNAME" : "Smith", "EMP_FNAME" : "Larry", "EMP_INITIAL" : "W", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1995-07-18", "JOB_CODE" : "501" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f25761902ab4ef9c05fb9e"), "EMP_NUM" : 106, "EMP_LNAME" : "Smithfield", "EMP_FNAME" : "William", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "2002-06-22", "JOB_CODE" : "500" }
```

NoSQL Exercises

- Q7. Enter EMP_PCT value for each employee as below.

[illegible]

NoSQL Exercises

- A7.

```
> db.EMP_2.update({EMP_NUM: 101}, {$set: {'EMP_PCT': 5.00}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.EMP_2.update({EMP_NUM: 102}, {$set: {'EMP_PCT': 8.00}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.EMP_2.update({EMP_NUM: 103}, {$set: {'EMP_PCT': 3.85}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.EMP_2.update({EMP_NUM: 104}, {$set: {'EMP_PCT': 10.00}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.EMP_2.update({EMP_NUM: 105}, {$set: {'EMP_PCT': 5.00}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.EMP_2.update({EMP_NUM: 106}, {$set: {'EMP_PCT': 6.20}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.EMP_2.update({EMP_NUM: 107}, {$set: {'EMP_PCT': 5.15}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.EMP_2.update({EMP_NUM: 108}, {$set: {'EMP_PCT': 10.00}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.EMP_2.update({EMP_NUM: 109}, {$set: {'EMP_PCT': 2.00}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
```


NoSQL Exercises

- Q8. Using a single command sequence, write the code that will enter the project number (PROJ_NUM) = 18 for all employees whose job classification (JOB_CODE) is 500.

[illegible]

NoSQL Exercises

■ A8.

```
> db.EMP_2.updateMany( {JOB_CODE: '500'}, {$set: {'PROJ_NUM': 18}})
{ "acknowledged" : true, "matchedCount" : 3, "modifiedCount" : 3 }
```

Check the result

```
> db.EMP_2.find({JOB_CODE:'500'})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c59"), "EMP_NUM" : 103, "EMP_LNAME" : "Arbough", "EMP_FNAME" : "June", "EMP_INITIAL" : "E", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1994-12-01", "JOB_CODE" : "500", "EMP_PCT" : 3.85, "PROJ_NUM" : 18 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5d"), "EMP_NUM" : 107, "EMP_LNAME" : "Alonzo", "EMP_FNAME" : "Maria", "EMP_INITIAL" : "D", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1991-10-10", "JOB_CODE" : "500", "EMP_PCT" : 5.15, "PROJ_NUM" : 18 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f25761902ab4ef9c05fb9e"), "EMP_NUM" : 106, "EMP_LNAME" : "Smithfield", "EMP_FNAME" : "William", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "2002-06-22", "JOB_CODE" : "500", "EMP_PCT" : 6.2, "PROJ_NUM" : 18 }
```

NoSQL Exercises

- Q9. Using a single command sequence, write the code that will enter the project number (PROJ_NUM) = 25 for all employees whose job classification (JOB_CODE) is 502 or higher. When you are done with questions 8 and 9, the EMP_2 table will contain the data as below.

[illegible]

NoSQL Exercises

- A9.

```
> db.EMP_2.updateMany( {JOB_CODE:{$gte: '502'}}, {$set: {'PROJ_NUM': 25}})
{ "acknowledged" : true, "matchedCount" : 2, "modifiedCount" : 2 }
```

Check the result

```
> db.EMP_2.find({JOB_CODE:{$gte: '502'}}).pretty()
{
  "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c57"),
  "EMP_NUM" : 101,
  "EMP_LNAME" : "News",
  "EMP_FNAME" : "John",
  "EMP_INITIAL" : "G",
  "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1998-11-08",
  "JOB_CODE" : "502",
  "EMP_PCT" : 5,
  "PROJ_NUM" : 25
}
{
  "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5b"),
  "EMP_NUM" : 105,
  "EMP_LNAME" : "Johnson",
  "EMP_FNAME" : "Alice",
  "EMP_INITIAL" : "K",
  "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1991-02-01",
  "JOB_CODE" : "502",
  "EMP_PCT" : 5,
}
```

NoSQL Exercises

- Q10. Write the code that will enter a PROJ_NUM of 14 for those employees who were hired before January 1, 1992 and whose job code is at least 501.

[illegible]

NoSQL Exercises

■ A10.

```
> db.EMP_2.updateMany({$and: [{EMP_HIREDATE: {$lt:'1992-02-01'}}, {JOB_CODE: {$gte:'501'}}]}, {$set: {'PROJ_NUM': 14}})
{ "acknowledged" : true, "matchedCount" : 4, "modifiedCount" : 4 }
```

Check the result

```
> db.EMP_2.find({$and: [{EMP_HIREDATE: {$lt:'1992-02-01'}}, {JOB_CODE: {$gte:'501'}}]})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c58"), "EMP_NUM" : 102, "EMP_LNAME" : "Senior", "EMP_FNAME" : "David", "EMP_INITIAL" : "H", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1987-07-12", "JOB_CODE" : "501", "EMP_PCT" : 8, "PROJ_NUM" : 14 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5a"), "EMP_NUM" : 104, "EMP_LNAME" : "Ramoras", "EMP_FNAME" : "Anne", "EMP_INITIAL" : "K", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1985-11-15", "JOB_CODE" : "501", "EMP_PCT" : 10, "PROJ_NUM" : 14 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5b"), "EMP_NUM" : 105, "EMP_LNAME" : "Johnson", "EMP_FNAME" : "Alice", "EMP_INITIAL" : "K", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1991-02-01", "JOB_CODE" : "502", "EMP_PCT" : 5, "PROJ_NUM" : 14 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f246b5f517a84f2ff44c5e"), "EMP_NUM" : 108, "EMP_LNAME" : "Washington", "EMP_FNAME" : "Ralph", "EMP_INITIAL" : "B", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1989-08-22", "JOB_CODE" : "501", "EMP_PCT" : 10, "PROJ_NUM" : 14 }
```

NoSQL Exercises

- Q11. Create a temporary table named TEMP_1, whose structure is composed of the EMP_2 attributes EMP_NUM and EMP_PCT. Copy the matching EMP_2 values into the TEMP_1 table.

EMP_NUM	EMP_PCT
101	5.00
102	8.00
103	3.85
104	10.00
105	5.00
106	6.20
107	5.15
108	10.00
109	2.00

NoSQL Exercises

- A11.

```
> db.EMP_2.aggregate([ {$out: 'TEMP_1'} ])
> db.TEMP_1.updateMany( {}, {$unset: {EMP_LNAME:"", EMP_FNAME:"", EMP_INITIAL:"", EMP_HIREDATE:"", JOB_CODE:"", PROJ_NUM: ""}})
{ "acknowledged" : true, "matchedCount" : 9, "modifiedCount" : 9 }
```

Check the result

```
> db.TEMP_1.find( )
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309c6"), "EMP_NUM" : 101, "EMP_PCT" : 5 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309c7"), "EMP_NUM" : 102, "EMP_PCT" : 8 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309c8"), "EMP_NUM" : 103, "EMP_PCT" : 3.85 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309c9"), "EMP_NUM" : 104, "EMP_PCT" : 10 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309ca"), "EMP_NUM" : 105, "EMP_PCT" : 5 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309cb"), "EMP_NUM" : 106, "EMP_PCT" : 6.2 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309cc"), "EMP_NUM" : 107, "EMP_PCT" : 5.15 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309cd"), "EMP_NUM" : 108, "EMP_PCT" : 10 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309ce"), "EMP_NUM" : 109, "EMP_PCT" : 2 }
```

NoSQL Exercises

- Q12. Write the SQL command that will delete the newly created TEMP_1 table from the database.

NoSQL Exercises

- A12.

```
> db.TEMP_1.drop()  
true
```

Check the result

```
> show collections  
EMP_1  
EMP_2
```


NoSQL Exercises

- Q13. Write the code required to list all employees whose last names start with 'Smith'. In other words, the rows for both Smith and Smithfield should be included in the listing.

EMP_NUM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIREDATE	JOB_CODE	EMP_PCT	PROJ_NUM
106	Smithfield	William	HULL	2002-06-22	500	6.20	18
109	Smith	Larry	W	1995-07-18	501	2.00	HULL

NoSQL Exercises

- A13.

```
> db.EMP_2.find({EMP_LNAME: {$regex: "Smith"}})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309cb"), "EMP_NUM" : 106, "EMP_LNAME" : "Smithfield", "EMP_FNAME" : "William", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "2002-06-22", "JOB_CODE" : "500", "EMP_PCT" : 6.2, "PROJ_NUM" : 18 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309ce"), "EMP_NUM" : 109, "EMP_LNAME" : "Smith", "EMP_FNAME" : "Larry", "EMP_INITIAL" : "W", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1995-07-18", "JOB_CODE" : "501", "EMP_PCT" : 2 }
```

NoSQL Exercises

- Q17. Write the code to find the average bonus percentage in the EMP_2 table you created in question 6.

AVG(EMP_PCT)
6.133333

NoSQL Exercises

- A17.

```
> db.EMP_2.aggregate( [ { $group: {'_id': null, 'avg(EMP_PCT)': { $avg: "$EMP_PCT"}}}] )  
{ "_id" : null, "avg(EMP_PCT)" : 6.133333333333334 }
```

NoSQL Exercises

- Q18. Write the code that will produce a listing for the data in the EMP_2 table in ascending order by the bonus percentage.

NoSQL Exercises

■ A18.

```
> db.EMP_2.aggregate([ { $sort: { EMP_PCT: 1 } } ])
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309ce"), "EMP_NUM" : 109, "EMP_LNAME" : "Smith",
  "EMP_FNAME" : "Larry", "EMP_INITIAL" : "W", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1995-07-18", "JOB_CODE"
  : "501", "EMP_PCT" : 2 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309c8"), "EMP_NUM" : 103, "EMP_LNAME" : "Arbough",
  "EMP_FNAME" : "June", "EMP_INITIAL" : "E", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1994-12-01", "JOB_CODE"
  : "500", "EMP_PCT" : 3.85, "PROJ_NUM" : 18 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309c6"), "EMP_NUM" : 101, "EMP_LNAME" : "News",
  "EMP_FNAME" : "John", "EMP_INITIAL" : "G", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1998-11-08", "JOB_CODE" :
  "502", "EMP_PCT" : 5, "PROJ_NUM" : 25 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309ca"), "EMP_NUM" : 105, "EMP_LNAME" : "Johnson",
  "EMP_FNAME" : "Alice", "EMP_INITIAL" : "K", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1991-02-01", "JOB_CODE"
  : "502", "EMP_PCT" : 5, "PROJ_NUM" : 14 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309cc"), "EMP_NUM" : 107, "EMP_LNAME" : "Alonzo",
  "EMP_FNAME" : "Maria", "EMP_INITIAL" : "D", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1991-10-10", "JOB_CODE"
  : "500", "EMP_PCT" : 5.15, "PROJ_NUM" : 18 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309cb"), "EMP_NUM" : 106, "EMP_LNAME" : "Smithfield",
  "EMP_FNAME" : "William", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "2002-06-22", "JOB_CODE" : "500", "EMP_PCT" :
  6.2, "PROJ_NUM" : 18 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309c7"), "EMP_NUM" : 102, "EMP_LNAME" : "Senior",
  "EMP_FNAME" : "David", "EMP_INITIAL" : "H", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1987-07-12", "JOB_CODE"
  : "501", "EMP_PCT" : 8, "PROJ_NUM" : 14 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309c9"), "EMP_NUM" : 104, "EMP_LNAME" : "Ramoras",
  "EMP_FNAME" : "Anne", "EMP_INITIAL" : "K", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1985-11-15", "JOB_CODE"
  : "501", "EMP_PCT" : 10, "PROJ_NUM" : 14 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("60f4f301df54aab6aa1309cd"), "EMP_NUM" : 108, "EMP_LNAME" : "Washington",
  "EMP_FNAME" : "Ralph", "EMP_INITIAL" : "B", "EMP_HIREDATE" : "1989-08-22", "JOB_CODE" :
  "501", "EMP_PCT" : 10, "PROJ_NUM" : 14 }
```

1: ascending order; -1: descending order

NoSQL Exercises

- Q19. Write the SQL code that will list only the different project numbers found in the EMP_2 table.

NoSQL Exercises

- A19.

```
> db.EMP_2.distinct('PROJ_NUM')  
[ 14, 18, 25 ]
```